

PROVEN Proven Productivity: our promise.

ANNUAL REPORT 2019

PROVEN With Bossard you increase your productivity sustainably: through optimized, lean processes.

Short profile

Bossard is a leading international supplier of product solutions and services in industrial fastener technology. Its product range includes over 1,000,000 fasteners and customer-specific application solutions. In combination with services in the areas of Smart Factory Logistics and Assembly Technology Expert, Bossard enables its customers to increase their productivity sustainably. Success is measurable: Proven Productivity.

With 2,500 employees in 80 locations, the Group reported CHF 876.2 million in sales in 2019. Bossard is listed on the SIX Swiss Exchange.

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You can access the Online Report and the full Annual Report in PDF format at annualreport.bossard.com

AT A GLANCE

Slower growth – vigorous investment activity

Even in the face of deteriorating global market conditions, the Bossard Group again posted growth in the financial year 2019. The more challenging market environment, along with investments in expanding our engineering and Smart Factory Logistics services, brought about a lower annual result.

Key figures

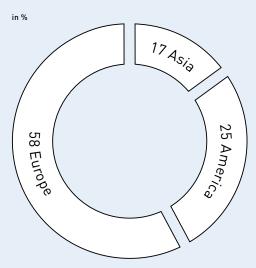
in CHF 1,000	2019	2018
Net sales	876,224	871,070
Change to prior year in %	0.6	10.8
Gross profit	273,253	275,768
Personnel expenses	180,920	176,483
in % of net sales	20.6	20.3
EBITDA	113,612	124,940
in % of net sales	13.0	14.3
EBIT	95,705	108,821
in % of net sales	10.9	12.5
Net income	75,959	85,410
in % of net sales	8.7	9.8
Cash flow 1)	93,866	101,529
in % of net sales	10.7	11.7
Capital expenditures	34,649	27,791
Operating net working capital ²⁾	359,745	333,010
in % of net sales	41.1	38.2
Net debt	187,716	130,162
Shareholders' equity	304,524	309,650
in % of total assets	46.7	51.3
Total assets	652,729	604,094
Return on equity	24.7	29.8
Return on average capital employed (ROCE)	16.8	21.5
Dividend yield in % (Basis: share price at Dec. 31)	2.3	3.2
Earnings per share ^{3] 4]}		
Registered A share in CHF	9.73	10.95
Registered B share in CHF	1.95	2.19
Price/earnings ratio (Basis: share price at Dec. 31)	18.0	12.8
Price/book value per share	4.4	3.4
Annual weighted average number of employees ⁵⁾	2,447	2,307
Net sales per employee 61	358.1	377.6

) Net income + depreciation and amortization

- 2) Accounts receivable, inventories, less accounts payable
- Basis: Average capital entitled to dividend
- 4) Basis: Share attributable to
- shareholders of Bossard Holding AG 5) Average full time equivalent
- 6) Basis: Annual weighted average
- number of employees



Geographic **Sales Distribution**



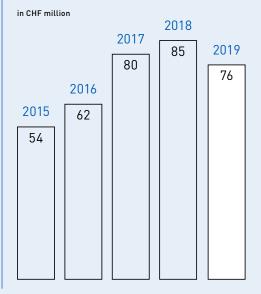
EBIT in CHF million 2018 2017 109 97 2016 2015 79

70

2019

96

Net Income



Cost pressure is forcing many industrial enterprises to focus on leaner processes and cost structures. Together with our customers, we analyze ways and opportunities to optimize costs and reduce lead times, thus boosting efficiency and productivity. Our methods and technologies support this effort and today are core elements of profitable growth for our

customers. With our Assembly Technology **Expert** services, we support our customers with engineering expertise from product design to production. In addition, our Smart Factory Logistics solutions offer our customers not only a smooth and reliable supply of B- and C-parts but also make their production ready for the future.

REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS Solid results in a tough environment

Dear Shareholders,

In a globally challenging market environment, the Bossard Group achieved solid results in 2019. Even though demand was flagging and the Swiss franc was strengthening over the course of the year, Bossard managed to grow sales by 0.6 percent to CHF 876.2 million. Among other things, difficult economic conditions put greater pressure on the product margin. Together with investments in expanding our services in engineering and Smart Factory Logistics, this resulted overall in a lower EBIT of CHF 95.7 million. The EBIT margin amounted to 10.9 percent and hit the targeted range of 10 percent to 13 percent. The Bossard Group achieved a net income of CHF 76.0 million in financial year 2019. Our targeted investment policy, our willingness to invest in future markets, and last but not least our solid balance sheet create a firm basis on which our company can grow profitably in the future.

Respectable growth in Europe

Our committed acquisition policy in recent years contributed substantially to solidifying our market position in Europe. In 2019, we took over the distribution business of the German company Boysen, thus significantly expanding our presence in the aerospace industry. In addition, our acquisition of BRUMA broadened our expertise in the field of highquality fastening solutions in Germany. Pursuing this acquisition policy helped Bossard to increase sales in Europe by 5.6 percent in local currency.

In America, we faced headwinds in 2019. Among other things, the decline in sales was due to lower demand from several major customers partly as a result of the trade dispute between the USA and China. Furthermore, the introduction of its third model series fundamentally changed the product mix of the largest US electric vehicle manufacturer, which had a negative impact on demand for our fastening solutions. To counter this trend and in order to generate new profitable growth, we are confidently focusing on future industrial segments, which are railway, robotics, medical technology and electric vehicles (cars, busses, scooters and battery technology).

In Asia, we reached further, satisfactory growth. We continued to benefit from the investments we have made in recent years to expand and modernize our

infrastructures. In spite of the trade dispute between the USA and China, we recorded high growth rates, particularly in China but also in India and Taiwan.

Investments in growing industry and market segments

Dear Shareholders, acquisitions also pave our way to new, innovative companies and create opportunities to secure markets and industry segments more effectively. Bossard remained true to this strategy in the financial year 2019. We view our acquisition of Boysen as a milestone that has allowed us to substantially expand our position in the aerospace industry. We firmly believe that this sector, with its high quality and reliability requirements, is a perfect fit for Bossard. Bossard undertook appropriate efforts to this end in recent years, acquiring the necessary AS9120 aerospace certification in several countries. This includes the USA, France, Italy, Germany and Switzerland – countries with major aerospace industries and an associated network of suppliers.

Other investments include acquiring a financial stake of 30 percent in the Swiss company Ecoparts, a pioneer in the additive production of metal parts. Ecoparts has extensive expertise in this market of the future, especially in regard to the technologies and materials used. This allows us to support our customers from the design of complex metal and plastic parts all the way to their production. In addition, Bossard is also a competent partner when it comes to selecting suitable 3D printers and associated manufacturing techniques.

In 2019, we also signed a cooperation agreement with SES-imagotag, the global market leader for digital in-store technologies in the retail sector. This cooperation is represented in the joint venture PDi Digital GmbH in which Bossard holds a 30 percent stake. PDi Digital combines Bossard's many years of experience in automated logistics solutions and SES-imagotag's expertise in Electronic Shelf Label (ESL) technologies for the retail industry. The goal is to offer smart logistics solutions to non-industrial sectors.



Assembly Technology Expert – expanding our development partnership with customers

In 2019, Bossard introduced six engineering modules under the name Assembly Technology Expert. Based on our many years of technical experience in fastening technologies, Assembly Technology Expert helps us pursue a strategic cooperation with our customers. We want to show our customers right in the design phase of a new product how to reduce costs for C-parts, streamline product ranges, reduce complexity, and make entire production processes leaner. This results in cost savings that are typically many times higher than the cost of the fasteners used. In keeping with our promise of "Proven Productivity", we thereby make a substantial contribution to increasing our customers' competitiveness.

Digitalization projects – investments in the future

As a company with 188 years of experience, it is important to us to continue to optimize and enhance our business model and to grow in established business areas that perform well. At the same time, we keep an eye out for new areas of development so that we can actively invest in the future.

We remain true to our strategy and invest in digitalization projects following along our proven threelevel concept: products, engineering, and logistics. We are developing a new e-commerce platform to market products more efficiently. To expand our range of engineering services, we are currently working on a new platform using artificial intelligence to substantially increase the speed of the offering process towards our customers for drawing parts. As for customer logistics, we are investing in expanding of our proven Smart Factory Logistics solutions (hardware and software) to make C-parts logistics processes even more intelligent and costefficient.

In addition, we have launched a digital initiative in intelligent assembly designed not only to get fasteners to the right place at the right time but also to ensure the correct assembly sequence as well as a fully digitalized assembly documentation. This helps our customers to avoid mistakes and optimize costs even further. We are also investing in a new core system to bring our IT platform up to the latest state-of-the-art, to further increase our internal efficiency, and to improve our global processes.

These and other digitalization projects do mean higher investments and depreciation and amortization in the short term, but they will contribute significantly to the sustainable development of our company in the medium and long term.

Commitment and confidence

Bossard is a company with a rich tradition and a long history. These projects show how committed we are to ensure our success in the future. To this end, as already mentioned, we have analyzed various business fields where our company will grow in the coming years. Additionally, the global market for fasteners remains extremely fragmented, a fact that accommodates us in our acquisition strategy.

On the whole, we start the new decade with great confidence, even in the face of growing macroeconomic uncertainties. Demand for our products and services is showing solid growth, as evidenced in the capacity-based infrastructure expansions in China and France. Furthermore, our acquisition policy continues to bear fruit, especially in regions and industry sectors where we had little presence in the past. Finally, we are pursuing the digitalization projects mentioned earlier with great commitment and optimism.

On this path into the future, we are fortunate enough to rely on the support of many committed stakeholders, among them our loyal customers, our dedicated employees, our suppliers, and most especially you, our valued Shareholders. Thank you very much for your trust.

Dr. Thomas Schmuckli Chairman of the board of directors

Dr. Daniel Bossard CEO

Zug, February 28, 2020

PROVEN

Proven Productivity has many different aspects. Hundreds of positive reports from customers are evidence of lasting success.

PROVEN Success confirmed by customers

Bossard provides holistic support for its customers over the long term. Consulting services in logistics, engineering and fasteners contribute to a variety of successful outcomes. This is reflected in high quality end products, optimized assembly processes, improved logistics and reduced inventories. All success stories have one thing in common: improved productivity and a boost in competitiveness for our customers.









CWA CONSTRUCTIONS SA/CORP., OLTEN Ongoing advancement thanks to early focus on fasteners.

Based in Olten, Switzerland, CWA produces ropeway cabins for the most beautiful places in the world. As a member of the Doppelmayr Group and a global market leader, CWA produces more than 2,000 cabins per year. From the very beginning Bossard had the opportunity to work with CWA on the development of the new OMEGA V cabin – winner of the "Red Dot Design Award 2019: Best of the Best" – and made significant contributions toward achieving the project goals. Multifunctionality was key in the OMEGA V project. Many connection points must be vibrationand corrosion-resistant, have the right look, and be suitable for automated assembly.







Combining design and technical requirements

Interview with Christoph Sidler, Application Engineer, Bossard AG (on the left in the photo) and Christoph Fuchs, Chief Development, CWA Constructions SA/Corp. (on the right in the photo)



What was the starting point of your collaboration with CWA on the ropeway cabin?

Christoph Sidler: I was very excited when Christoph Fuchs from CWA called me three years ago. We had already worked together on a number of different projects. As a longstanding partner, it was a privilege for us to support the CWA engineers in the early development phase of their new ropeway cabin. The lightweight cabin called for efficient and reliable solutions. For us, the connection points between the individual structural components are among the most critical in the cabin because they are exposed to dynamic loads. The screws that we evaluated, the TAPTITE 2000[®] screws, are screwed into aluminum and offer the highest degree of strength. 28 pieces of these M10×70 threadforming screws secure these connections.

How do fasteners for a modern ropeway cabin have to be designed?

Christoph Fuchs: For a ropeway cabin, reliability is crucial. All fasteners must be dependable under permanent load. So the question we faced was how to design threadforming screws for secure connections. The screws that Bossard recommended have a special zinc flake coating and meet corrosion resistance and lubrication requirements. Using these multifunctional screws in conjunction with a sound design eliminates the need for upstream threadcutting and additional screw locks. As a result, the fastener is not only extremely safe but highly efficient as well.



What type of support did Bossard provide in the design phase?

Christoph Sidler: As part of our Expert Design engineering service, we calculated and specified the dimensions of the screw based on the operating forces that occur. The resulting tightening torque and preload force data was validated in a series of tests using our friction coefficient and screw connection test benches. In addition, the screw-in depth was verified through torsional strength tests. By linking the results, the design dimensions and the screw installation parameters were obtained.

Bossard also helped you streamline the fastener assortment. What does that mean for your processes?

Christoph Fuchs: It is amazing how many surfaces, screw drives, and materials piled up during development. Thanks to Bossard's Expert Assortment Analysis service, we were able to reduce this complexity. Having fewer individual parts not only means less complexity but also shorter assembly times, allowing us to stick to our ambitious cost targets for the new generation of OMEGA cabins. With Bossard, we had exactly the right partner at our side to bring the OMEGA V cabin to market quickly, reliably, and with the highest quality. Ultimately, the OMEGA V is the perfect symbiosis of true identity and genuine innovation.

Where were the cost savings?

Christoph Sidler: The multifunctional fasteners allow us to leverage optimization potentials on various levels. As already mentioned, upstream threadcutting is eliminated. In addition, threadforming increases the load capacity of the female thread, additional lubrication of the screws becomes unnecessary, installation using electric tools is faster, and no more screw locks or adhesives are required. All this, combined with fewer individual parts and a smaller assortment, shortens throughput time considerably. We at Bossard constantly strive to exploit potential for optimization in production.

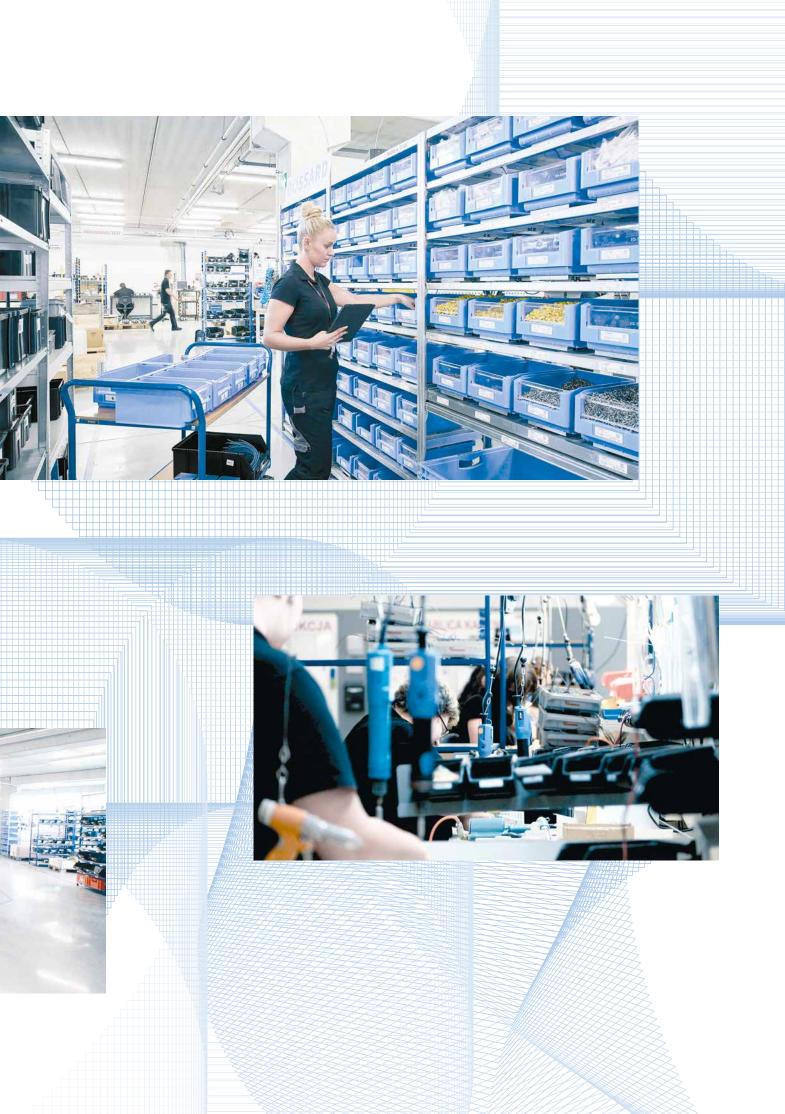




GARO POLAND, STETTIN Smart Factory Logistics reduced inventory by 33 percent.

Garo Poland is the largest manufacturer of charging systems for electric vehicles in Northern Europe. The company is specialized in electrical installations and systems. It offers a range of products, from simple electrical sockets to charging stations for electric and recreational vehicles as well as boats. The state-of-the-art company is committed to innovation and lean management. Garo has used Bossard's SmartBin logistics systems for several years. These systems have played a key role in significantly increasing the efficiency of the production processes.





Exploiting multifaceted optimization potentials

Interview with Milena Gregorczyk, General Manager, Bossard Poland (on the left in the photo) and Marek Samborski, Managing Director, Garo Poland (on the right in the photo)



What does Bossard contribute to lean management at Garo?

Milena Gregorczyk: In the field of C-part management, Garo has been working with Bossard Poland for several years. Seven locations in the production are equipped with Bossard SmartBin systems that manage over 900 different order items. An average of 22,700 fasteners are processed per day. Thanks to these systems and ARIMS, our interactive supply chain platform, material management is leaner and more predictable. This means that the associated processes are always under control.

Which requirements does an efficient logistics system of the "Industry 4.0 generation" need to meet?

Marek Samborski: Our goal is to fully focus on efficient production. To accomplish this, we have to be sure that the right material is available at the right place at any time. The ARIMS platform from Bossard ensures exactly that. Our C-parts are always available just where they are needed. All production orders are transferred to a cloud associated with the smart ARIMS platform. This makes it possible to optimize the generation and sorting of procurement orders. With SmartOrdering, ARIMS offers a range of demand forecasts and improved procurement processes. Ordering and delivery processes can be continuously optimized using artificial intelligence and historical data. The automated processes reduce the workload of our employees and lead to time savings.

How does the automated ordering process work?

Milena Gregorczyk: The individual assembly workstations are equipped with our containers for the C-parts to be processed. These Kanban systems include either weight sensors (SmartBin) or an e-label (SmartLabel). Depending on the materials withdrawn from the containers, fully or semi automated order requests are sent to ARIMS. This platform generates optimized order lists that are forwarded directly to the purchasing department. This ensures that the workplace has a sufficient supply of C-parts, thereby guaranteeing smooth assembly processes. For a company such as Garo, that is a decisive cost factor.



How does Smart Factory Logistics affect production efficiency?

Marek Samborski: The ARIMS platform optimizes the trigger of orders, both in terms of time and quantity. This reduces the workload of our purchasing staff. What is crucial, however, is that we have been able to reduce our inventories by 33 percent. In the end, this means that less capital is tied up, and we are able to focus on our core competencies. As a company with tremendous innovation potential, this is extremely important for us.



Do you see additional optimization potential in Garo's production?

Marek Samborski: Yes, we do. The next step is to optimize the material flow in internal logistics as part of Last Mile Management. This helps intralogistics workers, also referred to as "milk runners" or "water spiders", to distribute their materials as efficiently as possible from the central storage locations to the specific workstations on the assembly line. The responsible logistics worker receives a digital picking list and a digital route plan.

What could Expert Walk service provide on top?

Milena Gregorczyk: It might be interesting to support Garo with our Expert Walk service, one of our six engineering modules. As part of this service, we analyze the production processes with regard to the fasteners used and make suggestions for improvement. Often it is possible to optimize the process through minor adjustments, for example by using a new coating or more suitable material, or by reducing the number of elements used. This allows for an additional boost of efficiency in production.



JOHANN BORGERS GMBH, BOCHOLT Technology tailormade for us.

Since 1866, the name Borgers has been synonymous with top quality textile components. Johann Borgers GmbH focuses primarily on custom solutions for automobiles and commercial vehicles: fittings for the engine compartment, the passenger compartment, the trunk, and the exterior. A variety of fastening methods are used to install these elements. For a luxury SUV, Borgers used Bossard's new MultiMaterial-Welding technology to attach a special loading floor in the trunk.







Breaking new technological ground

Interview with Matthias Mitter, Category Manager Welding, Bossard Group (on the left in the photo) and Mark Maibom, Industrial Engineer Expert, Johann Borgers GmbH (on the right in the photo)



What are the fastening challenges in your automotive field?

Mark Maibom: We produce coverings and absorbers for side walls, trunk loading floors, and rear window shelves, among other things. The spectrum of materials used ranges from thermo- and duroplastic carriers to needle felts, polyurethane films, and genuine leather applications. There are a number of different fixing points for these materials in and on the vehicle. The focus is on new fastening technologies which offer real economic benefits.

How does the MultiMaterial-Welding technology work?

Matthias Mitter: The MultiMaterial-Welding method uses ultrasonic vibration to push thermoplastic fasteners through the top layer of porous sandwich materials without the need for preliminary drilling or processing. This literally takes only a second. The friction between the fastener surface and the component even turns the surface of the fastener into the connecting material. Thanks to its material hardness, the fastener still maintains its shape and can be loaded immediately after the connecting process.

Why did you select this new technology?

Mark Maibom: The MultiMaterial-Welding technology appeared to be tailor-made for us, since so many of our products are based on the porous PUR sandwich components for which the process was developed. Previously, we used conventional joining techniques, but they always involved extra work and limitations. For example, we always had to preand post-process the drill hole or factor in longer hardening and drying times.

How did you approach the development?

Matthias Mitter: Bossard developed this innovative fastening solution together with the Swiss company MultiMaterial-Welding AG (MM-W). Specific material tests were conducted together with the Borgers development team. During the first practical trials, we also calculated the future potential for cost savings.





Can you briefly describe the challenge you encountered in the pilot project?

Mark Maibom: The pilot project involved a lightweight, highly stable trunk loading floor with a paper honeycomb core. This requires a number of fasteners, some of which attach to the chassis of the car and center the loading floor above it. The special challenge was to place the fasteners as close as possible to the edge of the loading floor.

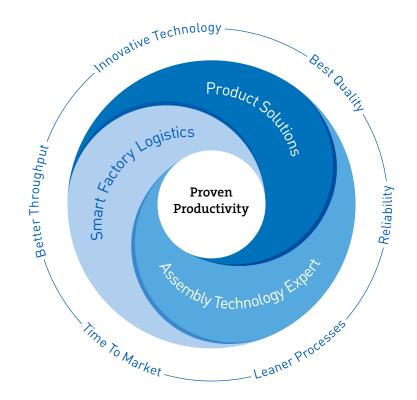
How does the fastening solution you are now using look like?

Matthias Mitter: Because of the specific requirements, Bossard and its partner developed special MM-W pins. We have found a cost-effective solution using self-tapping screws. The MultiMaterial-Welding technology allows these screws to be set close to the edge, directly from above and invisibly. The fasteners are reliable even under heavy loads.

Has the new fastener technology proven itself?

Mark Maibom: We were entering uncharted territory with the MultiMaterial-Welding technology, which is always a risk. That is why we are so pleased that everything went smoothly. The final solution is absolutely convincing, both from a technical and an economic point of view.

BUSINESS MODEL Proven Productivity



Bossard offers fastening solutions and process optimization measures that are proven to deliver the best possible efficiency, thereby reducing costs. In evaluating our services, we rely on facts. They consistently show that by working with us, our customers are able to achieve lasting and measurable productivity improvements. That is why we talk about Proven Productivity.

The interplay of **Product Solutions**, **Assembly Technology Expert** and **Smart Factory Logistics** services gives our customers competitive advantages in six key areas.

Time To Market

Thanks to shorter delivery times, products make it to market faster.

Leaner processes

Systematic time, money, and resource savings reduce overall operational costs.

Better throughput

Advanced logistics systems and lean assembly processes markedly boost efficiency.

Best quality

For our product solutions, we rely on the highest quality combined with comprehensive process consulting. This leads to maximum reliability and predictable planning.

Innovative technology

Our forward-looking solutions are tailored to the very latest requirements of Industry 4.0.

Reliability

We value continuity and this is how we empower and support our team to ensure that we will be there for our customers tomorrow.

Product Solutions

Our fastening solutions are as unique as our customers' products. Sometimes standard fasteners are just right, while in other cases brand solutions or custom fastening solutions get the best results. Bossard has the right solution for every challenge.

Fastening technology catalog products

We have more than 200,000 different fasteners ready to ship from our warehouses: screws, nuts, rivets, washers, electrical fasteners and more.

Customized items

Customized solutions and parts (turned, milled, extruded, stamped and bent parts) for unique technical requirements, manufactured to our customers' specifications.

Bossard ecosyn®

The ecosyn® product line features premium quality fasteners. They are both economical and in sync with the needs of our customers. Smart and safe



quality products based on innovative engineering and designed to make work easier and more efficient.

Brand products

Bossard maintains a carefully selected brand portfolio in cooperation with highly innovative and reliable partners.

"Hidden aspects account for approximately **85 percent** of the total cost of ownership of fasteners. We are reducing them."

Assembly Technology Expert

Our customers develop a diverse range of premium products whose production methods place equally diverse demands on fasteners. Six field-proven Bossard Assembly Technology Expert services help find, test and implement the most suitable fastening solutions based on specific requirements. In addition, they optimize the customer's assembly processes and product assortment and train their employees.

Using this three-step approach, from design to optimization to training, the specialists at Bossard help product designers and engineers meet the most diverse challenges with respect to innovation, process optimization, and efficiency. This leads to a sustainable reduction in production time and costs, increases product safety and quality, and significantly improves our customers' competitiveness.





Smart Factory Logistics

In the world of Industry 4.0, Smart Factory Logistics is a core element for profitable growth. The more precise and smarter factory logistics is, the better companies fare against their competitors.

While our customers fully focus on their core competences, we take care of automating their B- and C-parts management processes, thus ensuring a lean assortment and a smooth supply flow.

Inventory is controlled in real time, and material is delivered directly to the assembly stations thanks to smart order management. All at the right time and in the right place. Lower material handling costs and smaller inventories enable our customers to significantly boost productivity in their production.

Leverage hidden potential

STRATEGY AND HISTORY Solid foundation for further growth

In line with its strategy, the Bossard Group has evolved into a global company over the last several years. A consistent business system combined with a successful business model and a clearly defined performance profile, form a solid foundation for further growth.

Proven Productivity - our promise ...

The strategy for the coming years continues to focus on targeted market development. The core of this strategy is our company's long-time philosophy of Proven Productivity – our market-oriented promise to boost the competitiveness of our customers in a sustainable and measurable way. This philosophy strengthens the bridge of trust between us and our customers day in and day out.

... for a globally fragmented market

The global market in which Bossard is growing is heavily fragmented. As opposed to other sectors and industries, there are no globally dominant players in fastening technology. This high level of fragmentation creates significant opportunities for organic growth. We will exploit these opportunities by continuing to be as close to our customers as possible.

Customer proximity creates growth opportunities ...

For us, proximity goes beyond geography. It also encompasses the primary challenge that keeps our customers awake at night – boosting their competitiveness. The better we understand our customers' perspective on this core challenge and the more indepth we go in analyzing the issues associated with it, the better we can bring our extensive experience and expertise to bear when responding to this challenge.

... and drives our strategic ambition

"We want to be the trusted expert brand providing assembly technology solutions for our customers globally." To turn this vision into reality, we focus on OEM (original equipment manufacturer) customer groups with the aim of supporting them to boost their competitiveness. Thereby, we rely on outstanding services, technical consulting and efficient processes along the entire supply chain.

1831

Franz Kaspar Bossard-Kolin establishes a hardware store.



The hardware business looks for new opportunities.



The hardware business holds on to its local character.

Our strategy for strong high-quality growth

Within the context of our strategic goals, which remain unchanged for 2016 to 2020, we are aiming to achieve sustainable high-quality growth. We want to substantially increase our sales revenue in the coming years to further strengthen and expand our market position. However, volume growth should not come at the expense of profit, which must at least keep pace with revenue. In addition, the invested capital must yield a reasonable return for our investors.

Greater focus on high-end products and solutions

In addition to in-house developments, we continue to rely on worldwide sales agreements with established manufacturers of attractive solutions. Our R&D is advancing the development of new proprietary products and customer-specific application solutions.

On the whole, our Proven Productivity philosophy increasingly targets products and solutions that are proven to give customers lasting added value. This will offer us attractive profit margins. The main focus is on our engineering services and on the development of functional modules that intelligently combine multiple fastening components in a single unit. Overall, we aim to achieve this growth organically. Acquisitions are an option to augment this approach. However, this requires clearly defined requirements with a view toward products and markets.

Market development shows that Bossard is on the right track

Our confidence that we can successfully implement this strategy is well justified. We are starting out in a strong position in both developed and emerging markets. Although highly fragmented markets mean intense competition, they also offer considerable room for growth.

In addition, we are seeing continued industrial consolidation as well as procurement-related concentration in our customer sectors. Thanks to our size and international presence, we are likely to derive betterthan-average benefits from these trends in the coming years.

1987

Bossard is listed on the SIX Swiss Exchange.

Today

Global leading supplier of intelligent solutions for industrial fastening technology.



Bossard sets up a global network.

VALUES AND SUSTAINABILITY Commitment to sustainability across generations

The Bossard Group has been committed to sustainable corporate development for generations. We pursue success based on responsible long-term strategies, thus creating the foundation for economic, social and ecological progress. At the root of this progress is the trust our stakeholders have placed in us for many decades. Our shared values are laid down in a group-wide binding code of conduct. These values are integrity, fairness, compliance, professionalism, responsibility, and transparency. These ethical principles drive all thoughts and actions of the Bossard Group.

In 189 years of sustainable corporate management, the Bossard Group has earned an excellent reputation which we view as a central prerequisite for achieving our corporate goals. The success we have enjoyed is built on the trust our investors, customers, suppliers, employees and the general public place in us. We know from our long history that this kind of reputation is the result of constant hard work and must be cultivated each and every day. One misstep can quickly tarnish our valuable reputation. That is why we have developed a comprehensive code of conduct that all Bossard employees, and especially new employees, can use as a guidepost.

Our code of conduct is based on the core values of integrity, fairness, compliance, professionalism, responsibility, and transparency. As a global multicultural group of companies with activities in industrial centers throughout the world, we need a framework that represents our shared understanding of ethical business practices. At the same time, we are committed to adapting the code as business and regulatory needs dictate.

Integrity and responsibility

Integrity in our code of conduct means that we respect, in all ways, the interests of our stakeholders – investors, customers, suppliers, employees and authorities – and attempt to harmonize them as best as possible. In so doing, we also wish to contribute to social harmony within and outside the company. By responsibility, we mean meeting our responsibilities and assuming responsibility for our actions. Our policy is to only make promises we can keep. Fairness, too, is one of our core values: we treat all our stakeholders with respect. We promote equal opportunity in our company and foster a working environment that is free from discrimination and harassment of any kind. All employees, regardless of position, gender, age, life situation, sexual orientation, nationality, race or religion, are entitled to equal opportunities and prospects.

Respect for laws and regulations

At Bossard, compliance with all legal provisions is a matter of course. We acknowledge the importance of all relevant national laws as well as internal and external regulations, guidelines and standards, and we comply with them. Bossard's history plainly shows that we follow this ethical principle to the letter. Nowhere in the world do we have a conflict with authorities or public interest groups. Furthermore, the Bossard code of conduct dictates that every violation be met with appropriate sanctions. Any wrongdoing must be reported immediately to the responsible supervisor, executive committee or – if appropriate - to the CEO. Reports are confidential and can be made anonymously. These strict conditions are designed to safeguard our reputation, which represents our most valuable asset: Bossard stands for integrity and fairness.

Professionalism is another part of our core values. We staff our teams with motivated, performanceand solution-oriented individuals, regardless of position, gender, age, life situation, sexual orientation, nationality, race or religion. Recruiting is strictly professional and follows detailed guidelines. Every job has a clear requirements profile that is carefully scrutinized and, if need be, modified each time a job is filled.

Transparency and constructive dialog

In addition, Bossard is committed to the core value of transparency. We maintain an open and constructive dialog with all stakeholders, a dialog informed by fairness, respect and professionalism. One example is our disclosure policy for investors and financial markets that establishes the basis for a fair valuation of Bossard shares. The board of directors endeavors at all times to keep shareholders appraised of new strategic directions and to lay out the concomitant financial commitments in a transparent way. In recent years, this disclosure policy resonated highly with the financial markets and contributed to increased valuation of our company.

In summary, Bossard is well aware of its great responsibility to its employees and external stakeholders. The standards we set for our executives and employees through the mandatory Bossard code of conduct are commensurately high. The great value Bossard places on this code is also reflected in the successful development of our Group. Our goal is sustainable profitability that enables us to implement our strategies, drive long-term investments, pay our employees fairly, and generate attractive returns for our shareholders. Our code unequivocally states: "We value compliance with our core ethical values even more highly than making a profit. Profit making should never be a justification for breaking the law, shirking responsibility or taking unreasonable risks."

United Nations sustainability principles

Beyond the code of conduct, Bossard also upholds the sustainability principles of the United Nations Global Compact. These ten principles revolve around the core issues of human rights, labor standards, environmental protection and anti-corruption. All of them aim to encourage change in business processes and to promote sustainability along the entire value and supply chain. In accordance with the UN initiative, Bossard remains committed to its fight against child labor and forced labor of any kind. This underscores our resolute stance against all types of corruption - as set forth in the code of conduct - including extortion and bribery. One of the three ecological principles of the UN initiative is to take a precautionary approach and to encourage the development and spread of environmental-friendly technologies. And finally, the initiative opposes all human rights violations - a principle shared by the Bossard Group, as described previously.

Bossard evaluates risks and business opportunities with a view towards the health and safety of its employees, suppliers, and other individuals affected by its business activities. We comply with the ISO 26000 standard and use it as a guideline for social responsibility, thus contributing to sustainable and forward-looking growth.

Sustainable and profitable growth

The statements concerning our code of conduct reflect Bossard's strong commitment to sustainable corporate growth. We are deeply convinced that only a corporate strategy aligned with sustainability and acceptable to all stakeholders can succeed in the long term. Bossard's very successful growth over recent years flows from this strategy. We have pursued new activities in demanding markets while consolidating our business foundation in all crucial regions of the Group. In spite of the high financial cost of this strategy, the profit curve of the Bossard Group continues to trend upward. This performance is reflected in above-average profitability, which ultimately benefits all stakeholders.

Our strategy does not pursue short-term profit maximization because such an approach could threaten the company's long-term stability. Our financial resources are handled with appropriate caution and purpose. We invest only in areas that promise longterm gains for the Bossard Group. Our goal is sustainable value growth and reasonable returns for our investors. In pursuing this goal, Bossard gains the necessary entrepreneurial freedom of action and secures the company's independence.

In recent years, the Bossard Group has made substantial investments in new capacities and acquisitions. We were able to achieve a smooth implementation of this ambitious expansion policy because we involved all the relevant stakeholders in every project. This consensus-based policy is a core element of our successful strategy, and we are convinced it also creates a viable foundation for the future of our company.

Successful acquisition policy

Our approach to acquisitions exemplifies this consensus-based growth strategy. Bossard has taken over several businesses in Europe and North America in recent years, consolidating the Group's market position in a sustainable manner. The interests of all stakeholders were a major factor during the implementation of this strategy. This approach allowed us to integrate the acquired companies into the Bossard corporate structure to everyone's advantage, thus securing us access to new know-how. We are proud that we never had to resort painful and costly restructuring that would almost certainly have led to job losses. Today, the employees we gained through acquisitions play a crucial role in expanding our business in Europe and America.

Finally, our strategy of sustainable growth has contributed to Bossard's above-average profitability compared to its peers in the industry – year after year. The acquisitions we made did not weigh us down. Instead, they created added value for all stakeholders. We maintain a constructive and open dialogue with all stakeholders, characterized by fairness, respect and professionalism.

Reliability without compromise

It is our aim to go beyond the needs of our customers and give them maximum added value. Bossard is therefore committed to superior quality management and ongoing process improvement.

Suppliers as partners

This sustainable strategy also characterizes our cooperation with suppliers. We expect excellence from the manufacturers of our top-quality fastening solutions. Bossard relies on cooperative relationships, superior attention to quality, and a fair price policy. We continually and systematically optimize our global procurement network, thus securing access to innovative solutions.

We demand from our suppliers the same performance that we strive to offer our customers: competence, quality and reliability at the highest level. It is important that we see our suppliers as partners and not as competitors. Only through healthy cooperation with innovative suppliers can we deliver excellent products to our customers. We develop longterm successful partnerships based on this fairnessoriented win-win approach. Mindful of our high standards, we are therefore very selective when choosing new suppliers. New suppliers must also sign our code of conduct, thus documenting their respect for Bossard's values.

Respect for customers

Fairness and mutual respect underpin our customer relationships. We strive to focus on our customers' most important needs and respond to them with customized and reliable solutions.

All our stakeholders, and especially our customers, benefit from our uncompromising commitment to quality, because it is what makes our products better and more competitive. It goes without saying that our quality-consciousness does not make us the most inexpensive supplier on the market. Our goal is to deliver the best products and services at competitive prices – which, in turn, help customers reduce their total cost of ownership. Our innovative fastening and logistics solutions can make a substantial contribution to boosting our customers' productivity and hence their competitiveness. In short, we want to be a strong and competent partner whose creative solutions, highest quality standards and customer proximity set us apart from the rest.

Strict selection promotes sustainability

Bossard does not manufacture industrial products itself. Our entire range of more than 1,000,000 products is manufactured by specialized third parties utilizing our engineering expertise for fastening solutions. Establishing relationships with all suppliers based on the highest standards makes it possible to achieve major advancements in sustainability and especially environmental protection.

Specifications for improved environmental protection

To promote greater awareness of environmental issues, we have defined various requirements for our suppliers based on the ISO 14001 series of environmental standards. These environmental standards are intended to inspire continuous process improvement. For Bossard, this primarily means that we painstakingly analyze the production processes of our industrial suppliers. Furthermore, we check whether packaging meets ISO standards and we promote the use of recyclable materials. Bossard also wants to contribute to lower energy consumption by optimizing transport streams.

One of Bossard's core issues in the area of environmental protection is cutting material consumption and reducing waste. With our Proven Productivity know-how, we help to streamline logistics and production processes and realize substantial savings with every customer and supplier project. Leaner processes save resources, capital and time, thus increasing margins and competitiveness. In this respect, Proven Productivity is a measurable contribution to solidifying the competitiveness of all companies involved on a sustainable basis.

Strict selection process

Compliance with environmental standards also plays a role in our recruitment of new industrial suppliers. We require that our suppliers use environmental-friendly production processes in accordance with ISO 14001 standards. If multiple suppliers are being considered for a contract, compliance with such standards can be the deciding factor. Over decades, Bossard has built up a broad network of 3,800 suppliers in Europe, America and Asia. Acceptance into this network is based on clearly defined quality criteria. A new supplier must submit to multiple selection processes per ISO 9001 to be approved as a Bossard Group partner. Selection criteria include factory audits to gather information on the production environment, manufacturing processes, machinery and expertise of the individuals involved. These preliminary evaluations and inspections are even more complex for potential new suppliers we deem strategically significant. Any new cooperation gets the green light only after all stages of the selection process have been successfully passed. Every unit in the Group can access all the collected data related to the approval of a new supplier on our internal information system.

Increasing level of performance

This comprehensive screening process creates a stable basis for maintaining the high standards of the Bossard Group. This selection process also helps us to continuously improve our own level of performance in every aspect. Because we are increasingly rolling out our business model in exacting industry sectors such as automotive and aerospace production, selection based on strict criteria is even more important. Against this backdrop, Bossard feels compelled to continuously develop new and more exacting quality standards for suppliers.

Bossard's code of conduct is also an element in the selection process in which we review the social climate of the suppliers. The code specifies detailed principles important to us for a responsible human resources policy. In particular, we do not tolerate any form of discrimination, harassment or reprisals toward employees. We promote equal opportunity regardless of position, gender, age, life situation, sexual orientation, nationality, race or religion. Bossard does not work with companies that do not align themselves with these standards. In addition, we require that the executives of our partner companies monitor compliance with these values and that they themselves model these values in front of their employees.

We rely on cooperative relationships, high quality awareness and a fair pricing policy.

Proven expertise around the globe

Bossard's 14 test laboratories in Europe, America and Asia use cutting-edge measuring and testing equipment to ensure reliable quality assurance and flawless product quality. Our customers benefit from certified processes, documented safety and proven testing competence.

Our wide range of tests include for example:

- Tensile tests and proof load tests
- Drive tests and torsional strength tests
- Tear-off tests
- Coefficient of friction tests
- Hardness measurements
- Coating thickness measurements
- Optical 3D measurements
- Environmental simulation tests (corrosion resistance tests)
- Spectral analyses
- Microscopic analyses and measurements of surface roughness



Our employees: the key to our success

The Bossard Group largely owes its success to the dedication, knowledge and creativity of its 2,500 employees. With their skills and expertise, these individuals make a critical contribution to the success of our company. For this reason, our human resources policy has always been focused on the long term. We attribute great importance to the professional and personal development of our employees and ensure they share in our success. We therefore strive to promote employee retention over the long term and to offer professional development opportunities whenever possible.

Time and again our corporate history has underscored the great value we place in our employees. We are not interested in increasing profitability through lay-offs. On the contrary, we pursue success by continuously improving and expanding our range of products and services together with our employees. Our employment policy has led to the continuous growth of the Group over the last number of years as well as to a steady increase in the number of employees. In other words, Bossard is growing with its employees and not in conflict against them. We have proven that this approach can result in a respectable increase in profitability.

An attractive employer across the Group

Bossard has always accepted its social responsibilities – a fact acknowledged by the public. It is this commitment that makes us a desirable employer throughout Switzerland and well beyond. This reputation is a major opportunity for us because it allows us to consistently recruit highly qualified professionals.

The Bossard Group has grown continuously over the last several years. The number of employees has grown commensurately in the last ten years, from 1,400 to 2,500. We were able to successfully integrate many new colleagues thanks to our corporate culture, which is based on mutual trust as a prerequisite for employee loyalty. In spite of the major changes throughout the Group, there has been no turmoil or conflict in the last ten years that would have challenged our culture. Our sustainable growth strategy, which permits only the amount of growth that the company can successfully manage, is also reflected in the satisfaction of our workforce. Our employees know that their dedication pays off for our company.

Employees at all levels share in the company's success. Individual salaries are based primarily on personal performance. We foster entrepreneurial thinking and action through fair and competitive compensation based on targets and individual performance. In addition to a fixed pay component, we offer different profit-linked compensation systems that support our winning spirit.

From hiring ...

Careful selection and integration of employees is the basis for long-term retention. We create a framework for fair employment conditions. During recruitment, duties, requirements and processes are communicated clearly and transparently. We see the careful onboarding of new employees as an important foundation for long-term successful cooperation and ultimately for our company's successful development.

... to continuing education as strategic investment

Bossard highly values the quality of education and training of its employees. We foster line, specialist and project careers as well as the exchange of knowledge throughout the Group. Whenever possible, we recruit new managers from within our own ranks. For us that is the best path to maintaining our high standards into the future. All members of our executive committee have had long careers within the company – evidence of the opportunities for advancement and change that provide significant motivation for employees.

Cross-divisional training is important to us. Indepth knowledge of our internal workflows and our complete product range promotes understanding and tolerance among the employees, making it easier for individuals to make valuable contributions.

We are proud of our interactive online learning program developed in-house. Tailored to each target group, it consists of 290 individual chapters with nearly 2,000 images and drawings that convey the current state of knowledge in fastening technology, Bossard's core competence.

Leadership and guidance

Our managers are responsible for working together with employees to achieve ambitious goals. We encourage initiative, motivation and quality-consciousness as virtues that will secure our future in increasingly demanding markets. It is important to us that employees at Bossard know our values and ideals, identify with them and help to give them life. In our view, leadership is based on respect, honesty, fairness and consistency towards employees. At Bossard, cooperation is characterized by openness, trust and mutual appreciation.

Direct and open communication

Bossard believes that it is extremely important for employees to know the entire Group's long-term goals and strategies and share in their pursuit. Conversely, managers know the expectations and goals of employees and motivate them to work together towards the promise of success. We firmly believe in a corporate culture in which employees can develop their skills.

Our communication, both internal and external, is direct, transparent and timely. This is important because dealing with one another openly engenders greater enthusiasm, creativity and efficiency.

In this way, Bossard promotes understanding for and acceptance of business decisions. To this end, we practice an open door policy. Constructive criticism is not only allowed, it is encouraged. In regular employee surveys, we identify the strengths and weaknesses of our company and learn about the wishes and suggestions of our employees. This feedback is a valuable source of information for improvements.

Bossard families – committed to sustainability since 1831

The Bossard families have been Bossard Group shareholders since 1831. Now in their seventh generation, they actively participate in managing the company and currently hold seats on the board of directors and the executive committee. The members of the Bossard family act as role models of sustainability and promote corporate development oriented towards the long term and to the benefit of all stakeholders across all business regions of the Bossard Group. For generations, the Bossard families have demonstrated their special commitment to the areas where they live and where the Bossard Group is doing business. The Kolin Group and the Alice & Walter Bossard Foundation continue to support charitable, cultural and social projects in the region of Zug and at the 80 Bossard Group locations around the world.

We achieve our success by continuously improving the range of products and services together with our employees.

RISK MANAGEMENT Systematic risk monitoring and reduction

The aim of risk management is to identify potential risks at an early stage and avoid or substantially limit them through suitable measures. Bossard's risk management approach is an integral part of its group-wide planning, control and monitoring system and is regularly reviewed by the executive committee. Each year, the board of directors and executive committee reassess the situation with a view toward strategic and operational risks.

In annual meetings, we examine all business activities and balance sheet items for potential risks, using a standardized process. Each identified risk is assessed in terms of the possible loss that would be incurred should the damaging event occur. From the results, we then derive targets and effective steps to be taken to mitigate the risks. The results of the risk process are summarized in a report to the board of directors and executive committee. The Group's risk management process is continuously documented and checked for effectiveness. The Group financial management department coordinates the revision of the risk documentation from a central location.

Low supply risk as a result of large network

Supply bottlenecks can occur when our suppliers are working close to capacity during times of above-average demand. Risks can also arise from working with suppliers and when the price of raw materials fluctuate. We counter these risks with tactical and preventive measures in our procurement activities by continuously assessing the market situation and by maintaining a sufficient level of stock. In taking these steps, we ensure that the required volume and quality of fastening parts are available in order to avoid production shutdowns on the part of our customers. Steel, chromium, nickel and different alloys are the most important raw materials for fasteners. Because we purchase finished products, we can not hedge against price increases. We have an extensive supply portfolio of more than 3,800 manufacturers worldwide and rely on long-term relationships with various suppliers in Europe, America and Asia. Our large network of suppliers enables us to minimize supply risks. Diversification also reduces the risk of negative consequences resulting from political upheavals or currency fluctuations.

Systematic quality monitoring

Quality assurance constantly faces new challenges as our customers' requirements continue rising and ever stricter regulations apply, which is why we have developed appropriate systems and testing standards. Quality assurance measures are performed in close cooperation with our procurement team and suppliers. We also check our suppliers' technical and economic performance. Deviations and defects identified during quality testing are continuously analyzed, documented and discussed with our suppliers, thereby minimizing qualityrelevant risks from the very beginning.

Responding to sales risks through diversification

Regional and global economic developments impact our business environment and can lead to high price and volume fluctuations in the sales markets. We therefore closely monitor economic developments in the individual countries in order to minimize sales risks. We counter this risk with a wide range of products and a customer portfolio that covers a broad spectrum of industrial sectors and regions of the world.

IT protection is a high priority

Unauthorized data access, data abuse and system failure can seriously disrupt operating processes. To prevent this, we use technical measures such as access authorization, virus scanners, firewalls and backup systems. Our IT systems are continuously monitored and updated in order to meet the latest requirements. We have an emergency concept that includes daily backups and data mirroring. Detailed internal policies govern how we use hardware and software.

Minimizing financial risks

Given its international operations, the Bossard Group is exposed to various financial risks; these comprise exchange rate, interest rate, credit, liquidity and capital risks. The individual risks are minimized through stringent controls and monitoring. One of the central tasks to reduce financial risk within the Group is coordinating and managing financial requirements as well as ensuring financial independence. The aim is optimal capital procurement and liquidity management via cash pooling in order to meet payment liabilities. Financial risk management is described in detail on pages 91/92.

Bossard Group's risk policy also includes a comprehensive and efficient insurance scheme to protect against risks. This is achieved with the help of an international insurance program against third-party liability, property damage and business interruption. On the whole, risks that could negatively impact the Group's further development can not be entirely ruled out. Such risks include, for example, war, terror attacks, acts of God and pandemics. Our testing laboratories are equipped worldwide with the most modern measuring and testing equipment. They guarantee reliable product quality for our customers.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Bossard Group's organizational structure derives from international standards for corporate management. The Group's corporate bodies and management follow the Directive on Information relating to Corporate Governance of SIX Swiss Exchange as well as the "Swiss Code of Best Practice for Corporate Governance" of economiesuisse.

The organizational structure of the Bossard Group is based on clear delimitation of tasks, competencies and responsibilities between the board of directors and the executive committee. The functions of the chairman of the board of directors and of the chief executive officer (CEO) are held by two different persons, so that the separation of powers is guaranteed. This report is prepared according to the Directive on Information relating to Corporate Governance (DCG) of SIX Swiss Exchange dated March 20, 2018. Unless otherwise indicated, all information applies as at December 31, 2019. The principles and rules on corporate governance are set out in the rules and regulations of Bossard Holding AG, i.e. in the articles of association of Bossard Holding AG (articles of association), in the organizational and business regulations of Bossard Holding AG (OBR), in the regulations of the board's committees, in the code of conduct and in the resolutions of the board of directors. The rules are regularly reviewed by the board of directors and adapted to current requirements (articles of association most recently in 2017 – proposed revision of the articles of association at the annual general meeting of shareholders in 2020, OBR and regulations of the board's committees most recently in 2015).

Group structure and shareholders

Group structure

Bossard Holding AG, the parent company of the Bossard Group, is a joint-stock company under Swiss law with its registered office in Zug. Bossard Holding AG is the only listed company belonging to the group of consolidated companies. It has a direct or indirect interest in the companies listed in the financial report, note 34. Bossard Holding AG (Swiss securities no. 23862714, ISIN CH0238627142/BOSN) is listed on the SIX Swiss Exchange. Its stock market capitalization as at December 31, 2019 was CHF 1,344.4 million (2018: CHF 1,065.6 million). The Group's structure aims to provide optimum support for its business activities within an efficient legal, financial and strategic framework. This means that the structure should be as simple as possible and also transparent to anyone outside the Group. The Bossard Group operates in industrial fastenings technology and generates its entire revenue in this market segment. Further information regarding the group structure are set out in the notes to the financial report, namely in note 1, 16 and 17.

Significant shareholders

The following shareholders held more than 3 percent of the total voting rights in Bossard Holding AG as at December 31, 2019:

The Kolin Group – a shareholder group as per article 120seq. of the Swiss Federal Act on Financial Market Infrastructures and Market Conduct in Securities and Derivatives Trading (FMIA) – consisting of Kolin Holding AG, Zug, and Bossard Unternehmensstiftung, Zug, owns 56.3 percent (2018: 56.1 percent) of total voting rights and 27.9 percent (2018: 27.8 percent) of capital entitled to dividend (with notifications on October 3, 2019 and on October 5, 2019 due to changes in the composition of the shareholder group). Kolin Holding AG is wholly controlled by the Bossard families. This shareholder group does not include shares without pooled voting rights, which are held by individual members of the Bossard families outside this shareholder group.

The disclosure notifications in relation to shareholdings in Bossard Holding AG are published on the electronic publication platform of SIX Swiss Exchange and can be accessed via the search function of the disclosure office via the following link: www.six-exchange-regulation.com/en/home/ publications/significant-shareholders.html

Bossard Holding AG is not aware of any other shareholders or groups of shareholders that held 3 percent or more of the total voting rights of Bossard Holding AG as at December 31, 2019.

Cross-shareholdings

There are no cross-shareholdings with other companies.

Changes in the articles of association

The board of directors proposes a revision of the articles of association to the annual general meeting of shareholders on April 8, 2020. The detailed information regarding the changes are outlined in the invitation to the annual general meeting of shareholders. The invitation can be accessed via the following link:

www.bossard.com/en/about-us/investor-relations/ annual-shareholders-meeting/

Capital structure

Share capital

As at December 31, 2019 the ordinary share capital of Bossard Holding AG totaled CHF 40,000,000, of which CHF 33,250,000 share capital relates to registered A shares and CHF 6,750,000 to registered B shares.

Authorized and conditional capital

Bossard Holding AG holds 298,162 registered A shares (2018: 370,000) in reserve. These reserve shares can be used for management participation plans, acquisitions or other purposes in the interest of the company and carry no voting rights and are not entitled to dividends. Other than this, Bossard Holding AG does not hold any authorized or conditional capital.

Changes in capital in the last three years

There were no changes in capital in the last three years.

Shares

The share capital of Bossard Holding AG is CHF 40,000,000. It is divided into 6,650,000 registered A shares with a nominal value of CHF 5 per share and 6,750,000 registered B shares with a nominal value of CHF 1 per share (voting right shares). The share capital is fully paid up. With the exception of the own registered A shares held by Bossard Holding AG, (i) each registered share entered in the share register with voting rights is entitled to one vote (see also limitations on transferability and nominee registrations) and (ii) each registered share is entitled to a dividend. The measurement of voting rights by the number of registered voting right shares is not applicable for individual decisions specified in article 16 of the articles of association. Only registered A shares are listed on the SIX Swiss Exchange under the Swiss Reporting Standard (formerly Domestic Standard). Registered B shares are wholly owned by Kolin Holding AG. As at December 31, 2019, Bossard Holding AG held 304,640 own registered A shares (including the 298,162 reserve shares mentioned under authorized and conditional capital) that represent 2.273 percent of the total shares of Bossard Holding AG. 6,478 (0.048 percent) of these shares are held by Bossard Holding AG as sales positions related to grants made under its management participation plan. For further details, please refer to the compensation report and note 15 and 19 of the financial report.

Participation and profit-sharing certificates

Bossard Holding AG has not issued any participation or profit-sharing certificates.

Limitations on transferability and nominee registrations

Limitations on share transferability

According to article 7 of the articles of association, the transfer of registered B shares is always subject to the approval of the board of directors, irrespective of the form in which these shares were issued. The board of directors may reject such a request for good reason – primarily to protect the purpose of the company and to maintain its economic independence (article 9 of the articles of association). In particular, this includes the transfer of registered B shares to a competitor and a fiduciary transfer, if the acquirer does not inform the board of directors in writing at its first request that she or he is acquiring the shares concerned in her or his own name and for her or his own account. Furthermore, the board of directors may refuse its approval if it offers to the seller or acquirer of the registered B shares that it will acquire these shares for the account of the company, other shareholders or third parties for at least their actual value at the time the request was made (article 8 of the articles of association). If there is good reason to do so, the board of directors may grant exceptions to these rules (no exceptions have been granted in the reporting year 2019). However, transfer requests containing incorrect information

must always be rejected; a new, corrected request may subsequently be submitted (article 9 of the articles of association). For the incorporation or tightening of transferability restrictions, at least two-thirds of the votes represented and an absolute majority of the represented nominal share value are required a decision. The provisions also apply for registered B shares, which are acquired (subscribed) by the exercise of subscription, option or conversion rights, and for the establishment of usufruct of registered B shares.

Nominee registrations

According to article 6 of the articles of association, the acquirer of a registered A share is entered in the share register with voting rights provided that she or he confirms that this share is held in her or his own name and for her or his own account.

Up to a registration limit of 0.5 percent of the total number of registered A shares entered in the commercial register, anyone who does not expressly state that she or he is acting on her or his own account shall be acknowledged as being a nominee with voting rights. Beyond this registration limit, anyone who makes known to Bossard Holding AG the name, address and/or registered office of the person for whose account she or he holds more than 0.5 percent of the total number of registered A shares entered in the commercial register, shall be acknowledged as being a nominee with voting rights. Otherwise the acquirers of registered A shares shall be acknowledged or registered as shareholders without voting rights. The board of directors makes the necessary arrangements for the acknowledgement and registration of acquirers of registered A shares, and particularly also of nominees. These provisions also apply to registered A shares that have been acquired by exercising subscription, option or conversion rights as well as to the creation of rights of usufruct to registered A shares.

Outstanding bonds and options

Bossard Holding AG currently has no bonds or convertible bonds outstanding. Information on conditional rights to receive registered A shares of Bossard Holding AG (outstanding options resp. Restricted Stock Units/RSUs) according to the management participation plan that is offered to selected members of the management of the Bossard Group is disclosed in the compensation report (section 6) and in note 19 of the financial report. Further detailed information can be accessed on the electronic publication platform of the SIX Swiss Exchange via the following link: www.six-exchange-regulation.com/en/home/

publications/significant-shareholders.html? companyId=BOSSARD

Board of directors

Members of the board of directors

As at December 31, 2019, the board of directors of Bossard Holding AG consisted of eight non-executive members. David Dean was CEO of the Bossard Group from 2005 to April 2019. None of the other members of the board of directors previously sat on the executive committee.

The board of directors had the following members as at December 31, 2019:

Name	Function	Appointed
Dr. Thomas Schmuckli	Chairman	2007
Anton Lauber	Deputy chairman	2011
Dr. René Cotting	Member	2015
Martin Kühn	Member	2018
Prof. Dr. Stefan Michel	Repr. of registered A shares	2014
Maria Teresa Vacalli	Member	2013
Patricia Heidtman	Member	2019
David Dean	Member	2019

At the annual general meeting of shareholders on April 8, 2019, Daniel Lippuner resigned from his position as member of the board of directors (personal information on Daniel Lippuner can be found in the annual report 2018 (page 46) via the following link: www.bossard.com/en/about-us/investor-relations/ financial-reports/). Patricia Heidtman and David Dean were newly elected to the board of directors.

Other activities and vested interests

Dr. Thomas Schmuckli, Anton Lauber and Martin Kühn were proposed for election by the majority voting rights shareholder, Kolin Holding AG, Zug, and were elected to the board of directors of Bossard Holding AG. Dr. Thomas Schmuckli is a member of the Bossard family, which has 100 percent control over Kolin Holding AG. The members of the board of directors do not perform any activities outside of the Bossard Group other than the mandates listed on pages 44 to 49 and therefore do not have any significant business relationships with Bossard Holding AG or one of the subsidiaries. Furthermore, they do not have any other significant external interests.

Allowed number of mandates

According to article 44 of the articles of association, a member of the board of directors may at the same time take on a maximum of 15 mandates outside the Bossard Group, of which a maximum of five may be in listed companies and an additional ten mandates which she or he exercises pro bono. If the mandates assumed relate to legal entities that belong to the same group or are similarly related in terms of management, these mandates are considered a single mandate. There are no restrictions on the number of mandates (i) for mandates assumed in legal entities that are directly or indirectly controlled by Bossard Holding AG or that directly or indirectly control Bossard Holding AG, or (ii) if, in exercising the function for the Bossard Group, a mandate in another, related legal entity is exercised. The actual number of additional mandates are listed on pages 44 to 49.

Elections and terms of office

According to the articles of association, the board of directors consists of at least five members. The chairman of the board of directors and the other members of the board of directors are elected by the annual general meeting of shareholders for a period of one year (until the next ordinary annual general meeting of shareholders is held). Members are elected on an individual basis. The annual general meeting of shareholders also elects the chairman of the board of directors. There are no statutory limits to the term of office; members may be re-elected. According to the OBR, however, a member of the board of directors shall offer to step down at the annual general meeting of shareholders following her or his 70th birthday. Each category of shareholders, namely the holders of registered A shares as a group are entitled to one seat on the board of directors. Having been elected for the first time in 2011, Prof. Dr. Stefan Michel was re-elected in 2019 as the representative of the holders of registered A shares (he was elected for the first time in this role in 2014); holders of registered B shares with voting rights did not take part in this election. Generally speaking, the majority of board members should be external members with no executive functions in the company. David Dean exercised executive functions in the 2019 reporting year. None of the other members of the board of directors exercised any executive functions in the Bossard Group.

The following table shows the year in which each member was first elected to the board of directors as well as their function as at December 31, 2019:

Name	Function	First elected
Dr. Thomas Schmuckli	Chairman ¹⁾	2000
Anton Lauber	Deputy chairman ^{2]}	2006
Prof. Dr. Stefan Michel	Repr. of registered A shares ³⁾	2011
Maria Teresa Vacalli	Member 4]	2013
Dr. René Cotting	Member 5)	2015
Martin Kühn	Member 6]	2018
Patricia Heidtman	Member 7]	2019
David Dean	Member	2019

1) Chairman of the nomination committee (NC), member of the audit, risk & compliance committee (ARCC)

- Member of the compensation committee (CC), member of the nomination committee (NC)
- Chairman of the compensation committee (CC), member of the nomination committee (NC)
- As at April 8, 2019 member of the audit, risk & compliance committee (ARCC)/ until April 7, 2019 member of the compensation committee (CC), member of the nomination committee (NC)
- 5) Chairman of the audit, risk & compliance committee (ARCC)
- 6) Member of the audit, risk & compliance committee (ARCC)
- 7) As at April 8, 2019 member of the compensation committee (CC), member of the nomination committee (NC)

Until April 7, 2019, Daniel Lippuner in his position as member of the board of directors (first elected 2015) has been member of the audit, risk & compliance committee (ARCC).

Internal organization

Allocation of duties within the board of directors

The board of directors of the Bossard Group is ultimately responsible for the Group's business policy and management. It is the company's highest management body and is entitled to make decisions on all matters which, by law, through the articles of association and/or under the regulations of Bossard Holding AG, are not the responsibility of the annual general meeting of shareholders, or which it has not transferred to other bodies through regulation or decision.

The board of directors has the following non-transferable and inalienable main tasks (article 23 of the articles of association):

- ultimate direction of the company, namely establishing the goals and policy, defining the resources available for same and the priorities, and issuing the instructions required for implementation
- determining the organizational structure
- defining finance and accounting as well as financial planning and control
- appointing and dismissing the CEO and other members of the executive committee and adopting provisions governing authorized signatories
- maintaining ultimate supervision of the CEO and other members of the executive committee
- exercising rights of participation from and to shareholdings/investments
- drawing up the annual report and the compensation report, preparing the annual general meeting of shareholders and implementing its resolutions
- notifying the judge in the event of excessive indebtedness
- adopting resolutions on subsequent payment of capital with respect to not fully paid-up shares
- adopting resolutions regarding the approval of capital increases and the resulting amendments to the articles of association

Committees

To assist it in its duties, the board of directors has established three permanent committees:

the audit, risk & compliance committee (ARCC)

- the nomination committee (NC)
- the compensation committee (CC)

These committees prepare specific issues for discussion by the board of directors. The overall intrinsic responsibility of the board of directors is not affected by the activities of these committees or by any delegation of tasks to them. Ad hoc committees can be formed to deal with specific or time-limited projects or issues. Currently, Anton Lauber provides support with innovation and Maria Teresa Vacalli together with the audit, risk & compliance committee provides support with IT development. Unless otherwise stipulated by the articles of association, the board of directors defines the composition, duties, competencies and compensation for these committees in the relevant regulations, which are periodically reviewed by the respective committee and are amended in accordance with any proposed amendments submitted to the board of directors by the latter. With exception to the CC, the board of directors may dismiss any of the committees it has appointed at any time.

Certain duties and competencies are assigned to the chairman of the board of directors alone.

The board of directors has additionally delegated operational management and overall leadership of the Bossard Group as well as the related duties and competencies to the CEO. In turn, the CEO is authorized to arrange further delegation.

Detailed information on the division of duties within the board of directors can be found in the OBR, which is available via the following link: www.bossard.com/en/about-us/investor-relations/ corporate-governance/organization-regulations/

Working methods of the board of directors

The board of directors normally meets six to eight times per year, but is available to discuss matters at short notice should this be required. A member of the board of directors may request that additional meetings be convened by providing written justification to the chairman of the board of directors. The duration of board and committee meetings depends on the respective agenda. In 2019, a total of five fullday board meetings were held, as well as a threeday retreat and two conference calls. The board of directors holds a retreat once a year, which lasts for several days and is used for analyzing the strategic risk/opportunities mix and for fundamentally reviewing the strategy and its development. In 2019, this three-day retreat was held in Shanghai, China. The board of directors met with representatives of the expanded executive committee to actively discuss the procurement market in Asia, the market region Asia and the opportunities and possibilities offered to the Bossard Group. The focus was drawn to the organization and the Asian sales and procurement market, each with an emphasis on China. Apart from its regular meetings, the board of directors is given monthly updates on the Bossard Group's financial development.

Board of directors	Function	Participa- tion 2019
Dr. Thomas Schmuckli	Chairman	8/8
Anton Lauber	Deputy chairman	8/8
Dr. René Cotting	Member	7/8
Martin Kühn	Member	8/8
Prof. Dr. Stefan Michel	Repr. of registered A shares	8/8
Maria Teresa Vacalli	Member	8/8
Patricia Heidtman 1)	Member	5/5 3)
David Dean ¹⁾	Member	5/5 43
Daniel Lippuner ²⁾	Member	3/3

1) Election to the board of directors in April 2019

2) Resignation from the board of directors in April 2019

Participation in the first three meetings in 2019 as a guest in her role as future member of the board of directors
 Destribution is a first three meetings in 2010 in his former for the sector.

 Participation in the first three meetings in 2019 in his former function as CEO of the Bossard Group

The chairman invites the members to the meetings in writing, enclosing the agenda and any relevant documents. The invitations are sent out at least seven days before the meeting. Each member of the board of directors may request the chairman to add further items to the agenda. The meeting is presided by the chairman of the board or, in his absence, by the deputy chairman. The board of directors is quorate if the majority of its members is present. The board of directors makes decisions based on an absolute majority of the votes cast. Each member of the board of directors has one vote. If a vote is tied, the chairman has the casting vote. Minutes must be taken detailing the negotiations and decisions of the board of directors; these minutes must be approved by the board of directors. In particularly urgent cases the chairman may require the board to reach a decision by conference call. Such decisions must be included in the minutes of the next board meeting. To ensure that the board of directors receives sufficient information to reach decisions, it invites the CEO, the CFO and – if necessary – other members of the executive committee, members of staff or third parties to attend meetings.

The chairman, the CEO, the CFO and other representatives of the executive committee meet regularly to discuss fundamental corporate matters. These include the Group's strategy, medium-term financial, operational and succession planning, organizational issues and market consolidation. If there is a conflict of interests, the board or executive committee members concerned abstain from voting.

The board of directors evaluates and assesses its own performance at regular intervals (most recently in January 2020) – of each individual member as well as of the board as a whole – and determines, if necessary, actions to take to improve the in- and output.

Composition/working methods of the board's committees

The functions of the three permanent board committees are primarily analytical, advisory and supervisory. They also have decision-making authority in certain individual cases.

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BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Dr. Thomas Schmuckli-Grob (1963) Swiss citizen

Swiss citizen



- Chairman of the board of directors since 2007
- Chairman of the nomination committee since 2007
- Member of the audit, risk & compliance committee since 2002
- Member of the board of directors since 2000
- Secretary to the board of directors from 1997 to 2000

Professional background

Dr. Thomas Schmuckli-Grob currently works as a professional board member. Between 1993 and 2013, he held various management positions in the General Counsel division of Credit Suisse Group, initially in the Leu Bank Group and then from 1998 with a break at Credit Suisse. From 2005 to 2007, he headed the legal department of Corporate & Institutional Clients at Credit Suisse in Zurich, followed by Legal and Compliance Asset Management in Zurich (2007 to 2013). From 2000 to 2005, he was head of process and product management at Zuger Kantonalbank.

Educational background

- Studied law (LLB and LLD) at the University of Fribourg
- Accredited lawyer and notary in Zug
- Management studies at the University of Zurich
- Further studies at the IMD, Lausanne, at the HSG, St. Gallen, and at the University of Zurich

- Chairman of the board of directors of Credit Suisse Funds AG, Zurich
- Member of the board of directors of the MultiConcept (Luxembourg) S.A., Luxembourg (a company of the Credit Suisse Group)
- Member of the board of directors of the Hans Oetiker Holding AG, Horgen
- Chairman of the board of directors of the Patria Genossenschaft, Basel
- Member of the board of directors of Helvetia Holding AG, Basel/St. Gallen, and two subsidiaries

Anton Lauber (1951) Swiss citizen



- Member of the compensation committee since 2018
- Member of the nomination committee since 2018
- Deputy chairman of the board of directors since 2011
- Member of the board of directors since 2006

Professional background

Anton Lauber works as a professional board member since 2012. From 2008 to 2011, he headed the Schurter AG, the Schurter Group's Electronic Components division in Lucerne as a delegate of the board of directors of Schurter AG. From 1993 to 2008, he was CEO of Schurter AG and from 1996, he was the delegate of the board of directors of Schurter AG, where he worked as the head of production and technology between 1988 and 1992. Prior to that, he managed the Generator Plant of ABB Switzerland. In the course of his professional activities, Anton Lauber gained experience in emerging markets, in particular in India, China, Brazil and Malaysia.

Educational background

 Degree in mechanical engineering and various post-degree diplomas awarded by the University of St. Gallen, IMD in Lausanne and the Lucerne University of Applied Sciences and Arts

- Member of the board of directors of Fr. Sauter AG, Basel; CTC Analytics AG, Zwingen
- Chairman of the board of directors of Hightech Zentrum Aargau AG, Brugg
- Chairman of the board of directors of Voegtlin-Meyer AG, Brugg
- Chairman of the board of directors of Thermalbad Zurzach, Bad Zurzach
- Vice president of the board of directors of ThermalBaden AG, Baden
- Chairman of the council of the Lucerne University of Applied Sciences and Arts
- Member of the foundation board of Förderstiftung Technopark Aargau, Brugg

Dr. René Cotting (1970) Swiss citizen



- Member of the board of directors since 2015
- Chairman of the audit, risk & compliance committee since 2015

Professional background

Dr. René Cotting has held various positions in Switzerland and abroad for the ABB Group since 1995. From 2013 until the end of May 2017, he was CFO of ABB Switzerland. On March 1, 2017, he was named Head of Operation, Innovation and R&D for the ABB Group and Chairman of ABB Technology Ventures. In the course of his professional activities, René Cotting gained experience in emerging markets, in particular in India, China and Poland.

Educational background

- Degree in economics and social sciences and doctorate from the University of Fribourg/Freiburg, Switzerland
- Further studies at the IMD, Lausanne, Switzerland
- Further studies at the Harvard Business School, Boston, USA
- Further studies at Kellogg School of Management Northwestern University, Evanston, USA
- Further studies at MIT Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, USA
- Further studies at Wharton Business School, San Francisco, USA

- Vice president of the board of directors of AVADIS
 Vorsorge AG, Zurich
- Member of the foundation board committee and economic advisory board of Switzerland Innovation, Bern
- Member of the foundation board of ABB Jürgen Dormann Foundation for Engineering Education, Baden
- Member of the board of CCI Cotting Consulting AG, Tafers

David Dean (1959) Swiss citizen



- Member of the board of directors since 2019

Professional background

David Dean was CEO of the Bossard Group from 2005 to 2019. He was with Bossard since 1992 and served as CFO of Bossard Group from 1998 to 2004. Between 1990 and 1992, he was corporate controller and a member of the executive committee of an international logistics group. From 1980 to 1990, he worked for PricewaterhouseCoopers AG in various management functions in auditing and business consulting. In the course of his professional activities, David Dean gained experience in emerging markets, in particular in India, China, Malaysia, Thailand, Taiwan and South Korea.

Educational background

- Swiss certified management accountant/controller
- Swiss certified public accountant
- Executive education at Harvard Business School in Boston and at IMD in Lausanne

Other activities and vested interests

- Member of the board of directors of Komax Holding AG, Dierikon; Burckhardt Compression Holding AG, Winterthur; Agta Record AG, Fehraltorf; Haag-Streit Holding AG, Köniz; Brugg Group AG, Brugg
- Member of the USA Chapter Board at the Swiss American Chamber of Commerce, Zurich

Patricia Heidtman (1973) Dual Swiss-US citizen



- Member of the board of directors since 2019
- Member of the compensation committee since 2019
- Member of the nomination committee since 2019

Professional background

Patricia Heidtman is working for SIKA since her studies and is a member of the SIKA management team since 2017. She currently heads the research & development team for thermoplastic systems in Sarnen, Switzerland. Prior to this, Patricia Heidtman spent around 14 years in the USA, most recently as head of innovation management for products, processes and developments for the automotive industry.

Educational background

- Master of Science ETH Zurich
- Executive Education at London Business School and at IMD in Lausanne

Martin Kühn (1976) Swiss citizen



- Member of the board of directors since 2018
- Member of the audit, risk & compliance committee since 2018

Professional background

Since 2010 Martin Kühn is working for the KIBAG Group in Zurich, since 2014 as CFO and member of the executive committee. He is responsible for finance, ICT, human resources, real estate, KIBAG Marina and the technical services of the construction and building materials company. From 2002 to 2010, he had been employed at PricewaterhouseCoopers AG national and international as an auditor and M&A consultant for industrial clients. Prior to that, he worked two years for UBS.

Educational background

- Business economist FH
- Swiss certified public accountant

Other activities and vested interests

- Member of the board of directors of Kannewischer Ingenieurbüro AG, Cham; Runwaysafe AB, Gothenburg, Sweden
- Member of the foundation board of the pension fund of KIBAG Group, Zurich
- Member of the foundation board of the employee foundation of KIBAG Group, Zurich
- Member of the audit commission of the Bürgergemeinde Zug

Prof. Dr. Stefan Michel (1967) Swiss citizen



- Chairman of the compensation committee since 2015
- Member of the nomination committee since 2015
- Representative for holders of registered A shares since 2014
- Member of the board of directors since 2011

Professional background

Prof. Dr. Stefan Michel is a professor for marketing and service management and director of the executive MBA at the IMD Business School in Lausanne, Switzerland since 2008. Between 2003 and 2008, he was as a professor at the Thunderbird School of Global Management in Arizona, USA. Prior to this, he taught as a professor at the Lucerne University of Applied Sciences and Arts, managed a family-run hotel and worked at Bank Leu in Zurich.

Educational background

- Degree in economics and doctorate in marketing at the University of Zurich

- Owner of Business School Press AG, Zug
- Chairman of the foundation board of the Swiss Association for Marketing GfM, Zurich
- Member of the foundation board of the IMD, Lausanne (school representative)

Maria Teresa Vacalli (1971) Swiss citizen



- Member of the audit, risk & compliance committee since 2019
- Member of the board of directors since 2013

Professional background

Maria Teresa Vacalli is CEO (Chief Executive Officer) of Bank Cler in Basel since September 2019. From 2018 until 2019, she was CDO (Chief Digital Officer) and Member of the Management Board of Basler Kantonalbank in Basel. From 2016 until 2018, she was CEO of Moneyhouse in Rotkreuz. Between 2008 and 2016, she has directed the wholesale unit at Sunrise Communications AG, Zurich, and was appointed executive director in 2014. Between 2002 and 2008, she worked in various executive positions at UPC Schweiz GmbH (formerly upc cablecom GmbH), Zurich. Before that, she had been employed in managerial posts in different companies.

Educational background

- Graduate in plant and production engineering at the ETH Zurich

Other activities and vested interests

- Chairman of the board of directors of Keen Innovation AG, Basel

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Audit, risk & compliance committee (ARCC)

The ARCC consists of at least three members elected by the board of directors from among its members, for a period of office lasting from one ordinary annual general meeting of shareholders until completion of the next ordinary annual general meeting of shareholders. As at December 31, 2019, the members of the ARCC were Dr. René Cotting (chairman), Dr. Thomas Schmuckli, Martin Kühn and Maria Teresa Vacalli. The ARCC meets at least three times per year: in the summer, to define the scope and key points of the annual audit with the audit company, in late fall to discuss the findings from the main audit and the existence and effectiveness of the internal control system (ICS), and in February, to discuss the result of the audit of annual accounts. These meetings are attended by the chairman of the board of directors (unless she or he is already a member of the ARCC), the CFO, the Group controller and at least one representative of the external auditors. The CEO, other members of the executive committee and other persons (internal or external) may be invited to attend the meetings, depending on the agenda. The minutes of these meetings are circulated to all members of the board of directors, the CFO and the CEO, as well as to those who attended the meeting. In addition, the ARCC regularly reports on its activities to the board of directors at meetings of the latter. In 2019, the ARCC held three meetings. On average, the meetings lasted half a day. A conference call was also held.

Audit, risk & compliance committee	Function	Participa- tion 2019
Dr. René Cotting	Chairman	4/4
Martin Kühn	Member	4/4
Dr. Thomas Schmuckli	Member	4/4
Maria Teresa Vacalli 1)	Member	2/3
Daniel Lippuner ²⁾	Member	1/1

1) Member since April 2019

2) Member until April 2019

The ARCC ensures that the board of directors is informed of all matters that could significantly impact the financial situation of the Bossard Group and the business environment. The primary duty of the ARCC is to support the board of directors in its ultimate supervisory role and in its financial management activities. In particular, with the assistance of the external auditor it reviews the structures and processes in the area of finance and accounting, thus ensuring that financial reporting and audit activities are transparent and comply with the related legislation. The ARCC also evaluates the effectiveness of the ICS, risk management and compliance with tax-related and other statutory and regulatory provisions as well as corporate ethics. Furthermore, the ARCC works closely together with the external auditor and evaluates the performance, independence and remuneration of the external auditor. The board of directors has drawn up in the rules and regulations of the audit, risk & compliance committee the detailed regulations on the areas of activity and competencies of the ARCC. To date, the board of directors has refrained from creating an internal audit unit.

Compliance

The board of directors is kept continuously informed of all major matters affecting the compliance principles. The statutory auditors additionally inform the board of directors on reports it has received on matters of a legal nature. An evaluation of such reports received in 2019 did not reveal anything new but confirmed what the board of directors already knew. Ultimate supervision of compliance matters rests with the board of directors.

Nomination committee (NC)

The NC consists of at least three members elected by the board of directors from among its members, for a period of office lasting from one ordinary annual general meeting of shareholders until completion of the next ordinary annual general meeting of shareholders. The representative of the A shareholder group on the board of directors is entitled to a seat on the NC. As at December 31, 2019, the members of the NC were Dr. Thomas Schmuckli (chairman), Prof. Dr. Stefan Michel, Patricia Heidtman and Anton Lauber. The NC meets as required, but at least twice a year. Normally also the CEO and the chairman of the board of directors (unless she or he is already a member of the NC) attend the meeting. Other members of the executive committee and other persons (internal or external) may be invited to attend the meetings, depending on the agenda.

The minutes of these meetings are circulated to all members of the board of directors and the CEO, as well as to those who attended the meeting. The NC also regularly reports to the board of directors at the latter's meetings on its activities and, at least once a year, in detail on the progress of the nomination process. In 2019, the NC met twice; these meetings lasted each three hours. In addition, one conference call was held.

Nomination committee	Function	Participa- tion 2019
Dr. Thomas Schmuckli	Chairman	3/3
Anton Lauber	Member	3/3
Prof. Dr. Stefan Michel	Member	3/3
Maria Teresa Vacalli 1)	Member	1/1
Patricia Heidtman ²⁾	Member	2/2 3]

1) Member until April 2019

2) Member since April 2019

 Participation in the first meeting in 2019 as a guest in her role as future member of the board of directors

The NC prepares all relevant business with regard to the nomination of members at strategic and operational management levels of the Bossard Group for the meetings of the board of directors and has the following main tasks:

- periodically reviewing the composition of the board of directors
- developing criteria and requirement profiles for election/re-elections to the board of directors, the CEO and, in collaboration with the CEO, the other members of the executive committee
- supporting the board of directors in implementing selection processes for the nomination of candidates for the board of directors and, in collaboration with the CEO, the executive committee
- providing possible training to the board of directors in relation to its duties
- ensuring succession planning for members of the board of directors, the executive committee and, in collaboration with the CEO, the deputies on the executive committee
- developing annual objectives to be submitted to the board of directors for the CEO (in collaboration with the chairman of the board of directors), defining the annual objectives of the other members of the executive committee and assessing the performance of the CEO and the other members of the executive committee (with the assistance of the chairman of the board of directors and the CEO). If necessary, the NC requests from

the board of directors measures to improve performance

 submitting applications concerning the election and dismissal of members of the board of directors of the more important Group companies

The board of directors has drawn up in the nomination committee regulations the detailed regulations on the areas of activity and competencies of the NC.

Compensation committee (CC)

The CC consists of at least three members of the board of directors individually elected as members of the CC by the annual general meeting of shareholders for a period of office until completion of the next ordinary annual general meeting of shareholders. Subject to election by the annual general meeting of shareholders, the representative of the A shareholder group on the board of directors is entitled to a seat on the CC. Prof. Dr. Stefan Michel, Anton Lauber and Patricia Heidtman were elected to the CC at the annual general meeting of shareholders on April 8, 2019. The board of directors appointed Prof. Dr. Stefan Michel as the chairman of the CC. The CC meets as required, but at least twice a year. The members of the executive committee and other persons (internal or external) may be invited to attend the meetings, depending on the agenda. Normally, the CEO attends the meetings of the CC. The minutes of these meetings are circulated to all members of the board of directors and the CEO, as well as to those who attended the meeting. The CC also regularly reports to the board of directors at the latter's meetings on its activities and, at least once a year, in detail on the progress of the compensation process. In 2019, the CC held two meetings, each lasted half a day as well as an additional meeting of two hours.

Compensation committee	Function	tion 2019
Prof. Dr. Stefan Michel	Chairman	3/3
Anton Lauber	Member	2/3
Maria Teresa Vacalli 1)	Member	1/1
Patricia Heidtman ²⁾	Member	2/2 3)
Dr. Thomas Schmuckli	Minutes/no voting rights	3/3

Participa

1) Member until April 2019

2) Election to the compensation committee in April 2019

 Participation in the first meeting in 2019 as a guest in her role as future member of the board of directors The CC prepares all relevant business with regard to the compensation of members at strategic and operational management levels of the Bossard Group for the meetings of the board of directors and has the following main tasks:

- developing the general remuneration principles and the remuneration system for the board of directors, the CEO and the other members of the executive committee for the board of directors to make a decision on
- developing the guidelines governing the structure of the occupational pension scheme for the CEO and the other members of the executive committee for the board of directors to make a decision on
- periodically reviewing the compensation system and proposing any necessary changes to the board of directors
- preparing the annual compensation report to be submitted to the board of directors for the annual general meeting of shareholders and, where applicable, preparing other reports as requested
- submitting proposals concerning the compensation of the individual members of the board of directors, the CEO and the other members of the executive committee
- checking and approving employment contracts as well as other agreements with members of the executive committee
- if the CC considers necessary, the assignment, the supervision and the critical evaluation of the results of advisers or the comparison with third party companies regarding the compensation practices

The board of directors has drawn up in the compensation committee regulations detailed regulations on the areas of activity and competencies of the CC.

Division of responsibility

The division of responsibility between the board of directors and the executive committee is defined in the OBR in accordance with article 23, paragraph 2 and article 25 of the articles of association. These describe the non-transferable and inalienable duties which are vested in the board of directors by law, and also govern the duties and powers of the executive committee. The OBR define the duties and competencies of the board of directors, the chairman of the board of directors and the CEO. The CEO is entitled to delegate tasks.

Furthermore, the OBR lay down the procedures to follow in the event of a conflict of interests: a member of the board of directors and/or executive committee must abstain from voting if matters are discussed which touch on that member's personal interests or the interests of an individual or legal entity associated with the member.

Regulations on the division of responsibility are set out in the OBR. These are available via the following link: www.bossard.com/en/about-us/investor-relations/ corporate-governance/organization-regulations/

Information and control instruments with regard to the executive committee

The board of directors ensures that the executive committee establishes and maintains an internal control system (ICS), which is adapted to the dimensions of the Bossard Group and the risks involved in its business activities. The external auditors review the existence of the ICS as part of its annual audit and submit an annual report to the board of directors. The company renounces from carrying out its own internal audit at present.

Each member of the board of directors may request information concerning all matters relating to Bossard Holding AG. The board of directors receives monthly updates on the Group's financial development. It receives a written monthly report consisting of the income statement, various balance sheet items and the main key figures. The information is based on the internal management information system and includes the current and budget data as well as regular projections based on current trends and expectations.

This written report is supplemented at each board meeting by verbal reports from the executive committee. In special cases the CEO informs the board of directors about the specific issue promptly in writing and/or verbally. The chairman of the board of directors also maintains regular contact with the CEO and the CFO and is informed by them about all business transactions and matters of fundamental importance. Outside the meetings of the board of directors, each member can request information from persons responsible for management concerning the course of business and, with authorization from the chairman, individual transactions.

Executive committee

Members of the executive committee

The board of directors has delegated the management of the company to the CEO. He is responsible for the company's operational management. The CEO has delegated individual tasks to the members of the executive committee. Supervision and control of the executive committee is the responsibility of the CEO. The executive committee handles matters relevant to the management of the Bossard Group and is the forum for systematic exchange of information. After consultation with the executive committee, the CEO develops the strategic initiatives of the Group to enable the corporate objectives to be achieved.

The executive committee had the following members as at December 31, 2019:

Name	Function	Joined company	Appointed
Dr. Daniel Bossard	CEO	2000	2019
Stephan Zehnder	CFO	1996	2005
Beat Grob	CEO Central Europe	1995	2006
Dr. Frank Hilgers	CEO Northern & Eastern Europe, CCO	2012	2019/ 2015
Steen Hansen	CEO America	2001	2008
Robert Ang	CEO Asia	1997	2009

With press release on January 29, 2018, the Bossard Group announced that CEO David Dean will be stepping down as of the annual general meeting of shareholders 2019. Dr. Daniel Bossard, member of the executive committee, has been unanimously elected by the board of directors as successor (transition as at May 1, 2019). David Dean was elected as member of the board of directors at the annual general meeting of shareholders 2019. The board of directors has appointed Dr. Frank Hilgers to take over the area of responsibility from Dr. Daniel Bossard (business units in the northern and eastern European economic area) as at May 1, 2019 (press release dated June 26, 2018). In addition, Dr. Frank Hilgers will continue to have the group-wide responsibility for the category management.

Other activities and vested interests

The executive committee members do not perform any other activities outside the Bossard Group apart from the mandates listed on pages 54 to 56. Furthermore, they do not have any other significant vested interests. Beat Grob and Dr. Daniel Bossard are members of the Bossard families, which have 100 percent control over Kolin Holding AG. Beat Grob is chairman of the board of directors of Kolin Holding AG. Dr. Daniel Bossard resigned as a member of the board of directors of Kolin Holding AG as at January 29, 2018. Individual members of the executive committee carry out executive functions at Bossard Holding AG subsidiaries.

Allowed number of mandates

According to article 44 of the articles of association, a member of the executive committee may at the same time take on a maximum of five mandates outside the Bossard Group, of which a maximum of three may be in listed companies and an additional five mandates which she or he exercises pro bono. If the mandates assumed relate to legal entities that belong to the same group or are similarly related in terms of management, these mandates are considered a single mandate. There are no restrictions on the number of mandates (i) for mandates assumed in legal entities that are directly or indirectly controlled by Bossard Holding AG or that directly or indirectly control Bossard Holding AG, or (ii) if, in exercising the function for the Bossard Group, a mandate in another, related legal entity is exercised. The actual number of additional mandates are listed on pages 54 to 56.

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EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Dr. Daniel Bossard (1970) Swiss citizen



Group CEO since 2019

Professional background

From 2009 to 2018, Dr. Daniel Bossard was CEO Northern and Eastern Europe. From 2006 to 2008, he served as sales & marketing manager of Bossard Group and was responsible for the reorientation of Bossard's sales strategy as well as the development of international customer relations. From 2003 until 2006, he was CEO of Bossard Denmark. Dr. Daniel Bossard joined Bossard in 2000 as an e-business manager, after having worked as a consultant for Accenture (formerly Andersen Consulting).

Educational background

 Business administration degree from the University of St. Gallen, with postgraduate studies leading to a doctorate in technology management (Dr. oec. HSG)

Other activities and vested interests

- Chairman of Bossard Unternehmensstiftung, Zug (Resignation June 2019)

Stephan Zehnder (1965) Swiss citizen



Group CFO since 2005

Professional background

From 1996 to 1997, Stephan Zehnder was a controller in Bossard's corporate finance unit. In 1998, he took over the function of corporate controller of Bossard Group, remaining in this position until the end of 2004. Prior to this, he was employed by various international companies in functions concerned with finance and controlling.

Educational background

 MBA in Finance from the Graduate School of Business Administration, Zurich and the University of Wales

Other activities and vested interests

Member of the board of directors of Sun Shares
 Trading & Consultancy Private Limited, New Delhi,
 India

Beat Grob (1962) Swiss citizen



CEO Central Europe since 2006

Professional background

Beat Grob joined Bossard in 1995 as a project manager in logistics; the following year, he became head of logistics for Bossard Group. From 2005 to 2016 he was managing director of Bossard Switzerland.

Educational background

- Degree in law from the University of Zurich
- Postgraduate MBA from the University of San Diego, USA

Other activities and vested interests

- Chairman of the board of directors of Kolin Holding AG, Zug
- Member of the board of directors of Aeschbach Holding AG, Zug
- Member of the foundation board of Bossard Unternehmensstiftung, Zug
- Member of the board of directors of Imbach & Cie AG, Nebikon

Dr. Frank Hilgers (1966) German citizen



CEO Northern & Eastern Europe since 2019 Group CCO since 2015

Professional background

Dr. Frank Hilgers has been CEO Northern and Eastern Europe since May 2019. Since 2015, he has been responsible for the group-wide management of branded products and high quality fastening solutions (Chief Category Officer, CCO). He has also headed the business units of KVT-Fastening since 2012. From 2009 to 2012, he was a member of the KVT-Koenig management team responsible for sales, product management and the fastening systems division. During his employment at Continental between 2007 and 2009, he was in charge of all national organizations of the spare parts business and key account management in the Commercial & Special Vehicle area. From 2004 to 2007, Dr. Frank Hilgers headed Group Strategy and Corporate Development at Siemens VDO Automotive and was instrumental in the turnaround and sale of this Siemens segment. As senior manager for strategy, Dr. Frank Hilgers headed major international projects at Accenture (formerly Andersen Consulting) from 1997 until 2004, and was responsible for automotive suppliers and the shareholder value initiative in the German speaking countries.

Educational background

- Degree in chemistry and doctorate from the University of Stuttgart
- Executive MBA from Kellogg School of Management Northwestern University (Accenture Program), Evanston, USA

Other activities and vested interests

 Member of the advisory board of enersis suisse AG, Bern

Steen Hansen (1959) Citizen of the USA



CEO America since 2008

Professional background

From 2006 to 2008, he served as the president of Bossard IIP, Cedar Falls, Iowa. He was responsible for the Group's logistics between 2004 and 2006, having joined Bossard in 2001 as head of logistics for Bossard Denmark. Prior to joining Bossard, he filled various management positions, the last being supply chain manager at Nomeco Denmark, a leading wholesaler for pharmaceuticals.

Educational background

- Bachelor degree in technology management and marine engineering at the Technical University of Denmark
- MBA from the ETH in Zurich

Other activities and vested interests

- Member of the board of directors of National Association of Wholesales (NAW), Washington DC, USA
- Member of the board of directors of Kryton Engineered Metals, Cedar Falls, USA
- Member of the board of directors of Hectronic USA Corp., Chesapeak, USA

Robert Ang (1963) Citizen of Singapore



CEO Asia since 2009

Professional background

From 2005 until 2009, Robert Ang was responsible for Bossard Greater China (China, Taiwan) and prior to that, the Southeast Asia region. From 1997 until 1999, he was CEO of Bossard Singapore. Robert Ang managed his own company from 1994 until it was acquired by Bossard in 1997. He spent the four years prior as a product manager for Conner Peripherals and Optics Storage Pte Ltd. in Singapore. Between 1986 and 1989 he worked as a buyer at Printronix AG.

Educational background

- Diploma from the Thames Business School, Singapore
- Diploma in mechanical engineering from Singapore Polytechnic
- MBA from the Lee Kong Chian School of Business, Singapore

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Management contracts

There are no management contracts between the Group and companies or persons to whom management tasks have been delegated.

Compensation, participations and loans

This information is provided in the compensation report.

Shareholders' participation rights

Shareholders' participation rights are defined solely according to the Swiss Code of Obligations (OR) and the articles of association. The articles of association are available on the Bossard website via the following link:

www.bossard.com/en/about-us/investor-relations/ corporate-governance/articles-of-association/

Voting right restrictions and representation (articles 16 to 18 of articles of association)

Registered B shares are voting right shares. At the annual general meeting of shareholders each share registered with voting rights is entitled to one vote. The voting rights for registered A shares may be exercised by anyone entered in the share register as the owner or beneficiary. A shareholder entitled to vote can have her- or himself represented at the annual general meeting of shareholders by the independent proxy, or – with written power of attorney – by any other person. Legal representatives do not require a written power of attorney. In the invitation to the annual general meeting of shareholders, the board of directors shall make known the date by which the shareholders may issue their powers of attorney and instructions to the independent proxy, including by electronic means. Shareholders can issue a special instruction to the independent proxy for each motion announced on the agenda sent out in the invitation.

Shareholders may issue general instructions to the independent proxy for other motions on agenda items proposed at the annual general meeting of shareholders as well as for motions for convening extraordinary general meetings without any agenda and the performance of a special audit. The independent proxy is obliged to exercise as instructed the voting rights that have been transferred to her

or him by the shareholders. If she or he has not received any instructions, she or he shall abstain from voting.

The measurement of voting rights by the number of shares with voting rights is not applicable for:

- electing the external auditor
- appointing experts to review the management of the business or individual parts thereof
- making decisions on the initiation of a special audit
- making decisions on the filing of a liability claim

Statutory quorum (article 19 of articles of association)

The annual general meeting of shareholders makes its decisions and holds its elections with an absolute majority of the valid votes cast, provided there are no legal provisions or provisions in the articles of association to the contrary. In a second ballot, the relative majority decides the outcome.

At least two-thirds of the votes represented and an absolute majority of the represented nominal share value are required for decisions on:

- a change to the corporate purpose
- an increase in the voting power of existing voting shares and the issue of new shares with more extensive voting privileges than those of existing voting shares
- the introduction of more stringent transferability restrictions
- an approved or conditional capital increase
- a capital increase from equity, subscribed in kind or for granting special privileges
- the restriction or withdrawal of subscription rights
- the relocation of the company domicile
- the dissolution of the company

Decisions and elections are generally settled by open ballot. A secret ballot or election is held if required by the chairman or if one or more shareholders who together hold at least 10 percent of the represented vot-

ing shares request it.

Convocation and listing of agenda items for the annual general meeting of shareholders (articles 12 and 13 of articles of association) The ordinary annual general meeting of shareholders is held each year at the latest four months after the end of the financial year. It is convened by the board of directors by announcing the venue, date and time of the meeting and the invitation is published at least 20 calendar days before the meeting, along with the agenda, motions and the required form of proving share ownership.

One or more shareholders who together represent at least 10 percent of the share capital, can request the board of directors to convene a general meeting of shareholders.

Inclusion of items on the agenda

Shareholders themselves or collectively representing shares with a nominal value of at least CHF 1 million are entitled to have an item placed on the agenda. By publication in the Swiss Official Gazette of Commerce (Schweizerisches Handelsamtsblatt/ SOGC) at least 20 calendar days before the publication of the invitation for the ordinary annual general meeting of shareholders, the board of directors requests the shareholders, that are fulfilling the mentioned requirements, to submit any items to be placed on the agenda with the respective motions within the time stated.

Entry in the share register (article 5 of articles of association)

The company keeps a share register in which owners and beneficiaries are inscribed with their names and addresses. The company must be notified of any change of address. Until this notification is received, all information for registered shareholders must be sent to the legally valid address entered in the share register.

In the invitation to the annual general meeting of shareholders, the board of directors announces the date by which an entry in the share register must be made in order to attend the meeting and vote.

Entry in the share register is subject to advance proof that ownership of the registered A shares was ac-

quired or that usufruct has been granted (the conditions for transfer of ownership and the registration requirements for registered B shares are governed by articles 7 to 9 of the articles of association). Shareholders are entered with voting rights if they expressly declare that the shares in question are held in their own name and for their own account.

The company only recognizes a person as a shareholder or beneficiary if this person is registered as such in the share register.

The voting right and the associated rights may only be exercised by the person registered in the share register as having voting rights.

The board of directors can delete entries made on the basis of false information by the acquirer. It will implement this measure within one year, backdated to the date of the entry, after receiving definite information about the error and hearing the person concerned. The person concerned must be notified of the deletion immediately.

Changes of control and defense measures

Duty to make an offer

According to FMIA, anyone, who directly or indirectly or acting in concert with third parties, acquires shares and thereby exceeds the threshold of 33 1/3 percent of the voting rights of Bossard Holding AG must make a takeover offer for all outstanding shares. Bossard Holding AG has waived its opportunity to modify (opting-up) or dispense (opting-out) with this regulation.

Clauses on changes of control

The employment agreement for members of the executive committee does not contain any clauses on changes of control. The Group does not provide golden parachutes for its senior management.

The period of notice for members of the executive committee is between six and twelve months, during which time they are entitled to receive salary and bonus payments. If the company changes hands or goes into liquidation, all share options (RSUs) held under the management participation plan become due immediately.

Auditors

Duration of the mandate and term of office of the lead auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopers AG, Zurich, has been the statutory auditor for Bossard Holding AG since 1986 and audits the annual financial statements and the consolidated financial statements. The statutory auditors are elected by the annual general meeting of shareholders for a term of one year. The auditor in charge is Bruno Häfliger, Swiss certified public accountant, who has been responsible for the auditing mandate since the 2017 financial year. A new auditor in charge is appointed every seven years, with the next changeover due in 2024.

Fees for the statutory auditor

In the 2019 financial year, PricewaterhouseCoopers AG received fees of CHF 687,677 (2018: CHF 724,722) for auditing services, CHF 27,989 (2018: CHF 32,422) for tax consulting and CHF 115,637 (2018: CHF 41,376) for other consulting services.

Information and control instruments towards the statutory auditor

The ARCC meets at least three times per year to discuss plans for the annual and Group audit, the results of the interim audit and the year-end financial statement, as well as other business. The management letters from the statutory auditor form the basis for discussion of the interim audit and the yearend financial statements. The ARCC assists the board of directors with its supervision of the statutory auditors. The ARCC's main responsibility is to propose the statutory auditors, to review their qualifications, independence and performance annually, to approve the auditing fee and to review the accounting principles as well as the annual financial report. The committee annually reviews the scope of the audit, the auditing plans and the related procedures, and discusses the results of the audit with the auditors.

Information policy

With its disclosure policy, the Bossard Group creates transparency for investors and financial markets and ensures a fair market price for Bossard shares.

The Bossard management is convinced that the financial markets will honor a clear, consistent and informative disclosure policy in the long term with a fair valuation of the company's shares. Bossard therefore applies the following principles in its financial reporting and approach to disclosure:

- Transparency: the disclosure principle is intended to ensure a better understanding of the economic drivers influencing the Group and the detailed operating results.
- Consistency: disclosure within each reporting period and between the individual periods is consistent and comparable.
- Clarity: information is presented as clearly as possible so that stakeholders can form an accurate picture of how the business is going.
- Relevance: to avoid a flood of information, Bossard focuses on data that is relevant for the company's stakeholders in terms of content and timing, is necessary for supervisory purposes or is required by law.

The Group publishes relevant information on its business operations using a number of channels, including the annual report, interim reports and press releases. The company also keeps its stakeholders informed by means of press conferences and meetings with analysts and via the annual general meeting of shareholders. The consolidated financial statements are drawn up in accordance with Swiss GAAP FER.

List of key dates in 2020:

Meeting for financial analysts & media	March 4, 2020
conference	
Publication Annual Report 2019	
Annual general meeting	April 8, 2020
Publication of sales results	April 8, 2020
1st quarter 2020	
Publication of first results	July 15, 2020
1st half of 2020	
Publication of Semi-Annual Report 2020	August 25, 2020
Publication of sales results	October 14, 2020
3rd quarter 2020	
Publication of sales results 2020	January 14, 2021

Bossard maintains contact with representatives of the capital market via media conferences, meetings with analysts and roadshows. The company also regularly holds individual and group meetings with institutional investors and analysts. All publications on business results and press releases are available in English and in German under the "Investor Relations" section of the Bossard website www.bossard.com (www.bossard.com/en/about-us/news-and-pressreleases/).

Further, shareholders can subscribe on the Bossard website (www.bossard.com/en/about-us/investorrelations/subscription-press-releases/) to our announcements, press releases and ad hoc publications. All Bossard publications can be ordered by e-mailing investor@bossard.com or from Bossard Holding AG, Investor Relations, Steinhauserstrasse 70, 6300 Zug, Switzerland.

COMPENSATION REPORT

The compensation report describes the compensation principles and programs as well as the governance framework related to the compensation of the board of directors and the members of the executive committee of Bossard Holding AG. The report also provides details around the compensation awarded to those two bodies in the 2019 financial year and an outlook on the changes in the compensation of the board of directors 2020/21.

The compensation report has been prepared in compliance with the Ordinance against Excessive Compensation in Listed Companies (VegüV/OaEC), the Directive on Information relating to Corporate Governance (DCG) of SIX Swiss Exchange and the principles of the "Swiss Code of Best Practice for Corporate Governance" of economiesuisse.

Introduction

The compensation report contains information on the compensation policy, the compensation programs and the procedure for determining the compensation of the board of directors and the executive committee of Bossard Holding AG. The report also contains information on the compensation for these two bodies in the 2019 financial year and an outlook on the changes in the compensation of the board of directors in 2020/21.

In the reporting year, the compensation committee conducted an in-depth external review of the compensation of the board of directors in terms of marketability and competitiveness. As a result of this review, the board of directors decided on the following adjustments:

- The variable performance-related compensation for members of the board of directors will be replaced by a fixed compensation to strengthen the independence of the members of the board of directors.
- At the same time, the discount on the restricted shares will be eliminated.

These changes will lead to a freezing of the compensation of the board of directors at the level of the 2019 financial year.

Provided that the proposed revision of the articles of association is approved by the annual general meeting of shareholders in 2020, these changes will take effect as of the approval of the revision of the articles of association.

1. Compensation philosophy and principles

The compensation philosophy of Bossard Holding AG reflects the commitment to recruit, retain, motivate and develop well-qualified employees and executives at all levels in the organization. Compensation programs are designed to motivate executives to achieve the business objectives and to create long-term and sustainable value for the company. They are based on the following principles:

Pay for performance	A portion of compensation is directly linked to the sustainable success of the company and to individual contributions
Alignment to shareholders' interests	The compensation system strengthens the link of management and sharehold- ers' interests through the delivery of part of the compensation in the form of shares or sharebased compensation
Balanced system	There is a healthy balance between fixed and variable performance-based compensation (no excessive leverage of variable compensation, capped at 100 percent of fixed compensation)
Market competitiveness	Compensation levels are market competitive in order to attract and retain individuals with the required skill sets and leadership capabilities
Simplicity and transparency	Compensation programs are straightforward and transparent

2. Compensation Governance

2.1. Articles of association

In line with the requirement of VegüV/OaEC, the articles of association of Bossard Holding AG summarize the compensation principles and include the following provisions:

- compensation principles (articles 36 to 40): the compensation of the members of the board of directors and the executive committee consists of fixed and variable compensation. Variable compensation is measured primarily
 - for the board of directors: on the EBIT of the Bossard Group
 - for the CEO: on the EBIT of the four market regions and on the achievement of further, purely qualitative objectives (discretionary power of the board of directors)
 - for the other members of the executive committee: on the EBIT for which the person has managerial responsibility, as well as on the EBIT of the Bossard Group and by the achievement of further, purely qualitative objectives (discretionary power of the board of directors)

In addition, members of the executive committee may be awarded restricted stock units (management participation plan) at the discretion of the board of directors with regard to achieved goals.

- Binding vote on compensation amounts of the board of directors and the executive committee (article 11.8): the annual general meeting of shareholders approves separately the maximum aggregate amounts of compensation payable to the board of directors and to the executive committee:
 - for the board of directors: for the period until the next annual general meeting of shareholders
 - for the executive committee: for the following financial year
- In addition, the annual general meeting of shareholders has the opportunity to express its opinion on the compensation report in a consultative vote (article 43).
- Additional amount for payments to members of the executive committee appointed after the vote on compensation at the annual general meeting of shareholders (article 42): to the extent that the maximum aggregate compensation amount as approved by the annual general meeting of shareholders does not suffice, an amount of up to 30 percent of the maximum aggregate compensation amount approved for the executive committee is available, without further approval, for the compensation of the members of the executive committee who have been appointed after the annual general meeting of shareholders.

Loans, credit facilities and post-employment benefits for members of the executive committee (article 41): upon proposal of the compensation committee, the board of directors may, in justified cases, grant to members of the executive committee and persons related to them mortgage-backed loans or credit up to a maximum of CHF 1 million per person, unsecured loans or credit up to a maximum of CHF 0.5 million per person, pension benefits outside the occupational pension scheme up to a maximum of CHF 0.5 million (one-time) per person.

Details available at:

www.bossard.com/en/about-us/investor-relations/corporate-governance/articlesof-association/

2.2. Compensation committee

In accordance with the articles of association, the organizational and business regulations of Bossard Holding AG and the compensation committee regulations, the compensation committee is composed of at least three members of the board of directors that are elected individually by the annual general meeting of shareholders for a period of one year. Subject to the approval of the annual general meeting of shareholders, the representative of registered A shares is entitled to be a member of the compensation committee. The 2019 annual general meeting of shareholders elected again Prof. Dr. Stefan Michel (chairman) and Anton Lauber and new Patricia Heidtman as members of the compensation committee.

All three members are independent in accordance with the regulations. It is the responsibility of the compensation committee to:

- develop and regularly review the compensation policy and principles applicable to the board of directors and the executive committee, including the design of compensation programs and retirement benefits plans; and, if necessary, proposing any changes to the board of directors;
- propose to the board of directors the maximum aggregate amounts of compensation of the board of directors and of the executive committee to be submitted to the shareholders' vote at the annual general meeting of shareholders;
- propose to the board of directors the individual compensation for the members of the board of directors, the CEO and the other members of the executive committee, within the limits approved by the annual general meeting of shareholders;
- review and approve the employment contracts of the executive committee members;
- develop and regularly review the guidelines governing the structure of the occupational pension scheme for the executive committee;
- prepare the compensation report;
- if the compensation committee considers necessary: the assignment, the supervision and the critical evaluation of the results of advisers or the comparison with third party companies regarding the compensation practices.

The levels of authority between the CEO, the compensation committee (CC), the board of directors (BoD) and the annual general meeting of shareholders (AGM) are summarized in the table below:

oses	Approves	
oses	Reviews	Approves (binding vote)
oses	Reviews	Approves (binding vote)
oses	Approves	
oses	Approves	
WS	Approves	
		Consultative vote
	oses oses ews	oses Approves

The compensation committee meets as often as business requires but at least twice a year. In 2019, it held two meetings, each lasted half a day as well as an additional meeting of two hours. All members were present at these meetings except for the two-hour meeting where one member was excused.

As a general rule, the CEO participates in the meetings of the compensation committee in an advisory capacity. Other members of the board of directors may attend the committee meetings (without voting rights) and other executives may be invited in an advisory capacity as well. However, the other members of the board of directors and the executives abstain from a topic when their own performance and/or compensation are being discussed. After each meeting, the chairman of the compensation committee reports to the board of directors on its topics and recommendations. The minutes of the compensation committee meetings are available to the entire board of directors.

The compensation committee may retain external consultants to provide support in fulfilling its duties. In 2019, the compensation committee mandated Agnès Blust Consulting AG, which, in cooperation with Mercer, conducted a benchmarking study on compensation. These consulting companies do not hold any other consulting mandate of Bossard Group.

The compensation committee regularly compares compensation levels with benchmarks, reviews Bossard's compensation policies and conducts a self-assessment.

2.3. Method of determination of compensation

Benchmarking: in order to assess the market competitiveness of compensation and to determine appropriate compensation levels for the members of the board of directors and of the executive committee, the compensation committee periodically (i.e. every three to four years) reviews the compensation reports published by other international industrial companies that are listed in Switzerland and comparable to the Group in terms of size (market capitalization, employees, revenues), geographic scope and business complexity. In 2019, a benchmarking analysis of the compensation of the board of directors was carried out based on a comparison group of 20 Swiss industrial companies listed on the SIX Swiss Exchange, which are comparable in terms of market capitalization, employees and turnover. These included: Autoneum, BELIMO, BOBST, Burckhardt Compression, Comet, Huber+Suhner, INFICON, INTERROLL, Kardex, Komax, Landis+Gyr, LEM, Metall Zug, Phoenix Mecano, Rieter, Schweiter Technologies, Siegfried, Valora, Ypsomed and Zur Rose.

In addition, a benchmarking analysis of the compensation of the executive committee was carried out with the intention of using the same comparison group as for the compensation of the board of directors. The peer group had to be adjusted in the light that such data was not available from all these companies. The following companies were used for comparison: Archroma, Ascom, BOBST, Clariant, Comet, EMS-CHEMIE, Forbo, Franke, Gurit, Hero, Komax, Landis+Gyr, LEM, OC Oerlikon, Rieter, RUAG, Siegfried, Straumann, TEMENOS, u-blox, Valora, Ypsomed and Zimmer Biomet.

Performance management: the actual compensation effectively paid out in a given year to the executive committee members depends on their individual performance. Depending on the level of responsibility, the evaluation of individual performance takes into account the results of the entire Group and/or of a business area. The performance evaluation is based on quantitative and qualitative assessment criteria. The quantitative elements are derived both from the current business results and from the longer-term value drivers, which are decisive for the Group's future results and profitability. This is aligned to the value-oriented and sustainability-focused management approach implemented by the Bossard Group. Qualitative criteria are derived from the company's strategic targets. Therefore, compensation reflects both the sustainable success of the company and the individual contributions.

3. Compensation structure – board of directors

The compensation of the board of directors in 2019 includes a fixed component and a variable component. The fixed component adequately compensates members of the board of directors for their time spent serving on the board of directors and on the committees. It amounts to CHF 300,000 for the chairman and to CHF 90,000 for the other members of the board of directors. The variable component corresponds to 0.05 percent of the Group EBIT and is capped for all members of the board of directors to a maximum of CHF 60,000. Those amounts are exclusive of social security contributions.

Effective for the period of office starting at the annual general meeting of shareholders in 2019, at least CHF 30,000 of the total compensation is paid in the form of registered A shares of Bossard Holding AG. Members of the board of directors may elect to receive up to CHF 60,000 of their total compensation in shares. The shares are subject to a restriction period of three years during which they can not be sold, transferred or pledged. The restriction period also applies in case of termination of mandate, except in case of termination following death where the restriction immediately lapses. The shares are priced at their market value, determined at the end of February of each year based on the average share price over the previous ten trading days, less a discount of approximately 16 percent for the three-year restriction period as permitted under Swiss tax law.

The individual choice on the proportion of compensation to be paid in shares (at least CHF 30,000 up to CHF 60,000 of total compensation) is made the day after the annual general meeting of shareholders. Bossard Holding AG acquires the shares required for the share plan from its own stock of treasury shares or share purchases on the market.

in CHF per year	Fixed compensation	Variable compensation
Chairman of the board of directors	300,000	0.05 percent of EBIT, maximum 60,000
Members of the board of directors	90,000	0.05 percent of EBIT, maximum 60,000

At the annual general meeting of shareholders on April 8, 2020, the board of directors will propose to the annual general meeting of shareholders to eliminate a variable compensation in the future in order to strengthen the independence of the member of the board of directors. Accordingly, each member of the board of directors shall receive a fixed compensation, supplemented by a compensation for his or her work on a committee of the board of directors. The chairmen of the board of directors or of the committees receive additional compensation. All members of the board of directors shall now receive a lump-sum expense allowance.

in CHF per year	Member	Chairman
Fixed compensation board of directors	120,000	320,000
Fixed compensation committee of board of directors	10,000	20,000
Expense allowance	8,000	8,000

4. Compensation structure – Executive committee

According to the compensation principles defined in section 1, the compensation of the executive committee includes the following elements:

- fixed compensation
- variable compensation
- management participation plan
- occupational benefits

Structure of compensation of the executive committee:

	Purpose	Drivers	Performance measures	Vehicle
Fixed compensation	Attract & retain	Position, skills and experience		Monthly cash payments
Variable compensation	Pay for performance	Annual performance	EBIT, Group net income, strategic goals	Annual bonus in cash
Management participation plan	Align to shareholders' interests, retain	Overall result of Bossard Group, achieved strategic goals	-	RSU with five-year staged vesting period
Occupational benefits	Protect against risks, attract & retain	Market practice and position		Retirement plan, insurance, perquisites

4.1. Fixed compensation

The annual fixed compensation is paid in cash on a monthly basis. It reflects the scope and responsibilities of the role, the skills required to perform the role and the profile of the jobholder in terms of experience and capabilities.

4.2. Variable compensation

The variable compensation rewards the achievement of annual financial goals and of individual strategic objectives agreed within the annual objective-setting process and evaluated at the end of a year.

The fixed compensation and the expected variable compensation (assuming 100 percent achievement of all performance objectives) form the so-called total cash compensation. The target value of the total cash compensation of the CEO and the other executive committee members is reviewed annually based on the scope of the role, competitive market practice, individual profile and performance, as well as the company's affordability.

For the CEO, the fixed compensation amounts to 63 percent of total cash compensation, while the variable compensation amounts to 37 percent (or 59 percent of the annual fixed compensation) (2018: 62 percent fixed compensation and 38 percent variable compensation). For the other executive committee members, the fixed compensation ranges from 63 percent to 69 percent of total cash compensation while the variable portion ranges from 31 percent to 37 percent (2018: fixed compensation from 62 percent to 68 percent and variable compensation from 32 percent to 38 percent). In order to maintain compensation at a reasonable level and to not encourage excessive risk taking or a focus on short-term decisions to the expense of the company's sustainable success, the variable compensation is capped at 100 percent of the annual fixed compensation. The variable compensation is based on two components:

- the financial performance of the Group as a whole and/or its businesses;
- the achievement of individual strategic goals that are defined and reviewed annually by the board of directors.

The approximate weighting of those components is illustrated in the following table. The weightings are defined as ranges because the system shall remain flexible enough to reflect specific strategic priorities for any business area in any given year.

Components		CEO	CFO	Other members of the executive committee
Financial performance 80 to 100 percent	Group	Operational results of all business areas	Operational results of all business areas, Group net income	Group net income
	Own business area			Operational results of own business area and Group
Strategic objectives 0 to 20 percent		Individually determined	Individually determined	Individually determined

The financial objectives always include a measurement of profitability, such as Group net income or business area and Group operating profit, because profitability is absolutely critical to the long-term success of the company. In addition, financial objectives may also include a measurement of growth, such as revenue or gross profit growth, depending on the strategic priorities of the respective business area. For each financial objective, an expected level of performance is determined, either on the basis of the annual financial plan or of the previous year's results. In addition, a threshold level of performance, below which the payout factor is zero, and a maximum level of performance, above which the payout factor is capped, are determined as well.

The strategic objectives are linked with the strategic initiatives and the goals 2020 of the Bossard Group; these objectives include more qualitative goals related to innovation, key project management and leadership.

Due to the commercial sensitivity of financial and strategic objectives, the board of directors abstains from such a disclosure in the compensation report. However, the actual payout level of the variable compensation in the reporting year is explained and commented on in section 5.

The CEO and the other members of the executive committee may opt to buy up to 20 percent of their total cash compensation in the form of registered A shares of Bossard Holding AG. The shares are subject to a restriction period of three years during which they can not be sold, transferred or pledged. The restriction period also applies in cases of termination of employment and retirement. In case of termination following death the restriction lapses immediately. The shares are priced at their market value, determined at the end of February of each year, based on the average share price over the previous ten trading days, less a discount of approximately 16 percent for the three-year restriction period as permitted under Swiss tax law. The individual choice to buy shares by the CEO as well as the other members of the executive committee is made the day after the annual general meeting of shareholders. Bossard Holding AG acquires the shares required for the share plan from its own stock of treasury shares or share purchases on the market.

4.3. Management participation plan

The objectives of the management participation plan are to strengthen the link between management and shareholders' interests, to foster the participants' long-term motivation and identification with the Group, to let participants directly participate in the long-term shareholder value created through share price appreciation, and to enable the company to retain and motivate highlyqualified employees.

The long-term management participation plan is offered to selected members of the management of the Group in the form of restricted stock unit (RSU) awards. At the beginning of the vesting period, a number of RSUs are granted to each participant, which is based on a monetary amount. For the CEO, there is a maximum amount of CHF 100,000 and for the other members of the executive committee a maximum amount of CHF 50,000 foreseen. The conversion is carried out at market value and is based on the average share price over the last ten trading days in November. The condition for a grant is the achievement of the overall results of the Bossard Group and the strategic objectives defined by the board of directors. For other participants, the grant size is determined at the discretion of the board of directors.

Each RSU is a conditional right to receive one registered A share of Bossard Holding AG after the vesting period. The RSUs vest conditionally if she or he is employed at the time of the vesting date and according to the following vesting schedule: one third of the RSUs vest three years after the grant date, one third vest four years after the grant date and the last third vest five years after the grant date. At the respective vesting date, the vested RSUs are converted into registered A shares of Bossard Holding AG. The shares are not subject to any further restrictions other than the general rules governing management transactions. In circumstances where the allocation of shares may be unsuitable or impractical, the award may be settled in cash instead of registered A shares of Bossard Holding AG.

Vesting period:



In case of termination of employment, the RSUs forfeit without any compensation, except in the cases of retirement, death, disability or change of control, where the RSUs are subject to a complete vesting at the date of termination or change of control.

4.4. Occupational benefits

The members of the executive committee participate in the benefit plans available in the country of their employment contract. Benefits consist mainly of retirement, insurance and healthcare plans that are designed to provide a reasonable level of protection for the employees and their dependents with respect to retirement, risk of disability, death and health. The members of the executive committee with a Swiss employment contract participate in the pension plan of Bossard (Bossard Personalstiftung, Zug) offered to all employees in Switzerland, in which a base compensation up to an amount of CHF 284,400 per annum is insured, as well as a supplementary plan in which earnings in excess of this limit are insured up to the maximum amount permitted by law. Bossard's pension benefits exceed the legal requirements of the Swiss federal law on occupational retirement, survivors' and disability pension plans (BVG) and are in line with what other international industrial companies offer. Members of the executive committee under foreign employment contracts are insured commensurately with local market conditions and with their position. Each plan varies in line with the local competitive and legal environment and are, as a minimum, in accordance with the legal requirements of the respective country.

In addition, members of the executive committee are also eligible to standard perquisites, such as a company car, seniority awards, child allowance and other benefits in kind, according to competitive market practice in their country of contract. The monetary value of these other elements of compensation is evaluated at fair value and is disclosed in the compensation tables.

4.5. Employment contracts

The members of the executive committee are employed under employment contracts of unlimited duration with a notice period of six months, respectively twelve months for the CEO. Members of the executive committee are not contractually entitled to termination payments or any change of control provisions other than the early vesting of RSU awards in specific situations mentioned previously.

5. Compensation to members of the board of directors and of the executive committee

5.1. Compensation paid to current members of the board of directors for the financial years 2019 and 2018

In 2019, the members of the board of directors received a total compensation of CHF 1.459 million (2018: CHF 1.373 million) in the form of fixed compensation of CHF 0.9 million (2018: CHF 0.84 million), variable compensation of CHF 0.382 million (2018: CHF 0.367 million) and social security contributions of CHF 0.177 million (2018: CHF 0.166 million). Of the total amount, CHF 0.382 million was delivered in restricted shares (2018: CHF 0.305 million).

The higher compensation compared to the previous year is mainly due to the increase in the number of members of the board of directors from 7 to 8. In a direct year-on-year comparison, the compensation of the board of directors was at the same level as in the previous year.

The chairman's variable compensation in 2019 amounted to 17 percent of the fixed compensation (2018: 17 percent). For the other board members, the variable compensation amounted to 55 percent (2018: 58 percent).

Compensation paid to members of the board of directors for the financial year 2019

in CHF, gross		Fixed	Variable	Social costs	Total compensation	Thereof in shares ⁷⁾
Dr. Thomas Schmuckli	Chairman, chairman NC ^{1]} , ARCC ^{2]}	300,000	50,033	48,410	398,443	59,898
Anton Lauber	Deputy chairman, NC, CC ³⁾	90,000	50,033	16,952	156,985	29,949
Dr. René Cotting	Chairman ARCC	90,000	50,033	19,748	159,781	53,480
Martin Kühn	ARCC	90,000	50,033	19,748	159,781	58,828
Daniel Lippuner ⁴⁾	ARCC	30,000	18,133	6,781	54,914	59,898 ⁸⁾
Prof. Dr. Stefan Michel	Repr. of registered A shares, chairman CC, NC	90,000	50,033	19,748	159,781	59,898
Maria Teresa Vacalli ⁵⁾	ARCC	90,000	50,033	19,748	159,781	59,898
Patricia Heidtman 6)	NC, CC	60,000	31,900	12,967	104,867	-
David Dean 6)	Member	60,000	31,900	12,967	104,867	-
2019		900,000	382,131	177,069	1,459,200	381,849

1) Nomination committee (NC)

2) Audit, risk & compliance committee (ARCC)

3) Compensation committee (CC)

4) Resignation from the board of directors in April 2019

5) As at April 8, 2019 member of the audit, risk & compliance committee (ARCC)/until April 7, 2019 member of the compensation committee (CC), member of the nomination committee (NC)

6) Election to the board of directors in April 2019

7) Each member of the board of directors will get delivered at least CHF 30,000 of its total compensation in registered A shares of Bossard Holding AG. Members of the board of directors are entitled to draw up to CHF 60,000 of their total compensation in shares. The shares are priced at market value, less a reduction (tax) of approximately 16 percent for the three years lockup period. For the drawn shares in 2019 the price was CHF 133.70. The draw took place one day after the annual general meeting of shareholders 2019.

8) The share purchase in the amount of CHF 59,898 is based on the total compensation from the annual general meeting of shareholders 2018 to the annual general meeting of shareholders 2019.

Compensation paid to members of the board of directors for the financial year 2018

in CHF, gross		Fixed	Variable	Social costs	Total compensation	Thereof in shares 71
Dr. Thomas Schmuckli	Chairman, chairman NC ^{1]} , ARCC ^{2]}	300,000	52,433	48,745	401,178	30,170
Anton Lauber 4)	Deputy chairman, ARCC, NC, CC ³	90,000	52,433	17,234	159,667	38,680
Dr. René Cotting	Chairman ARCC	90,000	52,433	20,096	162,529	38,680
Martin Kühn ⁵⁾	ARCC	60,000	36,267	13,583	109,850	-
Daniel Lippuner	ARCC	90,000	52,433	20,096	162,529	59,954
Prof. Dr. Stefan Michel	Repr. of registered A shares, chairman CC, NC	90,000	52,433	20,096	162,529	38,680
Maria Teresa Vacalli	NC, CC	90,000	52,433	20,096	162,529	59,954
Helen Wetter-Bossard ⁶	NC, CC	30,000	16,167	6,513	52,680	38,680
2018		840,000	367,032	166,459	1,373,491	304,798

1) Nomination committee (NC)

2) Audit, risk & compliance committee (ARCC)

3) Compensation committee (CC)

4) As at April 9, 2018 member of the compensation committee (CC), member of the nomination committee (NC)/ until April 8, 2018 member of the audit, risk & compliance committee (ARCC)

5) Election to the board of directors in April 2018

6) Resignation from the board of directors in April 2018

7) Each member of the board of directors will get delivered at least CHF 30,000 of its total compensation in registered A shares of Bossard Holding AG. Members of the board of directors are entitled to draw up to CHF 60,000 of their total compensation in shares. The shares are priced at market value, less a reduction (tax) of approximately 16 percent for the three years lockup period. For the drawn shares in 2018 the price was CHF 193.40. The draw took place one day after the annual general meeting of shareholders 2018.

In 2019, the annual general meeting of shareholders approved a maximum compensation amount for the board of directors of CHF 1,600,000 for the period from the annual general meeting of shareholders 2019 until the next annual general meeting of shareholders 2020. As this compensation period has not yet ended, the final amount will be disclosed in the compensation report for financial year 2020.

In 2018, the annual general meeting of shareholders approved a maximum compensation amount for the board of directors of CHF 1,500,000 for the period from the annual general meeting of shareholders 2018 until the next annual general meeting of shareholders 2019. The compensation of the board of directors for this term of office augmented to CHF 1,389,160 and remains therefore within the approved compensation payable to the board of directors.

Payments to former members of the board of directors

Daniel Lippuner, who resigned from his position as member of the board of directors at the annual general meeting of shareholders 2019, received compensation in 2019. Daniel Lippuner purchased shares in the amount of CHF 59,898 based on the total compensation from the annual general meeting of shareholders 2018 to the annual general meeting of shareholders 2019. For his services as a member of the board of directors for the period from January 1, 2019 to April 7, 2019, the total compensation amounted to CHF 54,914. Helen Wetter-Bossard, who resigned from her position as member of the board of directors at the annual general meeting of shareholders 2018, received compensation in 2018. The total compensation for the period from January 1, 2018 to April 8, 2018 amounted to CHF 52,680 of which drawn in shares with a value of CHF 38,680.

Payments to related parties of members of the board of directors

In 2019, as well as in 2018, no compensation was paid to related parties of present or former members of the board of directors.

Loans and credits to present or former members of the board of directors or to related parties

As of December 31, 2019 as well as of December 31, 2018 no such loans or credit payments existed to present or former members of the board of directors, or to related parties of present or former members of the board of directors.

5.2. Compensation paid to current members of the executive committee for the financial years 2019 and 2018

In 2019, the members of the executive committee received a total compensation of CHF 5.33 million (2018: CHF 6.17 million) in the form of fixed compensation of CHF 2.793 million (2018: CHF 2.832 million), variable compensation of CHF 1.283 million (2018: CHF 1.85 million), other benefits of CHF 0.076 million (2018: CHF 0.093 million), RSU grant of CHF 0.32 million (2018: CHF 0.45 million) and social security/pension contributions of CHF 0.857 million (2018: CHF 0.945 million). Of the total amount, CHF 0.354 million was delivered in restricted shares (2018: CHF 0.12 million).

The lower compensation compared to the previous year is due to the reduction in the number of members of the executive committee from 7 to 6 (from May 2019), on one hand, and to the decrease in the variable compensation, which is due to the decline of the EBIT by 12.1 percent compared to the 2018 financial year, on the other hand.

In 2019, the variable component of the fixed compensation amounted to 52 percent of fixed compensation for the CEO Dr. Daniel Bossard (since May 1, 2019) (2018: 82 percent) and to 45 percent on average for the other executive committee members (2018: 61 percent). The board of directors refrains from disclosing a maximum or a range with regard to the ratio between the variable and the fixed compensation. The total expenses for the management participation plan offered to the executive committee and specified middle and senior managers amounted to CHF 1.832 million in 2019 (2018: CHF 1.079 million).

Compensation paid to members of the executive committee

	Executive c	ommittee total	Dr. Daniel Bossard, CEO ^{6]}	David Dean 7]	
in CHF	2019 ^{5]}	2018	2019	2018	
Fixed compensation	2,793,313	2,832,161	400,871	540,000	
Variable compensation ^{1]}	1,283,000	1,850,100	210,000	444,000	
Other benefits ^{2]}	75,900	92,770	16,800	9,600	
Subtotal (compensation)	4,152,213	4,775,031	627,671	993,600	
Management participation plan (RSU) ³⁾	320,000	450,000	80,000	150,000	
Social and pension costs	857,389	944,514	167,567	242,412	
Total	5,329,602	6,169,545	875,238	1,386,012	
Thereof in shares 4]	354,305	120,488	53,480	-	
Members of the executive committee	6 ^{8]}	7			

 The disclosed variable compensation is accrued for the reporting year. This may differ from the actual payment made in the following year. Any deviations between accruals and actual payments are recognized in the following reporting year for which the compensation was paid. The compensation disclosed for 2018 is the actual total payment made.
 Private share in company vehicle, child allowances, anniversary bonus

Private share in company vehicle, child allowances, anniversary bonus
 The market value of the RSUs allocated in the 2019 financial year was CHF 165.30 (2018: CHF 156.60).

The market value of the KSUS allocated in the 2019 financial year was cHF 165.30 (2018; CHF 165.60).
 Members of the executive committee may draw up to 20 percent of their total compensation in registered A shares of Bossard Holding AG of the previous year (according to article 38 and 39 of the articles of association). The shares are priced at market value, less a reduction (tax) of approximately 16 percent for the three years lockup period. The draw always takes place one day after the annual general meeting of shareholders. For the drawn shares in 2019 the price was CHF 133.70 (2018: CHF 193.40).

5) Change in the function of the CEO end of April 2019. The total compensation includes the contractually owed fixed compensation and the corresponding variable compensation for 2019 financial year (pro rata temporis). In addition, it also includes compensation for untaken vacation days as of April 30, 2019.

6) Takeover of the function as CEO since May 1, 2019

7) Resignation as CEO end of April 2019

8) Until end of April 2019 7 members

In 2018, the annual general meeting of shareholders authorized a maximum compensation amount for the executive committee of CHF 6,300,000 for the period from January 1, 2019 to December 31, 2019. The total compensation of CHF 5,329,602 paid to the executive committee in 2019 remains within the approved compensation payable to the executive committee for 2019.

In 2019, the annual general meeting of shareholders authorized a maximum compensation amount for the executive committee of CHF 6,000,000 for the period from January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2020.

Compensation paid to former members of the executive committee

In 2019, as well as in 2018, no compensation was paid to former members of the executive committee.

Compensation paid to related parties of members of the executive committee

In 2019, as well as in 2018, no compensation was paid to related parties of present or former members of the executive committee.

Loans and credits to present or former members of the executive committee or to related parties

As of December 31, 2019, as well as of December 31, 2018, no such loans or credit payments existed to present or former members of the executive committee, or to related parties of present or former members of the executive committee.

6. Participations of members of the board of directors and of the executive committee at December 31, 2019

At December 31, the individual members of the board of directors and of the executive committee (including persons closely associated with them) held the following numbers of registered A shares of Bossard Holding AG:

Board of directors		2019	2018
Dr. Thomas Schmuckli	Chairman, chairman NC, ARCC	14,429	13,981
Anton Lauber	Deputy chairman, CC, NC	6,007	6,783
Dr. René Cotting	Chairman ARCC	1,900	1,500
Martin Kühn	ARCC	450	10
Daniel Lippuner ¹⁾	ARCC	-	1,888
Prof. Dr. Stefan Michel	Representative of registered A shares, chairman CC, NC	1,058	1,478
Maria Teresa Vacalli	ARCC	3,656	3,208
Patricia Heidtman ²⁾	NC, CC	-	-
David Dean 2)	Member	1,200	_
Total		28,700	28,848

1) Resignation from the board of directors in April 2019

2) Election to the board of directors in April 2019

Executive committee		2019	2018
Dr. Daniel Bossard 1)	CEO	4,703	3,854
David Dean 2)		-	1,701
Stephan Zehnder	CFO	12,689	13,640
Beat Grob	CEO Central Europe	37,041	34,842
Dr. Frank Hilgers ³⁾	CEO Northern & Eastern Europe, CCO	2,760	2,312
Steen Hansen	CEO America	2,485	2,036
Robert Ang	CEO Asia	13,133	11,784
Total		72,811	70,169

1) Takeover as CEO in May 2019, CEO Northern & Eastern Europe until end of April 2019

2) Resignation as CEO in April 2019

3) CCO, takeover as CEO Northern & Eastern Europe in May 2019

At December 31, the individual members of the executive committee held the following numbers of awarded restricted stock units (RSUs):

		2019	2018
Dr. Daniel Bossard 1)	CEO	1,432	1,397
David Dean 2)		-	3,208
Stephan Zehnder	CFO	1,190	1,397
Beat Grob	CEO Central Europe	1,190	1,397
Dr. Frank Hilgers ³⁾	CEO Northern & Eastern Europe, CCO	1,190	1,396
Steen Hansen	CEO America	1,190	1,397
Robert Ang	CEO Asia	1,190	1,397
Total		7,382	11,589

1) Takeover as CEO in May 2019, CEO Northern & Eastern Europe until end of April 2019

Resignation as CEO in April 2019
 CCO, takeover as CEO Northern & Eastern Europe in May 2019

Shareholding

The compensation committee annually reviews and assesses the shareholding of each member of the executive committee.

RFPORT OF THE STATUTORY AUDITOR on the compensation report



Report of the statutory auditor to the General Meeting of Bossard Holding AG Zug

We have audited the compensation report of Bossard Holding AG for the year ended December 31, 2019. The audit was limited to the information according to articles 14–16 of the Ordinance against Excessive Compensation in Stock Exchange Listed Companies (Ordinance) contained in the note 5 on pages 72 to 75 of the compensation report.

Board of Directors' responsibility

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and overall fair presentation of the compensation report in accordance with Swiss law and the Ordinance against Excessive Compensation in Stock Exchange Listed Companies (Ordinance). The Board of Directors is also responsible for designing the compensation system and defining individual compensation packages.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the accompanying compensation report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Swiss Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the compensation report complies with Swiss law and articles 14–16 of the Ordinance.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence on the disclosures made in the compensation report with regard to compensation, loans and credits in accordance with articles 14-16 of the Ordinance. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatements in the compensation report, whether due to fraud or error. This audit also includes evaluating the reasonableness of the methods applied to value components of compensation, as well as assessing the overall presentation of the compensation report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the compensation report of Bossard Holding AG for the year ended December 31, 2019 complies with Swiss law and articles 14–16 of the Ordinance.

PricewaterhouseCoopers AG

Inhigh

Bruno Häfliger Audit expert Auditor in charge

Zurich, February 28, 2020



Remo Waldispühl Audit expert

FINANCIAL REPORT

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Bossard Holding AG

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FINANCIAL REVIEW 2019 Slower growth – vigorous investment activity

Even in the face of deteriorating global market conditions, the Bossard Group again posted growth in the financial year 2019. Sales rose by 0.6 percent to a new high of CHF 876.2 million (in local currency: +1.9 percent). When adjusted for acquisitions, sales declined by 3.3 percent (in local currency: -2.1 percent). The more challenging market environment, along with investments in expanding our engineering and Smart Factory Logistics services, brought about a lower annual result. The EBIT fell from CHF 108.8 million in the previous year to CHF 95.7 million. The EBIT margin amounted to 10.9 percent (previous year: 12.5 percent), which is within the longterm targeted range of 10 percent to 13 percent. Net income was CHF 76.0 million compared to CHF 85.4 million in the previous year.

Sales in Europe rose by 3.0 percent to CHF 507.7 million, a healthy increase of 5.6 percent in local currency. The boost in sales is mainly the result of two acquisitions in Germany. The company's strategically significant takeover of Boysen firmly strengthened Bossard's market position in the aerospace industry. Furthermore, the acquisition of BRUMA, a specialist in high-quality fastening solutions, also contributed to this growth. Even without these acquisitions, sales in local currency grew slightly by 0.5 percent.

Challenging conditions in North America

In America, general business conditions became noticeably tougher throughout the year, resulting in a 9.3 percent drop in sales to CHF 218.4 million. Several different factors underlie this development: Slowing economic growth in the industrial sector also affected the demand for Bossard products and services at several major customers. Along with that, we completed a number of customer projects in 2019 that had stimulated growth in the previous year. Noteworthy in this context is the cooperation with the largest US electric vehicle manufacturer. Its product mix has changed markedly since the launch of its third model series, resulting in lower demand.

Ongoing growth in Asia

In Asia, the Bossard Group remains on a growth course. Year-on-year, sales rose by 9.4 percent to CHF 150.1 million in spite of the trade conflict between the USA and China. In local currency, sales even increased by 11.4 percent. Without acquisitions, growth was at 3.8 percent (in local currency: +5.7 percent). We posted above-average growth particularly in China, India, and Taiwan. Bossard is benefiting from its vigorous investment activities in recent years, through which it successfully enhanced and modernized its logistics infrastructure and expanded its competence centers. A significant expansion project in Wuqing, China, will be ready for occupation in mid-2020.

Higher selling and administrative expenses

The slowdown in demand in 2019 bred a more competitive market environment, which, among other things, led to greater margin pressure. This is also reflected in the gross profit margin, which dropped from 31.7 percent to 31.2 percent.

Selling and administrative expenses rose from CHF 166.9 million to CHF 177.5 million, in part due to acquisitions. As previously mentioned, we also invested in expanding our engineering and Smart Factory Logistics services. Some of these investments are reflected in the number of employees, which rose from 2,451 to 2,507.

EBIT margin within the targeted range

The slightly lower gross profit compared to last year, as well as the higher selling and administrative expenses due to various long-term investments, ultimately weighed on the Group's profit situation. EBIT fell by 12.1 percent to CHF 95.7 million year-on-year. The EBIT margin was 10.9 percent (previous year: 12.5 percent), within the long-term targeted range of 10 percent to 13 percent.

In spite of the increase in net debt, the financial result improved from the previous year's CHF 4.6 million to CHF 2.7 million, which is mainly attributable to currency gains. Because of the lower profit, tax expenses decreased by CHF 1.7 million to CHF 17.1 million. The tax rate was 18.3 percent, only a slight change from last year's 18.1 percent.

General economic conditions, as well as investments, also affected net income, which fell from CHF 85.4 million last year to CHF 76.0 million. In accordance with our dividend policy, which stipulates a payout ratio of 40 percent of net income to shareholders, the result yield the following dividend: At the annual general meeting of shareholders, the board of directors will propose a payout of CHF 4.00 per registered A share, compared to CHF 4.50 in the previous year.

Busy year of investment activity

The Bossard Group's growth, along with our investment activities, boosted total assets by 8.1 percent to CHF 652.7 million, largely fueled by our acquisitions. Expanding our warehouse capacities in China and in France also contributed to the growth in total assets.

Year-on-year, the equity ratio fell from 51.3 percent to 46.7 percent. The reason for this decline is that Bossard directly offsets the goodwill from acquisitions against equity. Net debt rose over the previous year from CHF 130.2 million to CHF 187.7 million owing to greater investments in tangible assets as well as acquisitions. As a result of these investments, gearing, the ratio of net debt to equity, rose from 0.4 to 0.6. In spite of the altered balance sheet ratios, the Bossard Group continuous to stand on a solid foundation, assuring potential for future growth.

Compared to last year, cash flow from operating activities grew by CHF 25.6 million to CHF 84.5 million, even though the result ended up lower. This positive development is mainly due to the disproportionate low increase in net working capital in the 2019 financial year, fueled particularly by inventories, which was optimized in response to falling demand, thus proved effective.

Cash flow from investing activities grew markedly year-on-year from CHF 29.6 million to CHF 106.6 million. This includes acquisitions in the amount of CHF 73.3 million as well as investments in tangible and intangible assets of CHF 34.6 million (previous year: CHF 27.8 million). CHF 9.5 million stems from expanding our distribution and competence centers in China and France. Lively investment activity pushed free cash flow in the financial year 2019 into the negative range at CHF –22.1 million (previous year: CHF 29.2 million).

Outlook

Macroeconomic conditions became noticeably more challenging in 2019. Political uncertainties, tension in the Middle East, the potential for conflict surrounding Hong Kong, and the trade conflict between USA and China had a negative effect on demand. From today's perspective, we assume that the same market conditions will continue to affect Bossard's business in 2020; hence we see another challenging year ahead.

At the same time, Bossard is very confident about the medium and long-term development. Today we are present in all major industrial locations worldwide and are able to serve our customers locally. In addition, we are continuously expanding our services, infrastructure as well as our sales channels. Therefore, there are many reasons to look ahead optimistically, even if the current economic environment may remain challenging.

Stephan Zehnder CFO

Zug, February 28, 2020

BOSSARD GROUP Consolidated balance sheet

in CHF 1,000	Notes	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	32,653	32,600
Accounts receivable, trade	5	138,503	141,190
Other receivables		5,095	3,745
Prepaid expenses		11,570	9,916
Inventories	6	277,073	251,413
		464,894	438,864
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	7	129,162	117,860
Intangible assets	8	31,457	26,758
Financial assets	9	4,480	3,939
Deferred tax assets	10	22,736	16,673
		187,835	165,230
Total assets		652,729	604,094
in CHF 1,000	Notes	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
Liabilities and shareholders' equity			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable, trade	11	55,831	59,593
Other liabilities		15,976	16,876
Accrued expenses		27,780	32,187
Tax liabilities		8,960	5,844
Provisions	12	2,376	1,053
Short-term debts	13	50,924	72,941
		161,847	188,494
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term debts	14	169,445	89,821
Provisions	12	7,675	7,721
Deferred tax liabilities	10	9,238	8,408
		186,358	105,950
Total liabilities		348,205	294,444
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital	15	40,000	40,000
Treasury shares	15	-2,571	-2,882
Capital reserves		72,477	62,219
Retained earnings		191,617	208,331
		301,523	307,668
Non-controlling interest		3,001	1,982
			.,
Total shareholders' equity		304,524	309,650

BOSSARD GROUP Consolidated income statement

in CHF 1,000	Notes	2019	2018
Net sales	16/17	876,224	871,070
Cost of goods sold		602,971	595,302
Gross profit		273,253	275,768
Selling expenses		122,817	114,202
Administrative expenses		54,731	52,745
EBIT		95,705	108,821
Financial result	21	2,690	4,593
Income before taxes		93,015	104,228
Income taxes	10	17,056	18,818
Net income		75,959	85,410
Attributable to:			
Shareholders of Bossard Holding AG		74,236	83,441
Non-controlling interest		1,723	1,969
in CHF	Notes	2019	2018
Earnings per registered A share ¹⁾	22	9.73	10.95
Earnings per registered B share ^{1]}	22	1.95	2.19

1) Earnings per share is based on the net income of the shareholders of Bossard Holding AG and the annual average number of outstanding shares entitled to dividend. There is no dilution effect.

BOSSARD GROUP Consolidated statement of changes in equity

				Retained	earnings			
in CHF 1,000	Issued share capital	Treasury shares	Capital reserves	Retained earnings	Translation differences	Share- holders Bossard	Non- controlling interest	Share- holders' equity
Balance at January 1, 2018	40,000	-3,697	63,084	238,433	-75,333	262,487	1,475	263,962
Dividend				-32,007		-32,007	-1,302	-33,309
Net income for the period				83,441		83,441	1,969	85,410
Management participation plan			1,301			1,301		1,301
Change in treasury shares		815	-2,166			-1,351		-1,351
Offset goodwill from acquisitions	5			-1,384		-1,384		-1,384
Non-controlling interest from acquisitions						0	32	32
Translation differences					-4,819	-4,819	-192	-5,011
Balance at December 31, 2018	40,000	-2,882	62,219	288,483	-80,152	307,668	1,982	309,650

Balance at January 1, 2019	40,000	-2,882	62,219	288,483	-80,152	307,668	1,982	309,650
Dividend				-34,298		-34,298	-1,338	-35,636
Net income for the period				74,236		74,236	1,723	75,959
Management participation plan			1,571			1,571		1,571
Change in treasury shares		-48	-1,039			-1,087		-1,087
Usage unissued treasury shares		359	9,726			10,085		10,085
Offset goodwill from acquisitions				-47,344		-47,344		-47,344
Non-controlling interest								
from acquisitions						0	852	852
Translation differences					-9,308	-9,308	-218	-9,526
Balance at December 31, 2019	40,000	-2,571	72,477	281,077	-89,460	301,523	3,001	304,524

For details regarding share capital, please refer to note 15 on pages 99/100 and regarding the offset goodwill from acquisitions to note 25 on page 104.

BOSSARD GROUP Consolidated cash flow statement

in CHF 1,000	Notes	2019	2018
Net income		75,959	85,410
Income taxes	10	17,056	18,818
Financial income	21	-5,605	-2,445
Financial expenses	21	8,295	7,038
Depreciation and amortization	7/8	17,907	16,119
Increase provisions	12	52	400
Gain from disposals of property, plant and equipment	7	-62	-94
Loss from disposals of intangible assets	8	1	6
Interest received		737	694
Interest paid		-3,373	-2,815
Taxes paid		-17,663	-22,807
Increase management participation plan (part of equity)		1,571	1,301
Other non-cash expenses		3,748	629
Cash flow from operating activities before changes in net working capital		98,623	102,254
Decrease/(Increase) accounts receivable, trade		6,307	-6,552
Increase other receivables		-2,393	-2,122
Increase inventories		-6,193	-38,790
(Decrease)/Increase accounts payable, trade		-5,023	1,180
(Decrease)/Increase other liabilities	-6,842	2,910	
		1.1.1	
Cash flow from operating activities		84,479	58,880
Cash flow from operating activities			58,880
Cash flow from operating activities	7		58,880 -19,898
· · · · ·	7 7	84,479	-19,898
Investments in property, plant and equipment		84,479 -28,179	-19,898
Investments in property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	7	84,479 -28,179 1,065	-19,898 1,135
Investments in property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment Investments in intangible assets	7 8	84,479 -28,179 1,065 -6,470	-19,898 1,135 -7,893
Investments in property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment Investments in intangible assets Cash flow from purchases of companies	7 8 23	84,479 -28,179 1,065 -6,470 -73,343	-19,898 1,135 -7,893 -3,024
Investments in property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment Investments in intangible assets Cash flow from purchases of companies Investments in financial assets	7 8 23 9	84,479 -28,179 1,065 -6,470 -73,343 -994	-19,898 1,135 -7,893 -3,024 -511
Investments in property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment Investments in intangible assets Cash flow from purchases of companies Investments in financial assets Divestments of financial assets	7 8 23 9	84,479 -28,179 1,065 -6,470 -73,343 -994 1,317	-19,898 1,135 -7,893 -3,024 -511 545
Investments in property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment Investments in intangible assets Cash flow from purchases of companies Investments in financial assets Divestments of financial assets	7 8 23 9	84,479 -28,179 1,065 -6,470 -73,343 -994 1,317	-19,898 1,135 -7,893 -3,024 -511 545
Investments in property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment Investments in intangible assets Cash flow from purchases of companies Investments in financial assets Divestments of financial assets Cash flow from investing activities	7 8 23 9 9	84,479 -28,179 1,065 -6,470 -73,343 -994 1,317 -106,604	-19,898 1,135 -7,893 -3,024 -511 545 -29,646
Investments in property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment Investments in intangible assets Cash flow from purchases of companies Investments in financial assets Divestments of financial assets Cash flow from investing activities Proceeds/Repayment of short-term debts	7 8 23 9 9 9	84,479 -28,179 1,065 -6,470 -73,343 -994 1,317 -106,604	-19,898 1,135 -7,893 -3,024 -511 545 -29,646 26,907 -8,781
Investments in property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment Investments in intangible assets Cash flow from purchases of companies Investments in financial assets Divestments of financial assets Cash flow from investing activities Proceeds/Repayment of short-term debts Proceeds/Repayment of long-term debts	7 8 23 9 9 9	84,479 -28,179 1,065 -6,470 -73,343 -994 1,317 -106,604 -21,898 79,931	-19,898 1,135 -7,893 -3,024 -511 545 -29,646 26,907 -8,781 -1,555
Investments in property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment Investments in intangible assets Cash flow from purchases of companies Investments in financial assets Divestments of financial assets Cash flow from investing activities Proceeds/Repayment of short-term debts Proceeds/Repayment of long-term debts Purchase/Sale of treasury shares	7 8 23 9 9 9	84,479 -28,179 1,065 -6,470 -73,343 -994 1,317 -106,604 -21,898 79,931 388	-19,898 1,135 -7,893 -3,024 -511 545 -29,646 26,907 -8,781 -1,555 -32,007
Investments in property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment Investments in intangible assets Cash flow from purchases of companies Investments in financial assets Divestments of financial assets Cash flow from investing activities Proceeds/Repayment of short-term debts Proceeds/Repayment of long-term debts Purchase/Sale of treasury shares Dividends paid to shareholders	7 8 23 9 9 9	84,479 -28,179 1,065 -6,470 -73,343 -994 1,317 -106,604 -21,898 79,931 388 -34,298	-19,898 1,135 -7,893 -3,024 -511 545 -29,646 26,907 -8,781
Investments in property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment Investments in intangible assets Cash flow from purchases of companies Investments in financial assets Divestments of financial assets Cash flow from investing activities Proceeds/Repayment of short-term debts Proceeds/Repayment of long-term debts Purchase/Sale of treasury shares Dividends paid to shareholders Dividends paid to non-controlling interest	7 8 23 9 9 9	84,479 -28,179 1,065 -6,470 -73,343 -994 1,317 -106,604 -21,898 79,931 388 -34,298 -1,338	-19,898 1,135 -7,893 -3,024 -511 545 -29,646 26,907 -8,781 -1,555 -32,007 -1,302
Investments in property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment Investments in intangible assets Cash flow from purchases of companies Investments in financial assets Divestments of financial assets Cash flow from investing activities Proceeds/Repayment of short-term debts Proceeds/Repayment of long-term debts Purchase/Sale of treasury shares Dividends paid to shareholders Dividends paid to non-controlling interest	7 8 23 9 9 9	84,479 -28,179 1,065 -6,470 -73,343 -994 1,317 -106,604 -21,898 79,931 388 -34,298 -1,338	-19,898 1,135 -7,893 -3,024 -511 545 -29,646 26,907 -8,781 -1,555 -32,007 -1,302 -16,738
Investments in property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment Investments in intangible assets Cash flow from purchases of companies Investments in financial assets Divestments of financial assets Cash flow from investing activities Proceeds/Repayment of short-term debts Proceeds/Repayment of long-term debts Purchase/Sale of treasury shares Dividends paid to shareholders Dividends paid to non-controlling interest Cash flow from financing activities	7 8 23 9 9 9	84,479 -28,179 1,065 -6,470 -73,343 -994 1,317 -106,604 -21,898 79,931 388 -34,298 -1,338 22,785	-19,898 1,135 -7,893 -3,024 -511 545 -29,646 26,907 -8,781 -1,555 -32,007 -1,302 -16,738
Investments in property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment Investments in intangible assets Cash flow from purchases of companies Investments in financial assets Divestments of financial assets Cash flow from investing activities Proceeds/Repayment of short-term debts Proceeds/Repayment of long-term debts Purchase/Sale of treasury shares Dividends paid to shareholders Dividends paid to non-controlling interest Cash flow from financing activities Translation differences	7 8 23 9 9 9	84,479 -28,179 1,065 -6,470 -73,343 -994 1,317 -106,604 -21,898 79,931 388 -34,298 -1,338 22,785	-19,898 1,135 -7,893 -3,024 -511 545 -29,646 26,907 -8,781 -1,555 -32,007 -1,302

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Scope of operations (1)

Bossard Holding AG, Zug, Switzerland, a limited company subject to Swiss law, is the parent company of all entities within Bossard Group (hereinafter Bossard). Bossard is a leading distributor of fasteners of every kind and a provider of related engineering and logistics services. The Group operates in three geographic regions, Europe, America and Asia, and is one of the market leaders in its sector of industry.

Accounting principles of the consolidated financial statements (2)

The consolidated financial statements of Bossard are based on the financial statements of the individual Group companies at December 31, 2019, prepared in accordance with uniform accounting policies. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities at market value, in accordance with full Swiss GAAP FER. They are consistent with Swiss law and the listing rules of the SIX Swiss Exchange.

The consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the board of directors on February 28, 2020 and will be recommended for approval at the annual general meeting of shareholders.

The main principles of consolidation and valuation are detailed in the following chapters.

Principles of consolidation (2.1)

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Bossard Holding AG as well as the domestic and foreign subsidiaries over which Bossard Holding AG exercises control. Group companies acquired during the year are included in the consolidation from the date on which control over the company is transferred to Bossard. Group companies are excluded from the consolidation as of the date Bossard ceases to have control over the company. December 31 represents the uniform closing date for all companies included in the consolidated financial statements.

The purchase method of accounting is used for capital consolidation. Intercompany receivables and liabilities as well as transactions and intercompany profits not yet realized through sales to third parties are eliminated.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are fully consolidated. These are entities over which Bossard Holding AG directly or indirectly exercises control. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. Control is presumed to exist when the parent directly or indirectly holds more than one half of the voting rights of an entity or the control can be exercised by any other form. This does not apply if in exceptional circumstances it can be clearly demonstrated that such ownership does not constitute control. Under the full consolidation method, 100 percent of assets, liabilities, income and expenses are included. The interests of minority shareholders in equity and net income or loss are shown separately in the balance sheet and income statement. Transactions with non-controlling interest which do not result in a change of the consolidation method are recognized as goodwill without effect on profit and loss.

Associated companies

Associated companies are those in which Bossard Holding AG directly or indirectly holds 20 percent to 50 percent and exercises significant influence. Associated companies are accounted for using the equity method.

Non-controlling interest

Non-controlling interest of less than 20 percent and without any other form of control or significant influence is recognized at acquisition cost less any economically necessary impairment.

Goodwill

In accordance with Swiss GAAP FER 30 "Consolidated financial statements", goodwill from new acquisitions and from associated companies is converted once to Swiss francs using the closing rate as at acquisition date and is fully offset against equity at the date of acquisition.

Foreign currency translation (2.2)

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Swiss francs (CHF). The financial statements of the Group companies are drawn up in the applicable local currency.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the time of the transaction at the daily rate applicable on that date. Exchange differences from adjustments of foreign exchange portfolios at the balance sheet date are recognized in the income statements of the Group companies as exchange gains or losses.

For the consolidated financial statements, the annual accounts of Bossard subsidiaries reporting in foreign currencies are translated into Swiss francs as follows: balance sheet items at year-end rates, equity at historical rates, and items in the income statement at the average exchange rate for the year. The translation differences are netted directly with the Group's consolidated translation differences in shareholders' equity.

Exchange differences arising from intercompany loans of an equity nature are booked to equity.

Accounting and valuation principles (2.3)

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, time deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of up to three months. Cash and cash equivalents are recognized at nominal value.

Securities

Securities held for trading are valued at the quoted market price prevailing on the balance sheet date. Securities without a quoted market price are valued at acquisition cost less necessary impairments.

Accounts receivable, trade

Accounts receivable are carried at the invoiced amount less allowances. The allowance for bad debts is based on the aging of accounts receivable and recognized credit risks.

Inventories

Goods for trading are recognized at average acquisition cost. Should the net realizable value be lower, the necessary value adjustments are made. Acquisition cost comprises product price and delivery cost (freight, customs duties, etc.). Cash discounts are treated as reductions of the acquisition value. Inventories that lack marketability or have low turnover are written down to the estimated market value less sales costs.

Property, plant and equipment

Land is stated at cost and generally not depreciated. Buildings, machinery and equipment, office machines and furniture as well as vehicles are stated at cost less economically necessary depreciation. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the expected useful life of the asset. The general applicable useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	30-40 years
Machinery and equipment	5–20 years
Office machines and furniture	3–10 years
Vehicles	4–10 years

Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of useful life or lease term. Repair and maintenance costs which do not increase the value or useful life of an asset are charged directly as an expense. Replacement work to increase the useful life of assets is capitalized. Fixed assets no longer in use or sold are removed from the assets at acquisition cost minus the related accumulated depreciation. Any gains or losses arising are recognized in the income statement.

Leasing

Leases of assets under which significant risks and rewards of ownership are effectively retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases, and payments are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Intangible assets

Software

Costs (purchased or self-created) arising from the development of computer software are recognized as intangible assets; provided such costs are clearly associated with an identifiable and business-related computer program, can be reliably determined, and lead to measurable benefits over a number of years. Computer software is amortized using the straight-line method over its estimated useful life, up to a maximum of 15 years.

Others

This item includes rights. Rights are amortized using the straight-line method over their estimated useful life, up to a maximum of ten years.

Financial assets

Financial assets comprise both non-consolidated investments and long-term loans. They are recognized at acquisition cost less economically necessary value adjustments. Changes in fair value are recognized in the income statement for the period in which they arise.

Impairment

The recoverability of non-current assets is monitored annually. Impairment is treated adequately in the financial statements.

Derivative financial instruments

Financial instruments are recognized in the balance sheet at fair value. Positive replacement values are recognized under financial assets and negative replacement values under current liabilities. Derivative financial instruments held for hedging purposes are carried at the same value as the underlying transactions.

Liabilities

All liabilities of Bossard vis-à-vis third parties are recognized at nominal value.

Provisions

A provision is recognized if, on the basis of past events, Bossard has reason to assume that it will need to meet an obligation for which the amount and due date are still uncertain but can be reliably estimated.

Contingent liabilities

Contingent liabilities are valued as at the balance sheet date. A provision is made if an outflow of funds without an utilizable inflow is both probable and assessable.

Financial debts

Financial debts are recognized at nominal value. They are classified as current liabilities unless Bossard can defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the balance sheet date.

Treasury shares

Treasury shares are recognized as deduction in the equity at acquisition cost. Any gains and losses from transactions with treasury shares are included in capital reserves and recognized in equity.

Share-based compensation

There is a share purchase plan for the board of directors and the executive committee, and they are required, or may elect, to draw part of their total compensation in shares. The shares are made available at market price, less the allowable tax discount of approximately 16 percent for the three-year

lockup period. The market value is always determined in February and is based on the average closing price over the last ten trading days in February. There is a restricted stock unit plan (RSU) in place for the members of the management. The eligible participants annually receive a defined sum which is converted into RSUs on Bossard Holding AG registered A shares. The conversion is performed at market value and is based on the average closing price over the last ten trading days in November. The stock options (RSUs) are subject to a three-year vesting period. After three years, yearly one-third of the allocated RSUs is passed on to the manager provided as long as she or he is employed at the time of the vesting. After the last contractual working day, all remaining stock options (RSUs) forfeit immediately. The share-based compensation is valued at present value when granted and is recognized over the vesting period as personnel costs and as equity (instruments with equity compensation) or liability (instruments with cash compensation). If no cash settlement is planned, no subsequent valuation is made unless the terms of exercise and purchase are amended. The subsequent valuation is based on the closing price for the share of the last trading day of the financial year. No dilution effect results because no additional shares have been issued.

Pension benefit obligations

Bossard operates a number of pension plans in accordance with the legal requirements in the individual countries. Their assets are generally held in autonomous pension institutions or in statutory occupational pension plans. The pension plans are funded by employee and employer contributions. Pension plans are dealt in accordance with Swiss GAAP FER 16. Any actual economic impacts of pension plans on the company are calculated as at the balance sheet date. An economic benefit from a surplus is capitalized provided this is admissible and the surplus is to be used to decrease the company's future contributions to its pension plans. An economic liability is recognized if the conditions for forming a provision are met. Contributions by subsidiaries to other pension plans are recognized in the income statement in the year in which they are made.

Net sales and revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized at fair value and represents the amount receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of sales-related taxes and revenue reductions. Revenue reductions include all positions that can be directly assigned to the sales, such as discounts, losses on receivables and exchange rate differences. Sales revenues are recognized when the goods and services have been supplied or rendered.

Non-operating result

Non-operating results are expenses and income arising from events or transactions which clearly differ from the ordinary operations of Bossard.

Income taxes

All taxes are accrued irrespective of when such taxes are due. Deferred income taxes are recognized according to the "liability method" for temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying values for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax assets on temporary differences can only be capitalized if recovery is probable. Deferred taxes are calculated using the expected applicable local tax rates. Bossard will not capitalize tax savings from tax loss carryforwards. The value of such tax assets is recognized only when realized. Taxes payable on the distribution of profits of subsidiaries and associates are accrued only for profits that are to be distributed the following year.

Related parties

A party is related to Bossard if the party directly or indirectly controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with Bossard, has an interest in Bossard that gives it significant influence over Bossard, has joint control over Bossard (board of directors and executive committee) or is an associate or a joint venture of Bossard. In addition, members of the key management personnel of Bossard as well as pension plans are also considered related parties.

Accounting estimates and assumptions

Preparing the financial statements in accordance with Swiss GAAP FER requires the board of directors and the executive committee to make estimates and assumptions which can have an impact on the recognized assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities and contingent assets at the time of preparation as well as income and expenses for the reporting period. These assessments are based on the board of directors' and the executive committee's best knowledge and belief of current and future Bossard activities. The actual results may deviate from these estimates.

Risk management (2.4)

Risk management is a tool to analyze and evaluate all the processes for identifying and assessing risks in the Bossard Group. The results are defined in a report submitted to the board of directors and the executive committee.

Financial risk management

Within the scope of its international operations, Bossard is exposed to various financial risks arising from its business activities, but also from the Group's financial activities. The Group's main financial risks include foreign exchange and interest rate fluctuations as well as the credit worthiness and solvency of the Group's counter parties.

The board of directors and the executive committee lay down the principles governing the Group's financial risk management with regard to exchange rate, interest rate, credit, liquidity and capital risks. The aim is, where necessary, to hedge against the financial risks listed previously and thus to minimize any negative impact on the consolidated result as well as on the Group's performance. Where this is considered advisable, the Group may hedge individual financial risks using financial instruments such as derivatives. However, these must be linked with the Group's business operations. The Group has comprehensive insurance cover to safeguard itself against other risks.

Foreign currency risk

Given its international operations, the Group is exposed to exchange rate fluctuations that impact on the Group's financial and income situation, because these are disclosed in Swiss francs. The Group continuously monitors its currency risks and, if necessary, hedges against them. The Group's currency risks are essentially confined to the Euro and the US dollar. Business transactions in the Group's individual companies are mainly performed in local currency. Consequently, the currency risks for ongoing operations can basically be considered as low. In some Group companies, however, there are foreign currency risks in connection with payments outside their local currency, mainly in regard to payments to suppliers. Where necessary, parts of these foreign currency risks are hedged through foreign exchange contracts.

The net assets of foreign subsidiaries are exposed to exchange rate risk. Such risks are partly hedged through taking up loans in the currency concerned and, where necessary, through foreign exchange contracts of up to a maximum of twelve months.

Interest rate risk

Changes in interest rates can negatively affect the Group's financial and income situation and thus lead to changes in interest income and expense. Financing and related interest rate conditions are invariably handled centrally by corporate treasury. In certain market situations the Group can employ interest hedge transactions to safeguard itself against interest rate fluctuations, or it can convert a part of the loan requirements into fixed interest loans.

Credit risk

Credit risks can arise if, in a transaction, the counter party is either not willing or not in a position to meet its obligations. The credit loss risk for accounts receivable trade can be confined through setting credit limits, undertaking credit investigations where possible, and by running an efficient system for managing receivables. Given the Group's monthly reporting system, continual monitoring of overdue payments is ensured. Accounts receivable trade are recognized after deducting allowances for bad debts. The danger of risk concentration is limited through the fact that the Group's customer base is composed of numerous customers and is widely spread in geographic terms. Short-term bank deposits are placed in banks with high credit rating.

Liquidity risk

One aspect of judicious risk management is ensuring that an adequate sum can be drawn on through approved credit limits and that there is a possibility of refinancing. To ensure that the company is invariably solvent and financially flexible, a liquidity reserve has been established in the form of credit limits and cash on hand. Optimal liquidity control is conducted by means of cash pooling.

Capital risk

To minimize its capital risk, Bossard ensures that the company's operations can run smoothly and that the shareholders will receive an adequate yield. To achieve this, the company may, if necessary, adjust dividend payments, pay back capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets.

Bossard Group monitors its capital structure on the basis of its equity ratio. The equity ratio is equity as a percentage of total assets.

Changes in the scope of consolidation (3)

- In 2019, the Bossard Group invested in the following companies:
- BRUMA Schraub- und Drehtechnik GmbH, Germany
- 100 percent investment, January 2019Boysen Verwaltungs GmbH, Germany
- 100 percent investment, July 2019
- Boysen GmbH & Co. KG, Germany 100 percent investment, July 2019
- SACS Boysen Aerospace U.S., Inc., USA 100 percent investment, July 2019

In 2019, assets from Linquan Precision Co. Ltd, China, were acquired as part of an asset deal.

The scope of consolidation changed in 2019 as follows:

- Bossard Fastening Solutions (Tianjin) Co. Ltd, China (founding)
- SertiTec SAS, France (merger with Bossard France SAS, France)
- Forind Fasteners S.r.l., Italy (merger with Bossard Italia S.r.l., Italy)

In 2018, the Bossard Group invested in the following company:

- 3d-prototyp GmbH, Switzerland
- 49 percent investment, November 2018

In 2018, assets from RGM SAS, France, were acquired as part of an asset deal.

The scope of consolidation changed in 2018 as follows:

- Effilio AG, Switzerland (founding)
- KVT-Fastening d.o.o., Serbia (founding)
- Arnold Industries Shanghai, Ltd, China (liquidation)

Cash and cash equivalents (4)

		Interest		Interest
in CHF 1,000	2019	rates in %	2018	rates in %
Cash on hand and at banks	32,609	0.0-2.3	32,564	0.0-2.7
Short-term bank deposits	44	6.0-7.5	36	6.9-7.6
Total	32,653		32,600	

For details of movements in cash and cash equivalents please refer to the consolidated cash flow statement (page 85).

Accounts receivable, trade (5)

in CHF 1,000	2019	2018
Accounts receivable, trade gross	139,773	142,304
According to due date not due	128,073	132,415
30 days overdue	5,940	5,246
60 days overdue	1,930	1,483
90 days overdue	3,830	3,160
Notes receivable	2,714	3,058
Balance at Jan. 1	-4,172	-3,809
Changes	272	-509
Changes in the scope of consolidation	-184	-8
Translation differences	100	154
Balance at Dec. 31	-3,984	-4,172
Total	138,503	141,190

The book value of receivables is based on fair value and represents the maximal credit risk on this position.

Inventories (6)

in CHF 1,000	2019	2018
Goods for trading/components	318,285	282,352
Value adjustments	-41,212	-30,939
Total	277,073	251,413
Value adjustments in percent of inventory value	12.9	11.0

Inventories predominantly consist of goods for trading and components. Inventories that lack marketability or have low turnover are written down to the estimated market value less sales costs. The total costs for value adjustments reported in cost of goods sold amounted to CHF 6.3 million (2018: CHF 5.6 million).

Property, plant and equipment (7)

in CHF 1,000	Facilities under construction	Land and buildings	Machinery and equipment	Others	Total
Cost					
Balance at Jan. 1, 2019	83	127,089	117,234	9,391	253,797
Additions	9,529	4,489	12,519	1,642	28,179
Changes in the scope of consolidation	-	1,806	735	127	2,668
Disposals	-	-564	-5,438	-1,203	-7,205
Translation differences	-287	-1,708	-1,607	-234	-3,836
Balance at Dec. 31, 2019	9,325	131,112	123,443	9,723	273,603
Accumulated depreciation					
Balance at Jan. 1, 2019	-	52,911	78,500	4,526	135,937
Depreciation	-	3,682	10,504	1,976	16,162
Disposals	-	-537	-4,624	-1,041	-6,202
Translation differences	-	-376	-963	-117	-1,456
Balance at Dec. 31, 2019	0	55,680	83,417	5,344	144,441
Net book value	9,325	75,432	40,026	4,379	129,162

The insurance value of property, plant and equipment is CHF 243.2 million (2018: CHF 235.5 million).

in CHF 1,000	Facilities under construction	Land and buildings	Machinery and equipment	Others	Total
Cost					
Balance at Jan. 1, 2018	69	123,795	111,601	8,835	244,300
Additions	16	5,123	12,294	2,465	19,898
Changes in the scope of consolidation	-	35	595	10	640
Disposals	-	-408	-5,587	-1,713	-7,708
Translation differences	-2	-1,456	-1,669	-206	-3,333
Balance at Dec. 31, 2018	83	127,089	117,234	9,391	253,797
Accumulated depreciation		<u></u>	75 105	(20/	120.277
Balance at Jan. 1, 2018		50,005	75,135	4,206	129,346
Depreciation		3,536	9,084	1,822	14,442
Disposals					-6,667
Translation differences	-	-224	-864	-96	-1,184
Balance at Dec. 31, 2018	0	52,911	78,500	4,526	135,937

Intangible assets (8)

Balance at Dec. 31, 2019

Net book value

in CHF 1,000	Software in development	Software	Others	Total
Cost				
Balance at Jan. 1, 2019	20,546	31,281	427	52,254
Additions	4,097	2,373	-	6,470
Changes in the scope of consolidation	-	1	-	1
Disposals	-	-1,328	-	-1,328
Translation differences	-	-225	-	-225
Balance at Dec. 31, 2019	24,643	32,102	427	57,172
Accumulated amortization				
Balance at Jan. 1, 2019	-	25,140	356	25,496
Amortization	-	1,702	43	1,745
Disposals	-	-1,327	-	-1,327
Translation differences	_	-199	_	-199

25,316

6,786

0 24,643 399

28

25,715

31,457

In 2019, CHF 0.9 million self-created intangible assets were capitalized (2018: CHF 1.5 million).

in CHF 1,000	Software in development	Software	Others	Total
Cost				
Balance at Jan. 1, 2018	14,641	30,552	427	45,620
Additions	5,905	1,988	-	7,893
Changes in the scope of consolidation	-	2		2
Disposals	-	-1,013	-	-1,013
Translation differences	-	-248	-	-248
Balance at Dec. 31, 2018	20,546	31,281	427	52,254

Accumulated a	mortization
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Balance at Jan. 1, 2018 -	24,745	313	25,058
Amortization -	1,634	43	1,677
- Disposals	-1,007	-	-1,007
Translation differences -	-232	-	-232
Balance at Dec. 31, 2018 0	25,140	356	25,496
Net book value 20,546	6,141	71	26,758

Financial assets (9)

in CHF 1,000	2019	Interest rates in %		Interest rates in %
Loans and deposits to third parties	4,125	0.0-5.0	3,904	0.0-5.0
Investments in associated companies	320			
Other financial assets	35		35	
Total	4,480		3,939	

Income taxes (10)

The tax expenses are made up as follows:

in CHF 1,000	2019	2018
Current taxes	14,358	16,737
Deferred taxes	2,698	2,081
Total	17,056	18,818

The effective tax rate on the Group's profit differs from the average basic tax rate of the various countries in which Bossard operates as follows:

in %	2019	2018
Group's average tax rate	19.9	21.6
Non tax deductible expenses	0.7	0.5
Non-taxable income	-7.0	-5.7
Expenses taxed at special rate	0.0	0.0
Unrecognized current year tax losses	0.6	0.3
Utilization unrecognized prior year tax losses	-0.2	-1.1
Change in applicable tax rate	0.6	1.4
Others	3.7	1.1
Effective tax rate	18.3	18.1

The Group's average tax rate is the weighted average based on the various individual results and the local tax rates.

The deferred taxes consist of the following:

in CHF 1,000	Assets 2019	Liabilities 2019	Assets 2018	Liabilities 2018
Accounts receivable	499	236	996	233
Inventories	6,989	2,871	5,259	2,908
Property, plant and equipment	367	1,763	265	1,398
Intangible assets	12,889	802	8,441	386
Liabilities	1,992	3,566	1,712	3,483
Total deferred taxes	22,736	9,238	16,673	8,408
Net	13,498		8,265	

The gross values of unused tax loss carry forwards which have not been capitalized expire as follows:

Expiry of unused tax loss carryforwards in CHF 1,000	Within 5 years	After 5 years	Total
2019	0	13,542	13,542
2018	0	17,835	17,835

This results in not capitalized deferred tax assets for unused tax loss carryforwards of CHF 2.6 million (2018: CHF 3.7 million).

Accounts payable, trade (11)

in CHF 1,000	2019	2018
Accounts payable, trade	55,820	59,365
Notes payable	11	228
Total	55,831	59,593

Provisions (12)

in CHF 1,000	Pension and other termination benefits	Management participation plan	Others	Total
Balance at Jan. 1, 2019	4,432	439	3,903	8,774
Additions	1,189	295	383	1,867
Changes in the scope of consolidation	-	-	1,467	1,467
Usage	-695	-234	-640	-1,569
Reversals	-109	-36	-90	-235
Translation differences	-151	-8	-94	-253
Balance at Dec. 31, 2019	4,666	456	4,929	10,051
Thereof short-term	16	-	2,360	2,376

Pension and other termination benefits include liabilities for pension and granted legal benefits based on affiliation to the company.

The provision management participation plan pertains to a long-term orientated program which is offered by Bossard Group to specified middle and top management personnel. The manager annually receives a defined sum which is converted into restricted stock units on Bossard Holding AG registered A shares. This additional compensation is locked up for three years.

Other provisions include CHF 1.5 million (2018: CHF 1.7 million) for assumed obligations for renovations related to the acquisition of KVT-Fastening.

Pension and other termination benefits	Management participation plan	Others	Total
3,582	958	3,882	8,422
1,061	299	434	1,794
21		173	194
-85	-270	-429	-784
-	-533	-96	-629
-147	-15	-61	-223
4,432	439	3,903	8,774
103	-	950	1,053
	other termination benefits 3,582 1,061 21 -85 - 147 4,432	other termination benefits Management participation plan 3,582 958 1,061 299 21 - -85 -270 -147 -15 4,432 439	other termination benefits Management participation plan Others 3,582 958 3,882 1,061 299 434 211 - 173 -85 -270 -429 -147 -15 -61 4,432 439 3,903

Short-term debts (13)

in CHF 1,000	2019	Interest rates in %	2018	Interest rates in %
Bank overdrafts	4,228	0.6-5.0	4,677	0.6-5.0
Bank loans	21,655	0.7-6.7	42,387	0.7-6.3
Personnel savings accounts	25,034	1.0	25,877	1.0
Others	7	2.0	-	-
Total	50,924		72,941	

The personnel savings accounts correspond to savings of employees. The effective weighted average interest rate on all borrowings was 1.2 percent (2018: 1.2 percent).

Long-term debts (14)

		Interest		
in CHF 1,000	2019	rates in %	2018	rates in %
Bank loans	168,106	0.5–1.2	88,529	0.7-1.0
Others	1,339	1.0-12.0	1,292	1.0-12.0
Total	169,445		89,821	

Share capital (15)

Details of share capital 2019/2018	Par value in CHF	Number of shares	Total in CHF 1,000
Registered A shares	5	6,650,000	33,250
Registered B shares	1	6,750,000	6,750
Total			40,000

304,640 registered A shares of CHF 5 par value are held by Bossard Holding AG and have neither voting rights nor dividend entitlement.

The consolidated retained earnings and reserves include non-distributable legal reserves of CHF 16 million (2018: CHF 16 million).

Treasury shares

in CHF	2019	2018
Balance at Jan. 1: 377,433 shares (2018: 385,291 shares)	2,881,522	3,697,091
Additions: 108,074 registered A shares of CHF 5 par value (2018: 19,426 shares)	16,438,392	2,890,770
Usage: 71,838 registered A shares of CHF 5 par value (2018: 0 shares)	9,822,729	-
Disposals: 180,867 registered A shares of CHF 5 par value (2018: 27,284 shares)	-26,571,372	-3,706,339
Balance at Dec. 31: 304,640 shares (2018: 377,433 shares)	2,571,271	2,881,522

The treasury shares can be used especially for management participation plans, acquisitions or other purposes in the interest of the company.

The disposals contain 13,195 shares (2018: 17,767) for the restricted stock unit plan (RSU).

6,478 registered A shares (2018: 7,433) are reserved for the management participation plan (RSU).

Dividend

At the upcoming annual general meeting of shareholders on April 8, 2020 the board of directors of Bossard Holding AG will propose a dividend for the 2019 financial year of CHF 4.00 (2018: CHF 4.50) per registered A share or CHF 0.80 (2018: CHF 0.90) per registered B share.

Segment information (16)

The Bossard Group and all its regional companies are internationally active in the field of industrial fastening technology. There are no separate segments as per Swiss GAAP FER 31. All the regional companies are managed based on a uniform business strategy. The core of Bossard's strategy is a uniform business model with the same customer and product orientation in the world's major industrial regions. Bossard supplies industrial companies at their worldwide production sites with fastening technology products and related services based on uniform quality standards using uniform operational systems and processes. The board of directors and executive committee manage the Bossard Group on the basis of the financial statements of the individual regional companies and the Group's consolidated financial statement. Based on the number of regional companies, the CEO delegates the oversight of the goals and their implementation in daily operations to the remaining members of the executive committee, each of whom is responsible for a different number of companies in the various regions.

	Europe America		Asia		Group			
in CHF million	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Sales	509.2	495.7	218.7	241.4	150.4	137.6	878.3	874.7
Sales deductions	1.5	2.7	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.4	2.1	3.6
Net sales	507.7	493.0	218.4	240.9	150.1	137.2	876.2	871.1

Sales by regions (17)

Personnel expenses (18)

in CHF 1,000	2019	2018
Salaries and variable compensation	142,456	140,219
Social security expenses	21,808	20,287
Pension expenses	10,972	10,352
Other personnel expenses	5,684	5,625
Total	180,920	176,483

The expense recognized for share-based compensation in the results for the period is CHF 1.8 million (2018: CHF 1.1 million).

Awarded restricted stock units (19)

Number of RSUs	2019	2018
Balance at Jan. 1: Number of RSUs outstanding	42,812	53,023
Deliveries	-15,257	-20,739
Allocations	8,348	11,092
Other changes	-809	-564
Balance at Dec. 31: Number of RSUs outstanding	35,094	42,812

Other operating expenses (20)

in CHF 1,000	2019	2018
Occupancy costs	16,214	14,543
Capital taxes, insurance and charges	3,687	3,745
Other operating expenses	11,757	9,814
Total	31,658	28,102

Financial result (21)

in CHF 1,000	2019	2018
Financial income		
Income from interests and securities	612	600
Income from non-consolidated investments	148	145
Exchange gains	4,845	1,700
Total	5,605	2,445
Financial expenses		
Interest expenses	3,895	3,391
Expenses from associated companies	65	
Exchange losses	4,335	3,647
Total	8,295	7,038
Total Financial result	2,690	4,593

Earnings per share (22)

	2019	2018
Net income in CHF 1,000	74,236	83,441
Average number of shares entitled to dividend ¹⁾	7,630,317	7,621,131
Earnings per registered A share in CHF	9.73	10.95
Earnings per registered B share in CHF	1.95	2.19

1) Registered B shares adjusted to the nominal value of the registered A shares

Earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net income attributable to Shareholders of Bossard Holding AG by the weighted average number of shares entitled to dividend during the year. Since no options or convertible bonds are outstanding, no dilution effect results.

Acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries and businesses (23)

Acquisitions 2019

The following table shows the acquired balances at their market value as per acquisition date and the resulting goodwill.

in CHF 1,000	Provisional market value as per acquisition
Cash and cash equivalents	2,539
Accounts receivable, trade	7,797
Inventories	25,304
Other current assets	1,468
Non-current assets	11,265
Accounts payable, trade	-3,351
Other current liabilities	-6,213
Non-current liabilities	-41
Net assets acquired	38,768
Goodwill	43,116
Total	81,884
Less acquired cash and cash equivalents	-2,539
Less purchase price payment in registered A shares	-8,394
Less purchase price not yet paid	-1,365
Cash flow from acquisitions	69,586

In January 2019, assets from Linquan Precision Co. Ltd, China, were acquired as part of an asset deal.

In 2019, the following companies were acquired:

- BRUMA Schraub- und Drehtechnik GmbH, Germany (January 2019)
- Boysen Verwaltungs GmbH, Germany (July 2019)
- Boysen GmbH & Co. KG, Germany (July 2019)
- SACS Boysen Aerospace U.S., Inc., USA (July 2019)

Further acquisitions

In March and April 2019, the investment in bigHead Fasteners Ltd, England, was successively increased from 19.0 percent to 41.9 percent. This investment led to a cash outflow of CHF 0.7 million and a goodwill of CHF 1.6 million.

In April 2019, a share of 30 percent of Ecoparts AG, Switzerland, was acquired. This investment led to a cash outflow of CHF 3.0 million and a goodwill of CHF 2.6 million.

In November 2019, an investment in the newly founded PDi Digital GmbH, Austria, occurred.

Summary acquisitions

All the mentioned investments led to a cash outflow of CHF 73.3 million and a goodwill of CHF 47.3 million.

Acquisitions 2018

The following table shows the acquired balances at their market value as per acquisition date and the resulting goodwill.

in CHF 1,000	Market value as per acquisition
Cash and cash equivalents	66
Accounts receivable, trade	33
Inventories	1,341
Other current assets	4
Non-current assets	1,355
Accounts payable, trade	-19
Other current liabilities	-167
Non-current liabilities	-684
Net assets	1,929
Non-controlling interest	-32
Net assets acquired	1,897
Goodwill	1,384
Total	3,281
Less acquired cash and cash equivalents	-66
Less purchase price not yet paid	-191
Cash flow from acquisitions	3,024

The goodwill comprises CHF 2.1 million goodwill from acquisitions less CHF 0.7 million goodwill from purchase price adjustments.

In March 2018, assets from RGM SAS, France, were acquired as part of an asset deal.

In March 2018, a purchase price adjustment for assets, which were part of an asset deal with Mario Marchi Eredi S.p.A, Italy, in August 2017 resulted in a goodwill adjustment of CHF 0.1 million.

In June 2018, a purchase price adjustment of an acquisition in the USA from the year 2016 resulted in a cash inflow of CHF 0.8 million and a reduction of good-will in the same amount.

In November 2018, 49 percent of 3d-prototyp GmbH, Switzerland, were acquired. According to the terms of the contract, the company is controlled and fully consolidated as of November 2018.

According to the press release of November 14, 2018 the business activities of Linquan Precision Co. Ltd, China, were taken over. The takeover was conducted in the form of an asset deal as of January 1, 2019.

Disposals

In 2019 and 2018, no subsidiaries were disposed.

Derivative financial instruments (24)

Open forward contracts at December 31 were as follows:

in CHF million	2019	2018
Contract value	13.4	24.1
Fair value	0.0	0.1
Balance sheet value	0.0	0.1

The contract value shows the volume of open forward exchange contracts at the balance sheet date.

Goodwill (25)

Goodwill from acquisitions is fully offset against equity at the date of acquisition. The impact of the theoretical capitalization and amortization of goodwill is disclosed below:

in CHF 1,000	2019	2018
Equity incl. non-controlling interest	304,524	309,650
Equity ratio in percent	46.7	51.3
Cost		
Balance at Jan. 1	248,355	246,971
Additions	47,344	1,384
Balance at Dec. 31	295,699	248,355
Amortization over 5 years		
Balance at Jan. 1	227,943	214,810
Amortization	19,408	13,133
Balance at Dec. 31	247,351	227,943
Theoretical net book value goodwill as per Dec. 31	48,348	20,412
Theoretical equity incl. non-controlling interest and net book value goodwill	352,872	330,062
Theoretical equity ratio in percent	neoretical equity ratio in percent 50.3	

Goodwill is theoretically amortized on a straight-line basis usually over five years. Goodwill from new acquisitions is converted once to Swiss francs using the closing rate as at acquisition date. With this procedure no exchange differences result in the movement schedule.

Impact on income statement:

in CHF 1,000 2019		2018
EBIT without theoretical amortization goodwill	95,705	108,821
Theoretical amortization goodwill		-13,133
EBIT incl. theoretical amortization goodwill		95,688

Pension benefit obligations (26)

The Group has various pension plans to which most of its employees contribute. With the exception of companies in Switzerland, the pension institution is responsible for providing coverage for retirement, survivors' and disability benefits. The pension plan institution for the Swiss companies is an independent pension plan in accordance with the Swiss federal law on occupational retirement, survivors' and disability pension plans (BVG). In accordance with Swiss GAAP FER 26, the provisional financial statements of the pension plan institution serve as a basis for calculation.

Economic benefit/economic obligation and pension plan expenses:

	Surplus/ Deficit according to pension plans		onomic share the company	Change or capitalized in financial year	Contributions accrued	•	lan expenses nel expenses
in CHF 1,000	31.12.2019	31.12.2019	31.12.2018	2019	2019	2019	2018
Patronage funds/pension institutions	2,856				293	293	300
Pension institutions without surplus/deficit					5,499	5,499	5,530
Pension institutions with surplus							
Pension institutions with deficit							
Pension institutions abroad					4,100	4,100	3,461
Total	2,856	-	-	-	9,892	9,892	9,291

The surplus in the patronage fund corresponds to the non-committed funds. The patronage fund may, at its own discretion, make contributions to the pension plan institution.

Items comprising the pension plan expenses:

in CHF 1,000	2019	2018
Contributions to pension institutions charged to the company	9,892	9,291
Contributions to pension plans paid out of the employer contribution reserve (ECR)	-	-
Total contributions	9,892	9,291
Changes in ECR from asset development, value adjustments, discounting, interest, etc.	-	-
Contributions and changes in employer contribution reserve	9,892	9,291
Changes in economic benefit of the company from surplus	-	-
Changes in economic obligations of the company from deficit	-	-
Total changes of economic impact through surplus/deficit	-	-
Pension plan expenses in personnel expenses		9,291

Financing is through employer and employee contributions. The contributions are calculated as a percentage of the insured compensation.

Participations by the board of directors and the executive committee (27)

At December 31, the individual members of the board of directors and of the executive committee (including persons closely associated with them) held the following registered A shares of Bossard Holding AG:

		2019	2018
Board of directors			
Dr. Thomas Schmuckli	Chairman, chairman NC ^{1]} , ARCC ^{2]}	14,429	13,981
Anton Lauber	Deputy chairman, NC, CC ^{3]}	6,007	6,783
Dr. René Cotting	Chairman ARCC	1,900	1,500
Martin Kühn	ARCC	450	10
Daniel Lippuner ⁴⁾	ARCC	-	1,888
Prof. Dr. Stefan Michel	Representative of registered A shares, chairman CC, NC	1,058	1,478
Maria Teresa Vacalli	ARCC	3,656	3,208
Patricia Heidtman ⁵⁾	NC, CC	-	-
David Dean 5)	Member	1,200	-
Total		28,700	28,848

1) Nomination committee

2) Audit, risk & compliance committee

3) Compensation committee

4) Resignation from the board of directors in April 2019

5) Election to the board of directors in April 2019

Executive committee

David Dean 21-Stephan ZehnderCFO12,689Beat GrobCEO Central Europe37,041Dr. Frank Hilgers 31CEO Northern & Eastern Europe, CCO2,760Steen HansenCEO America2,485				
Stephan ZehnderCFO12,689Beat GrobCEO Central Europe37,041Dr. Frank Hilgers ³¹ CEO Northern & Eastern Europe, CCO2,760Steen HansenCEO America2,485Robert AngCEO Asia13,133	Dr. Daniel Bossard ¹⁾	CEO	4,703	3,854
Beat GrobCEO Central Europe37,041Dr. Frank Hilgers ³¹ CEO Northern & Eastern Europe, CCO2,760Steen HansenCEO America2,485Robert AngCEO Asia13,133	David Dean 2)		-	1,701
Dr. Frank Hilgers ³⁾ CEO Northern & Eastern Europe, CCO2,760Steen HansenCEO America2,485Robert AngCEO Asia13,133	Stephan Zehnder	CFO	12,689	13,640
Steen HansenCEO America2,485Robert AngCEO Asia13,133	Beat Grob	CEO Central Europe	37,041	34,842
Robert Ang CEO Asia 13,133	Dr. Frank Hilgers ³⁾	CEO Northern & Eastern Europe, CCO	2,760	2,312
	Steen Hansen	CEO America	2,485	2,036
Total 72,811	Robert Ang	CEO Asia	13,133	11,784
	Total		72,811	70,169

1) Takeover as CEO in May 2019, CEO Northern & Eastern Europe until end of April 2019

2) Resignation as CEO in April 2019

3) CCO, takeover as CEO Northern & Eastern Europe in May 2019

At December 31, the individual members of the executive committee held the following numbers of awarded restricted stock units (RSUs):

		2019	2018
Dr. Daniel Bossard 1)	CEO	1,432	1,397
David Dean 2)		-	3,208
Stephan Zehnder	CFO	1,190	1,397
Beat Grob	CEO Central Europe	1,190	1,397
Dr. Frank Hilgers ³⁾	CEO Northern & Eastern Europe, CCO	1,190	1,396
Steen Hansen	CEO America	1,190	1,397
Robert Ang	CEO Asia	1,190	1,397
Total		7,382	11,589

1) Takeover as CEO in May 2019, CEO Northern & Eastern Europe until end of April 2019

Resignation as CEO in April 2019
 CCO, takeover as CEO Northern & Eastern Europe in May 2019

Related party transactions (28)

Kolin Holding AG, Zug, Switzerland, and Bossard Unternehmensstiftung, Zug, Switzerland, form a group of shareholders as defined in article 120seq. of Swiss Federal Act on Financial Market Infrastructures and Market Conduct in Securities and Derivatives Trading (FMIA). They hold 56.3 percent (2018: 56.1 percent) of total voting rights or 27.9 percent (2018: 27.8 percent) of the capital entitled to dividend. Kolin Holding AG is wholly owned by the Bossard families.

The following related party transactions were undertaken:

Balance sheet positions as per year end	Interest			Interest
in CHF million	2019 rates in % 2018			rates in %
Deposits in the personnel savings accounts	9.3	1.0	9.6	1.0

In 2019, transactions took place during the year with Kolin Holding AG, Zug, Bossard Unternehmensstiftung, Zug, Bossard Personalstiftung, Zug, and Bossard Finanzierungsstiftung with an interest expense of CHF 60,419.

Lease and rental obligations (29)

At December 31, future operating lease payments not recorded in the balance sheet amounted to:

Operating lease commitments in CHF 1,000	Due within 1 year	Due within 2 years	Due within 3 years	Due within 4 years	Due after 4 years	Total
2019	1,045	577	231	61	2	1,916
2018	810	344	174	39	1	1,368

At December 31, future rental liabilities for office and warehouse premises amounted to:

Long-term rental liabilities in CHF 1,000	Due within 1 year	Due within 2 years	Due within 3 years	Due within 4 years	Due after 4 years	Total
2019	7,597	6,115	5,133	4,778	19,744	43,367
2018	7,536	6,049	5,303	4,381	17,764	41,033

Assets pledged or otherwise restricted (30)

in CHF 1,000	2019	2018
Inventories	-	3,912
Property, plant and equipment	10,001	13,265
Total	10,001	17,177

The pledged or restricted assets are used as collateral for outstanding bank and mortgage loans, which are not encumbered with any special conditions. After the repayment of the credits, the assets are again freely available.

Contingent Liabilities (31)

As per December 31, 2019 investment commitments of CHF 9.0 million existed for the warehouse extension at Bossard France. As per December 31, 2018 no contingent liabilities existed.

Events occurring after balance sheet date (32)

Between December 31, 2019 and the approval of the consolidated financial statements by the board of directors, no major events occurred which would require additional disclosures or changes in the consolidated financial statements 2019.

Exchange rates (33)

	31.12.2019 Year-end exchange rate	01.01.2019– 31.12.2019 Average exchange rate	31.12.2018 Year-end exchange rate	01.01.2018– 31.12.2018 Average exchange rate
1 EUR	1.09	1.11	1.13	1.15
1 USD	0.97	0.99	0.99	0.98
1 GBP	1.28	1.27	1.26	1.31
1 AUD	0.68	0.69	0.69	0.73
1 RON	0.23	0.23	0.24	0.25
1 CAD	0.75	0.75	0.72	0.75
1 NOK	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.12
1 ZAR	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
100 DKK	14.55	14.90	15.10	15.50
100 SEK	10.35	10.52	11.12	11.26
100 CZK	4.28	4.33	4.38	4.50
100 HUF	0.33	0.34	0.35	0.36
100 PLN	25.55	25.89	26.23	27.12
100 RSD	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.98
100 SGD	71.96	72.86	72.31	72.51
100 TWD	3.24	3.22	3.23	3.25
100 RMB	13.92	14.39	14.35	14.81
100 MYR	23.63	24.00	23.87	24.25
100 THB	3.25	3.20	3.04	3.03
100 INR	1.36	1.41	1.41	1.43
100 KRW	0.08	0.09	0.09	0.09
100 MXN	5.13	5.16	5.00	5.09

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List of group companies (34)

Companies and b	pranches	Headquarters	Currency	Capital in 1,000	Share- holding
Holding and	finance companies				
Switzerland	Bossard Holding AG	Zug	CHF	40,000	100
	Bossard Finance AG	Zug	CHF	100	100
Germany	Bossard-KVT Beteiligungs GmbH	Illerrieden	EUR	25	100
	KVT-Fastening Beteiligungs GmbH	Illerrieden	EUR	25	100
	Boysen Verwaltungs GmbH	Munich	EUR	25	100
England	bigHead Fasteners Ltd	Verwood	GBP	1,847	42
USA	Bossard U.S. Holdings, Inc.	Phoenix, AZ	USD	40,000	100
	Arnold Management Delaware, LLC	Canton, MA	USD	-	100
Europe					
Switzerland	Bossard AG	Zug	CHF	12,000	100
	KVT-Fastening, Branch of Bossard AG	Dietikon	CHF	-	100
	Interfast AG	Zug	CHF	50	100
	Effilio AG	Zug	CHF	100	100
	3d-prototyp GmbH	Stans	CHF	20	49
Germany	KVT-Fastening GmbH	 Illerrieden	EUR	100	100
	Bossard Deutschland GmbH	Illerrieden	EUR	25	100
	BRUMA Schraub- und Drehtechnik GmbH	Velbert	EUR	110	100
	Boysen GmbH & Co. KG	Munich	EUR	1,050	100
Italy	Bossard Italia S.r.l.	Legnano	EUR	100	100
Austria	Bossard Austria Ges.m.b.H.	Schwechat	EUR	1,017	100
	KVT-Fastening GmbH	Linz	EUR	509	100
Denmark	Bossard Denmark A/S	Hvidovre	DKK	9,000	100
Sweden	Bossard Sweden AB	Malmö	SEK	400	100
France	Bossard France SAS	Souffelweyersheim	EUR	17,600	100
Spain	Bossard Spain SA	Sant Cugat del Vallès	EUR	745	100
Poland	Bossard Poland Sp.Z o.o.		PLN	1,300	100
	KVT-Fastening Sp.Z o.o.	Radom	PLN	100	100
Romania	KVT-Fastening S.R.L.	Bucharest	RON	0.2	100
Serbia	KVT-Fastening d.o.o. Serbia	Belgrade	RSD	1,000	100
Slovakia	KVT-Fastening spol. s.r.o.	Bratislava	EUR	5	100
Slovenia	KVT-Fastening d.o.o.	 Ljubljana	EUR	8.2	100
Czech Rep.	Bossard CZ s.r.o.	Brno	CZK	1,000	100
·	KVT-Fastening s.r.o.	Brno	CZK	200	100
Hungary	KVT-Fastening Kft.	Budapest	HUF	3,000	100
South Africa		Kempton Park	ZAR	-	100
England	bigHead Bonding Fasteners Ltd	Verwood	GBP	1.8	42
Ireland	Arnold Industries Cork DAC	Cork	EUR	0.2	95
Norway	Torp Tekniske AS	Oslo	NOK	200	60

Continued on page 110

America					
USA	Bossard, Inc.	Cedar Falls, IA	USD	2,255	100
	Bossard Aerospace, Inc.	Phoenix, AZ	USD	4.9	100
	Bossard, LLC	Canton, MA	USD	-	100
	Boysen Aerospace U.S., Inc.	Irving, TX	USD	25	100
Canada	Bossard Canada, Inc.	Montreal	CAD	-	100
Mexico	Bossard de México, S.A. de C.V.	Monterrey	USD	755	100
-	Aero-Space Southwest Mexico S. de R.L. de C.V.	Guadalajara	MXN	10	100
Asia/Oceania	L				
Singapore	Bossard Pte. Ltd	Singapore	SGD	15,600	100
India	LPS Bossard Pvt. Ltd	Rohtak	INR	48,000	51
China	Bossard Industrial Fasteners	Shanghai	RMB	25,676	100
	Int. Trading (Shanghai) Co. Ltd Bossard Fastening Solutions (Shanghai) Co. Ltd		RMB	76.829	100
	Bossard Fastening Solutions (Shanghai) Co. Ltd			68,102	100
	Bossard (M) Sdn. Bhd.	Penang	MYR	8,500	100
Thailand	Bossard (Thailand) Ltd	Bangkok	THB	45,000	100
Taiwan	Bossard Ltd Taiwan Branch	Taichung	TWD	-	100
South Korea	Bossard (Korea) Ltd	Cheonan	KRW	3,500,000	100
Australia	Bossard Australia Pty. Ltd	Melbourne	AUD	500	100
Associated co	ompanies				
Switzerland	Ecoparts AG	Hinwil	CHF	270	30
Austria	PDi Digital GmbH	Fernitz-Mellach	EUR	35	30

As per December 31, 2019

REPORT OF THE STATUTORY AUDITOR on the consolidated financial statements



Report of the statutory auditor to the General Meeting of Bossard Holding AG Zug

Report on the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Bossard Holding AG and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at December 31, 2019 and the consolidated income statement, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements (pages 82 to 110) give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2019 and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Swiss GAAP FER and comply with Swiss law.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Swiss law and Swiss Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those provisions and standards are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements" section of our report.

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the provisions of Swiss law and the requirements of the Swiss audit profession and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Our audit approach



Overall Group materiality: CHF 4,650,000

We concluded full scope audit work at nine Group companies in six countries. Our audit scope addressed 71% of the sales and 85% of the assets of the Group.

Additionally, we concluded reviews at a further four Group companies in three countries, which addressed an additional 7% of the sales and 5% of the assets of the Group.

As key audit matter the following area of focus has been identified: Valuation of inventories

Materiality

The scope of our audit was influenced by our application of materiality. Our audit opinion aims to provide reasonable assurance that the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement. Misstatements may arise due to fraud or error. They are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the consolidated financial statements.

Based on our professional judgement, we determined certain quantitative thresholds for materiality, including the overall Group materiality for the consolidated financial statements as a whole as set out in the table below. These, together with qualitative considerations, helped us to determine the scope of our audit and the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures and to evaluate the effect of misstatements, both individually and in aggregate, on the consolidated financial statements as a whole.

Overall Group materiality	CHF 4,650,000
How we determined it	5% of profit before tax
Rationale for the materiality benchmark applied	We chose profit before tax as the benchmark because, in our view, it is the benchmark against which the performance of the Group is most common- ly measured, and it is a generally accepted benchmark for materiality con- siderations.

We agreed with the Audit, Risk & Compliance Committee that we would report to them misstatements above CHF 465,000 identified during our audit as well as any misstatements below that amount which, in our view, warranted reporting for qualitative reasons.

Audit scope

We tailored the scope of our audit in order to perform sufficient work to enable us to provide an opinion on the consolidated financial statements as a whole, considering the structure of the Group, the accounting processes and controls, and the industry in which the Group operates.

The audit strategy for the audit of the consolidated financial statements was determined considering the work performed by the Group auditor and the component auditors in the PwC network. All significant subsidiaries of the Group were audited by PwC. Where audits were performed by component auditors, we ensured that, as Group auditor, we were sufficiently involved in the audit in order to assess whether sufficient appropriate audit evidence was obtained from the work of the component auditors to provide a basis for our opinion. The involvement of the Group auditor included telephone conferences with the component auditors, an investigation of the risk analysis and participating in the audit discussions of group companies subject to full scope audits, at which the local management, the local auditor and Group representatives took part.

Report on key audit matters based on the circular 1/2015 of the Federal Audit Oversight Authority

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Valuation of inventories

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Inventories amount to CHF 277.1 million (after deduction of a value adjustment of CHF 41.2 million) as of December 31, 2019 and are thus the largest asset catego- ry, representing around 42 % of total assets.	 We performed the following audit procedures to assess the appropriateness of the valuation of the inventories: We checked on a sample basis the acquisition costs used for valuation purposes against the latest pur- chase prices. Additionally, by reference to sales prices achieved in the vacy we checked an a sample basis
Inventories are stated at the lower of acquisition cost and net realisable value (lower of cost or market principle).	achieved in the year, we checked on a sample basis compliance with the lower of cost or market princi- ple.
We consider the valuation of inventories as a key audit matter due to the amount they represent on the balance sheet and the significant scope for judgement involved in determining the write-downs required on obsolescent or slow-moving products. Please refer to page 88 (2.3 Accounting and valuation principles) and page 94 (6 Inventories) in the annual	 We noted that the method for determining write- downs of inventories was applied consistently. For obsolescent or slow-moving inventories, we dis- cussed with Management the assumptions applied in calculating the required write-downs and assessed these assumptions. In doing so, we paid particular at- tention to changes in write-downs for each category of product or of write-downs compared with the prior
report.	 year. We also took into account the experience of significant unforeseen product write-downs or write-offs in previous years. We tested on a sample basis the computational accuracy and completeness of the calculation of the write-downs. We discussed with Management and the Audit, Risk & Compliance Committee the results of our work and any movements in the write-downs.
	any novements in the write downs.

On the basis of the audit procedures performed, we have addressed the risk of an incorrect valuation of the inventories. We have no findings to report.

Responsibilities of the Board of Directors for the consolidated financial statements

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Swiss GAAP FER and the provisions of Swiss law, and for such internal control as the Board of Directors determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Swiss law and Swiss Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements is located at the website of EXPERTsuisse: http://expertsuisse.ch/en/audit-report-for-public-companies. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

In accordance with article 728a paragraph 1 item 3 CO and Swiss Auditing Standard 890, we confirm that an internal control system exists which has been designed for the preparation of consolidated financial statements according to the instructions of the Board of Directors.

We recommend that the consolidated financial statements submitted to you be approved.

PricewaterhouseCoopers AG

Iningu

Bruno Häfliger Audit expert Auditor in charge

Remo Waldispühl Audit expert

Zurich, February 28, 2020

BOSSARD HOLDING AG Balance sheet

in CHF Notes	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	2,206,125	2,031,398
Other receivables 1	1,544,740	1,648,976
Prepaid expenses	63,289	74,745
	3,814,154	3,755,119
Non-current assets		
Financial assets 2	21,992,150	12,482,064
Investments 3	118,023,215	118,023,215
	140,015,365	130,505,279
Total assets	143,829,519	134,260,398
in CHF Notes	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
Liabilities and shareholders' equity	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
Current liabilities		
Other current liabilities to third parties	6.476	9,879
Accrued expenses	1,279,494	1,058,342
	1,285,970	1,058,342
Total liabilities	1,285,970	1,068,221
		<u> </u>
Shareholders' equity		(0.000.000
Share capital	40,000,000	40,000,000
Legal reserve	12.010.20/	(000 010
Reserves from capital contributions	13,819,386	4,093,912
Other legal reserves	2,049,686	2,049,686
Statutory retained earnings	16,000,000	1/ 000 000
General statutory retained earnings		16,000,000
Other reserves	34,111,700	34,111,700
Retained earnings	E E 20 / 00	E 001 / 11
Profit brought forward	5,520,688	5,091,611
Profit for the current year	33,613,360	34,726,790
Treasury shares 4	-2,571,271	-2,881,522
Total shareholders' equity	142,543,549	133,192,177
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	143,829,519	134,260,398

BOSSARD HOLDING AG

Income statement

in CHF	2019	2018
Income		
Dividend income	35,000,000	35,000,000
Other operating income	300,000	300,000
Expenses		
Personnel expenses	1,529,263	1,434,756
Other operating expenses	605,956	391,612
Other financial income	653,990	1,359,567
Financial expenses	31,305	14,439
Income before taxes	33,787,466	34,818,760
Taxes	174,106	91,970
Net income	33,613,360	34,726,790

BOSSARD HOLDING AG Notes to the financial statements

Accounting principles applied in the preparation of the financial statements

General

The financial statements of Bossard Holding AG, Zug, were prepared in accordance with the Swiss Code of Obligations and under the financial reporting law (Title 32 of the Swiss Code of Obligations).

Financial assets

Financial assets include non-current loans. Loans in foreign currency are translated into Swiss francs at year-end rate. Unrealized translation losses are recognized in the income statement, whereas unrealized translation gains remain unrecognized (Principle of imparity).

Investments

Investments are measured at cost at the time of recognition. Investments are valued individually if they are material and are not usually grouped together because of their similarity for the valuation.

Treasury shares

Treasury shares are measured at cost at the time of recognition and are disclosed as a negative item in the shareholders' equity. Gains and losses arising from disposal of treasury shares are recognized in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Foreign currencies

	31.12.2019 Year-end exchange rate	31.12.2018 Year-end exchange rate
Monetary and non-monetary items in foreign currency are translated into Swiss francs at the following exchange rates:		
EUR	1.09	1.13

Information and explanations relating to items in the balance sheet and in the income statement

in CHF	2019	2018
1. Other receivables		
To subsidiaries	1,544,740	1,648,976
Total	1,544,740	1,648,976

2. Financial assets	2019	2018
To subsidiaries	21,992,150	12,482,064
Total	21,992,150	12,482,064

Name, legal form, registered office	Capital	Votes	Capital	Vote
Direct investments				1010
Bossard Finance AG, Zug	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
Indirect investments		100 //	100 /0	100 /
Bossard-KVT Beteiligungs GmbH, Illerrieden	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
KVT-Fastening Beteiligungs GmbH, Illerrieden	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
Bossard AG, Zug	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
Interfast AG, Zug	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
KKV AG, Zug	35 %	35 %	35 %	35 %
Effilio AG, Zug	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
3d-prototyp GmbH, Stans	49 %	49%	49%	49%
KVT-Fastening GmbH, Illerrieden	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
Bossard Deutschland GmbH, Illerrieden	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
Bossard Italia S.r.l., Legnano	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
Forind Fasteners S.r.l., Cassina de' Pecchi				
(merger with Bossard Italia S.r.l.)	-	-	100 %	100%
Bossard Austria Ges.m.b.H., Schwechat	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
KVT-Fastening GmbH, Linz	100 %	100 %	100 %	100%
Bossard Denmark A/S, Hvidovre	100 %	100 %	100 %	100%
Bossard Sweden AB, Malmö	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
Torp Tekniske AS, Oslo	60 %	60 %	60 %	60 %
Bossard France SAS, Souffelweyersheim	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
SertiTec SAS, Souffelweyersheim				
(merger with Bossard France SAS)			100 %	100 %
Bossard Spain SA, Sant Cugat del Vallès	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 9
Bossard Poland Sp.Z o.o., Radom	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 9
KVT-Fastening Sp.Z o.o., Radom	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
KVT-Fastening S.R.L., Bucharest	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 9
KVT-Fastening spol. s.r.o., Bratislava	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
KVT-Fastening d.o.o., Ljubljana	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
KVT-Fastening d.o.o. Serbia, Belgrade	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 9
Bossard CZ s.r.o., Brno	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 9
KVT-Fastening s.r.o., Brno	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
KVT-Fastening Kft., Budapest	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
Bossard South Africa (Pty) Ltd, Kempton Park	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
bigHead Fasteners Ltd, Verwood	42 %	42 %	19%	19
bigHead Bonding Fasteners Ltd, Verwood	42 %	42 %	19 %	19 9
Arnold Industries Cork DAC, Cork	95 %	95 %	95 %	95 9
Bossard U.S. Holdings, Inc., Phoenix	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 9
Arnold Management Delaware, LLC, Canton	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
Bossard, Inc., Cedar Falls	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
Bossard Aerospace, Inc., Phoenix	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
Bossard, LLC, Canton	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
Bossard Canada, Inc., Montreal	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
Bossard de México, S.A. de C.V., Monterrey	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
Aero-Space Southwest Mexico S. de R.L. de C.V.,				

Continued on page 119

	20	2019		2018	
Name, legal form, registered office	Capital	Votes	Capital	Votes	
Bossard Pte. Ltd, Singapore	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	
LPS Bossard Pvt. Ltd, Rohtak	51%	51%	51%	51%	
LPS Bossard Information System Pvt., Rohtak	51%	51%	51%	51%	
Bossard Industrial Fasteners Int. Trading (Shanghai) Co. Ltd, Shanghai	100 %	100 %	100 %	100%	
Bossard Fastening Solutions (Shanghai) Co. Ltd, Shanghai	100 %	100 %	100 %	100%	
Bossard Fastening Solutions (Tianjin) Co. Ltd, Tianjin	100 %	100 %	-	-	
Bossard (M) Sdn. Bhd., Penang	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	
Bossard (Thailand) Ltd, Bangkok	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	
Bossard (Korea) Ltd, Cheonan	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	
Bossard Australia Pty. Ltd, Melbourne	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	
Ecoparts AG, Hinwil	30 %	30 %	-	-	
PDi Digital GmbH, Fernitz-Mellach	30 %	30 %	-	-	
Boysen Verwaltungs GmbH, Munich	100 %	100 %	-	-	
Boysen GmbH & Co. KG, Munich	100 %	100 %	-	-	
Boysen Aerospace U.S., Inc., Irving	100 %	100 %		-	
BRUMA Schraub- und Drehtechnik GmbH, Velbert	100 %	100 %	-	-	

4. Treasury shares, incl. shares held by subsidiaries	2019		2018	
	Number	Value	Number	Value
Balance at January 1	377,433	2,881,522	385,291	3,697,091
Additions	108,074	16,438,392	19,426	2,890,770
Use of treasury stock	-	9,822,729	-	-
Disposals	-180,867	-26,571,372	-27,284	-3,706,339
Balance at December 31	304,640	2,571,271	377,433	2,881,522

Group companies do not hold any registered A shares. In 2019, 75,511 registered A shares (2018: 20,466 registered A shares) were used for the share option programs and acquisitions, thereof 71,838 treasury stocks (2018: 0).

5. Collateral to third parties	2019	2018
Guarantees	322,295,313	235,124,634
Thereof used	202,866,834	136,348,474

The Bossard Group concentrates its main credit facilities in Bossard Holding AG. Bossard subsidiaries can draw on the credit lines, for which right Bossard Holding AG has undertaken guarantee obligations.

6. Shares and options on shares held by management and related parties

The disclosure of shareholdings of the board of directors and the executive committee as per Swiss Code of Obligation article 959c, section 2, paragraph 11 and article 663c can be found in the notes to the consolidated financial statements (note 27 page 106).

7. Significant shareholders

Kolin Holding AG, Zug, and Bossard Unternehmensstiftung, Zug, form a shareholder group in accordance with article 120seq. of Swiss Federal Act on Financial Market Infrastructures and Market Conduct in Securities and Derivatives Trading (FMIA). They hold 56.3 percent (2018: 56.1 percent) of the voting rights. Kolin Holding AG is wholly owned by the Bossard families.

Other information required by law

8. Full-time equivalents/Personnel expenses

Bossard Holding AG has no employees. The personnel expenses include the compensation of the board of directors.

BOSSARD HOLDING AG Appropriation of available earnings

Statement of changes in retained earnings

in CHF	2019	2018
Retained earnings at the beginning of the year	39,818,401	37,098,748
Net income	33,613,360	34,726,790
Appropriation of available profit determined by the annual general meeting of shareholders		
Dividends for 2018 and 2017 respectively	-34,297,713	-32,007,137
Retained earnings at the end of the year	39,134,048	39,818,401

Statement of changes in capital contribution reserve

in CHF	2019	2018
Capital contribution reserve at the beginning of the year	4,093,912	4,093,912
Deposits on the use of treasury shares	9,725,474	
Capital contribution reserve at the end of the year ¹⁾	13,819,386	4,093,912

1) Subject to adjustments by the Swiss tax authorities

The board of directors proposes to the annual general meeting of shareholders the following appropriation of available retained earnings

in CHF	2019
Available retained earnings before distribution	39,134,048
Dividend of 80 percent on the share capital of	
max. CHF 38,476,800 eligible for dividends ²¹	-30,781,440
To be carried forward	8,352,608

 The figure is based on the issued share capital as of December 31, 2019 eligible for dividends. It may change due to movements on treasury shares after the balance sheet date.

REPORT OF THE STATUTORY AUDITOR on the financial statements of

Bossard Holding AG



Report of the statutory auditor to the General Meeting of Bossard Holding AG Zug

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Bossard Holding AG, which comprise the balance sheet as at December 31, 2019, income statement and notes for the year then ended, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements (pages 115 to 120) as at December 31, 2019 comply with Swiss law and the company's articles of incorporation.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Swiss law and Swiss Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those provisions and standards are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We are independent of the entity in accordance with the provisions of Swiss law and the requirements of the Swiss audit profession and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Our audit approach

Materiality

The scope of our audit was influenced by our application of materiality. Our audit opinion aims to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement. Misstatements may arise due to fraud or error. They are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

Based on our professional judgement, we determined certain quantitative thresholds for materiality, including the overall materiality for the financial statements as a whole as set out in the table below. These, together with qualitative considerations, helped us to determine the scope of our audit and the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures and to evaluate the effect of misstatements, both individually and in aggregate, on the financial statements as a whole.

Overall materiality	CHF 1,425,000
How we determined it	1% of shareholder's equity
Rationale for the materiality benchmark applied	We chose shareholders' equity as the benchmark because it is a relevant and generally accepted benchmark for materiality considerations relating to a holding company.

We agreed with the Audit, Risk & Compliance Committee that we would report to them misstatements above CHF 142'000 identified during our audit as well as any misstatements below that amount which, in our view, warranted reporting for qualitative reasons.

Audit scope

We designed our audit by determining materiality and assessing the risks of material misstatement in the financial statements. In particular, we considered where subjective judgements were made; for example, in respect of significant accounting estimates that involved making assumptions and considering future events that are inherently uncertain. As in all of our audits, we also addressed the risk of management override of internal controls, including among other matters consideration of whether there was evidence of bias that represented a risk of material misstatement due to fraud.

We tailored the scope of our audit in order to perform sufficient work to enable us to provide an opinion on the financial statements as a whole, taking into account the structure of the entity, the accounting processes and controls, and the industry in which the entity operates.

Report on key audit matters based on the circular 1/2015 of the Federal Audit Oversight Authority We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Responsibilities of the Board of Directors for the financial statements

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the provisions of Swiss law and the company's articles of incorporation, and for such internal control as the Board of Directors determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Swiss law and Swiss Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at the website of EXPERT-suisse: http://expertsuisse.ch/en/audit-report-for-public-companies. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

In accordance with article 728a paragraph 1 item 3 CO and Swiss Auditing Standard 890, we confirm that an internal control system exists which has been designed for the preparation of financial statements according to the instructions of the Board of Directors.

We further confirm that the proposed appropriation of available earnings complies with Swiss law and the company's articles of incorporation. We recommend that the financial statements submitted to you be approved.

PricewaterhouseCoopers AG

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Bruno Häfliger Audit expert Auditor in charge

Zurich, February 28, 2020

1. Havispul

Remo Waldispühl Audit expert

INVESTOR INFORMATION

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Share capital					
Registered A shares at CHF 5 par					
Capital stock in CHF 1,000	33,250	33,250	33,250	33,250	33,250
Number of shares issued	6,650,000	6,650,000	6,650,000	6,650,000	6,650,000
Number of shares entitled to dividend	6,345,360	6,272,567	6,264,709	6,240,207	6,218,497
Registered B shares at CHF 1 par					
Capital stock in CHF 1,000	6,750	6,750	6,750	6,750	6,750
Number of shares issued	6,750,000	6,750,000	6,750,000	6,750,000	6,750,000
Number of shares entitled to dividend	6,750,000	6,750,000	6,750,000	6,750,000	6,750,000
Registered A shares equivalents, entitled to dividend at Dec. 31	7,695,360	7,622,567	7,614,709	7,590,207	7,568,497
Market price					
Ticker symbol (BOSN)					
Volume traded (daily average)	19,036	17,113	14,887	8,991	8,011
Closing price at Dec. 31	174.7	139.8	230.0	143.4	109.2
Registered A share high in CHF	180.8	252.0	242.3	144.0	118.4
Registered A share low in CHF	123.9	132.1	142.0	90.4	88.8
Dividend per share					
Registered A share in CHF	4.00 ¹⁾	4.50	4.20	3.30	3.00
Registered B share in CHF	0.80 1)	0.90	0.84	0.66	0.60
in % of share capital	80.0	90.0	84.0	66.0	60.0
Dividend yield in % (Basis: price at Dec. 31)	2.3	3.2	1.8	2.3	2.7
Earnings per share ^{2) 5)}					
Registered A share in CHF	9.73	10.95	10.33	8.04	7.01
Registered B share in CHF	1.95	2.19	2.07	1.61	1.40
Cash flow per share ^{2) 4)}					
Registered A share in CHF	12.30	13.32	12.52	9.90	8.74
Registered B share in CHF	2.46	2.66	2.5	1.98	1.75
Price/Earnings ratio (Basis: price at Dec. 31)	18.0	12.8	22.3	17.8	15.6
Net worth per share ³⁾					
Registered A share in CHF	39.6	40.6	34.7	27.4	24.6
Registered B share in CHF	7.9	8.1	6.9	5.5	4.9
Market capitalization (Basis: price at Dec. 31)					
in CHF million ³⁾	1,344.4	1,065.6	1,751.4	1,088.4	826.5

in CHF million	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Economic value added analysis					
Net sales	876.2	871.1	786.2	695.0	656.3
Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT)	95.7	108.8	97.0	78.5	70.3
Effective tax rate in %	18.3	18.1	19.2	17.5	19.7
Net operating profit after tax (NOPAT)	78.2	89.2	78.4	64.7	56.5
Equity	304.5	309.7	264.0	207.6	186.2
Gross financial debt	220.4	162.8	144.6	181.3	177.7
Less cash and cash equivalents	32.7	32.6	20.6	22.5	29.9
Capital employed (year-end)	492.2	439.9	388.0	366.4	334.0
Average annual capital employed (A)	466.1	414.0	377.2	350.2	321.3
Return on average					
capital employed in % (ROCE)	16.8	21.5	20.8	18.5	17.6
Cost of financial debt in %					
Average cost of financial debt	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.6
Less effective tax	18.3	18.1	19.2	17.5	19.7
Cost of financial debt after tax	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3
Cost of equity in %					
Risk free rate (Basis: yearly average of yield					
Swiss government bond)	-0.5	0.0	-0.1	-0.4	-0.1
Risk premium	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5
Cost of equity	5.0	5.5	5.4	5.1	5.4
Equity ratio	46.7	51.3	48.9	41.9	40.2
Weighted average cost of capital in % (WACC)	2.9	3.3	3.2	2.9	3.0
Economic profit in % (ROCE – WACC) (B)	13.9	18.2	17.6	15.6	14.6
Economic profit in CHF million (A) * (B)	65.0	75.3	66.3	54.7	47.1

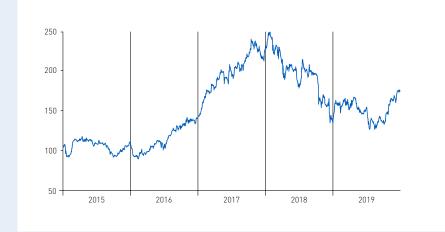
Proposal to annual general meeting of shareholders
 Basis: Average number of outstanding shares entitled to dividend
 Basis: Number of outstanding shares entitled to dividend at year end
 Net income + depreciation and amortization
 Share attributable to shareholders of Bossard Holding AG

The articles of association do not include any provisions for opting-out or opting-up.

in CHF million	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Economic book value (EBV)					
Market value added (economic profit/WACC)	2,271.8	2,271.9	2,049.6	1,905.6	1,593.7
Capital employed	492.2	439.9	388.0	366.4	334.0
Implied enterprise value	2,764.0	2,711.8	2,437.6	2,272.0	1,927.7
Less gross financial debt	220.4	162.8	144.6	181.3	177.7
Plus cash and cash equivalents	32.7	32.6	20.6	22.5	29.9
Economic book value at Dec. 31	2,576.3	2,581.6	2,313.6	2,113.2	1,779.9
Market valuation and key ratios Share price at Dec. 31 in CHF	174.7	139.8	230.0	143.4	109.2
Market capitalization	1,344.4	1,065.6	1,751.4	1,088.4	826.5
Net financial debt	187.7	130.2	124.0	158.8	147.8
Enterprise value (EV)	1,532.1	1,195.8	1,875.4	1,247.2	974.3
EV in % of net sales	174.9	137.3	238.5	179.4	148.5
EV/EBITDA	13.5	9.6	16.7	13.7	11.9
EV/EBIT	16.0	11.0	19.3	15.9	13.9
EV/NOPAT	19.6	13.4	23.9	19.3	17.2
Price/book value per share	4.4	3.4	6.6	5.2	4.4
Return on equity in %	24.7	29.8	34.0	31.7	27.5

EBIT	Earnings Before Interest and Taxes
NOPAT	Net Operating Profit After Taxes
ROCE	Return On Capital Employed
WACC	Weighted Average Cost of Capital
EV	Enterprise Value
EVA	Economic Value Added
EBITDA	Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization

Share price development 2015–2019 Valor: 23862714, ISIN CH0238627142/BOSN



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AGENDA

Meeting for financial analysts & media conference, publication of Annual Report 2019 March 4, 2020

Annual general meeting April 8, 2020

Publication of sales results, 1st quarter 2020 April 8, 2020

Publication of first results, 1st half of 2020 July 15, 2020

Publication of Semi-Annual Report 2020 August 25, 2020

Publication of sales results, 3rd quarter 2020 October 14, 2020

Publication of sales results 2020 January 14, 2021

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This Annual Report 2019 is also available in German. The German Annual Report 2019 is binding. Dieser Jahresbericht 2019 ist auch in deutscher Sprache erhältlich. Der deutsche Jahresbericht 2019 ist massgebend.





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